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Search for Gravitational Waves Associated with Gamma-Ray Bursts Detected by Fermi and Swift During the LIGO-Virgo Run O3b
R. Abbott, ${ }^{1}$ T. D. Abbott, ${ }^{2}$ F. Acernese,,${ }^{3,4}$ K. Ackley, ${ }^{5}$ C. Adams, ${ }^{6}$ N. Adhikari, ${ }^{7}$ R. X. Adhikari, ${ }^{1}$ V. B. Adya, ${ }^{8}$ C. Affeldt,,${ }^{9,10}$ D. Agarwal, ${ }^{11}$ M. Agathos, ${ }^{12,13}$ K. Agatsuma,,${ }^{14}$ N. Aggarwal, ${ }^{15}$ O. D. Aguiar, ${ }^{16}$ L. Aiello, ${ }^{17}$ A. Ain, ${ }^{18}$ P. Ajith, ${ }^{19}$ T. Akutsu, ${ }^{20,21}$ S. Albanesi, ${ }^{22}$ A. Allocca, ${ }^{23,4}$ P. A. Altin, ${ }^{8}$ A. Amato, ${ }^{24}$ C. Anand, ${ }^{5}$ S. Anand, ${ }^{1}$ A. Ananyeva, ${ }^{1}$ S. B. Anderson, ${ }^{1}$ W. G. Anderson, ${ }^{7}$ M. Ando, $,{ }^{25},{ }^{26}$ T. Andrade, ${ }^{27}$ N. Andres, ${ }^{28}$ T. Andrić, ${ }^{29}$ S. V. Angelova, ${ }^{30}$ S. Ansoldi, ${ }^{31,32}$ J. M. Antelis, ${ }^{33}$ S. Antier, ${ }^{34}$ S. Appert, ${ }^{1}$ Koji Arai, ${ }^{1}$ Koya Arai, ${ }^{35}$ Y. Arai, ${ }^{35}$ S. Araki, ${ }^{36}$ A. Araya, ${ }^{37}$ M. C. Araya, ${ }^{1}$ J. S. Areeda, ${ }^{38}$ M. Arène, ${ }^{34}$ N. Aritomi,,${ }^{25}$ N. Arnaud,,${ }^{39,40}$ S. M. Aronson, ${ }^{2}$ K. G. Arun, ${ }^{41}$ H. Asada,,$^{42}$ Y. Asali, ${ }^{43}$ G. Ashton, ${ }^{5}$ Y. Aso,,${ }^{44,45}$ M. Assiduo, ${ }^{46,47}$ S. M. Aston, ${ }^{6}$ P. Astone, ${ }^{48}$ F. Aubin, ${ }^{28}$ C. Austin, ${ }^{2}$ S. Babak ${ }^{34}$ F. Badaracco, ${ }^{49}$ M. K. M. Bader, ${ }^{50}$ C. Badger, ${ }^{51}$ S. Bae, ${ }^{52}$ Y. Bae, ${ }^{53}$ A. M. Baer, ${ }^{54}$ S. Bagnasco, ${ }^{22}$ Y. Bai, ${ }^{1}$ L. Baiotti, ${ }^{55}$ J. Baird, ${ }^{34}$ R. Bajpai, ${ }^{56}$ M. Ball ${ }^{57}$ G. Ballardin, ${ }^{40}$ S. W. Ballmer, ${ }^{58}$ A. Balsamo, ${ }^{54}$ G. Baltus, ${ }^{59}$ S. Banagiri, ${ }^{60}$ D. Bankar,,${ }^{11}$ J. C. Barayoga, ${ }^{1}$ C. Barbieri, ${ }^{61,62,63}$ B. C. Barish, ${ }^{1}$ D. Barker,,${ }^{64}$ P. Barneo,,${ }^{27}$ F. Barone,,${ }^{65,4}$ B. Barr,,${ }^{66}$ L. Barsotti, ${ }^{67}$ M. Barsuglia,,${ }^{34}$ D. Barta, ${ }^{68}$ J. Bartlett, ${ }^{64}$ M. A. Barton, ${ }^{66,20}$ I. Bartos, ${ }^{69}$ R. Bassiri, ${ }^{70}$ A. Basti, ${ }^{71,18}$ M. Bawaj, ${ }^{72,73}$ J. C. Bayley, ${ }^{66}$ A. C. Baylor, ${ }^{7}$ M. Bazzan, ${ }^{74,75}$ B. Bécsy, ${ }^{76}$ V. M. Bedakihale, ${ }^{77}$ M. Bejger, ${ }^{78}$ I. Belahcene, ${ }^{39}$ V. Benedetto, ${ }^{79}$ D. Beniwal, ${ }^{80}$ T. F. Bennett, ${ }^{81}$ J. D. Bentley, ${ }^{14}$ M. BenYaala, ${ }^{30}$ F. Bergamin, ${ }^{9,10}$ B. K. Berger, ${ }^{70}$ S. Bernuzzi, ${ }^{13}$ C. P. L. Berry, ${ }^{15,66}$ D. Bersanetti, ${ }^{82}$ A. Bertolini, ${ }^{50}$ J. Betzwieser, ${ }^{6}$ D. Beveridge, ${ }^{83}$ R. Bhandare, ${ }^{84}$
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Terhune, ${ }^{119}$ L. Terkowski, ${ }^{121}$ M. P. Thirugnanasambandam, ${ }^{11}$ M. Thomas, ${ }^{6}$ P. Thomas, ${ }^{64}$ E. E. Thompson, ${ }^{104}$ J. E. Thompson, ${ }^{17}$ S. R. Thondapu, ${ }^{84}$ K. A. Thorne, ${ }^{6}$ E. Thrane, ${ }^{5}$ Shubhanshu Tiwari, ${ }^{157}$ Srishti Timari, ${ }^{11}$ V. Timari, ${ }^{17}$ A. M. Toivonen, ${ }^{60}$ K. Toland, ${ }^{66}$ A. E. Tolley, ${ }^{152}$ T. Tomaru, ${ }^{20}$ Y. Tomigami, ${ }^{201}$ T. Tomura,,${ }^{189}$ M. Tonelle, ${ }^{71,18}$ A. Torres-Forné,,$^{120}$ C. I. Torrie, ${ }^{1}$ I. Tosta e Melo, ${ }^{114,115}$ D. Töyrä, ${ }^{8}$ A. Trapananti, ${ }^{246,72}$ F. Travasso, ${ }^{72,}{ }^{246}$ G. Traylor, ${ }^{6}$ M. Trevor, ${ }^{101}$ M. C. Tringali, ${ }^{40}$ A. Tripathee, ${ }^{181}$ L. Troiano, ${ }^{286,94}$ A. Trovato, ${ }^{34}$ L. Trozzo,,${ }^{4} 189$ R. J. Trudeau, ${ }^{1}$ D. S. Tsai, ${ }^{123}$ D. Tsai, ${ }^{123}$ K. W. Tsang, ${ }^{50,}$, 287,111 T. Tsang, ${ }^{288}$ J-S. Tsao, ${ }^{195}$ M. Tse, ${ }^{67}$ R. Tso, ${ }^{129}$ K. Tsubono, ${ }^{25}$ S. Tsuchida, ${ }^{201} \mathrm{~L}$. Tsukada, ${ }^{26} \mathrm{D}$. Tsuna, ${ }^{26} \mathrm{~T}$. Tsutsui, ${ }^{26} \mathrm{~T}$. Tsuzuki, ${ }^{21}$ K. Turbang, ${ }^{289}, 206{ }^{2}$ M. Turconi, ${ }^{92}$ D. Tuyenbayev, ${ }^{201}$ A. S. Ubhi, ${ }^{14}$ N. Uchikata, ${ }^{35}$ T. Uchiyama, ${ }^{189}$ R. P. Udall, ${ }^{1}$ A. Ueda, ${ }^{184}$ T. Uehara, ${ }^{290,}{ }^{291}$ K. Ueno, ${ }^{26}$ G. Ueshima, ${ }^{292}$ C. S. Unnikrishnan, ${ }^{178}$ F. Uraguchi, ${ }^{21}$ A. L. Urban, ${ }^{2}$ T. Ushiba, ${ }^{189}$ A. Utina, ${ }^{151,50}$ H. Vahlbruch, ${ }^{9,10}$ G. Vajente, ${ }^{1}$ A. Vajpeyi, ${ }^{5}$ G. Valdes, ${ }^{182}$ M. Valentini, ${ }^{88,89}{ }^{\circ}$ V. Valsan, ${ }^{7}$ N. van Bakel, ${ }^{50}$ M. van Beuzekom, ${ }^{50}$ J. F. J. van den Brand, ${ }^{151,293,50}$ C. Van Den Broeck, ${ }^{111,50}$
D. C. Vander-Hyde, ${ }^{58}$ L. van der Schaaf, ${ }^{50}$ J. V. van Heijningen, ${ }^{49}$ J. Vanosky, ${ }^{1}$ M. H. P. M. van Putten, ${ }^{294}$ N. van Remortel, ${ }^{206}$ M. Vardaro, ${ }^{239,50}$ A. F. Vargas, ${ }^{13}$ V. Varma, ${ }^{176}$ M. Vasúth, ${ }^{68}$ A. Vecchio, ${ }^{14}$ G. Vedovato, ${ }^{75}$ J. Veitch, ${ }^{66}$ P. J. Veitch, ${ }^{80}$ J. Venneberg, ${ }^{9,10}$ G. Venugopalan, ${ }^{1}$ D. Verkindt, ${ }^{28}$ P. Verma, ${ }^{299}$ Y. Verma, ${ }^{84}$ D. Veske, ${ }^{43}$ F. Vetrano, ${ }^{46}$ A. Viceré, ${ }^{46,47}$ S. Vidyant, ${ }^{58}$ A. D. Viets, ${ }^{245}$ A. Vijaykumar, ${ }^{19}$ V. Villa-Ortega, ${ }^{105}$ J.-Y. Vinet, ${ }^{92}$ A. Virtuoso, ${ }^{185,32}$ S. Vitale, ${ }^{67}{ }^{\text {T. Vo }}{ }^{58}$ H. Vocca ${ }^{73,72}$ E. R. G. von Reis, ${ }^{64}$ J. S. A. von Wrangel, ${ }^{9,10}$ C. Vorvick, ${ }^{64}$ S. P. Vyatchanin, ${ }^{87}$ L. E. Wade, ${ }^{169}$ M. Wade, ${ }^{169}$ K. J. Wagner, ${ }^{122}$ R. C. Walet,,${ }^{50}$ M. Walker, ${ }^{54}$ G. S. Wallace,,$^{30}$ L. Wallace, ${ }^{1}$ S. Walsh, ${ }^{7}$ J. Wang, ${ }^{173}$ J. Z. Wang, ${ }^{181}$ W. H. Wang, ${ }^{147}$ R. L. Ward, ${ }^{8}$ J. Warner, ${ }^{64}$ M. Was, ${ }^{28}$ T. Washimi, ${ }^{20}$ N. Y. Washington, ${ }^{1}$ J. Watchi, ${ }^{142}$ B. Weaver, ${ }^{64}$ S. A. Webster, ${ }^{66}$ M. Weinert,,${ }^{9} 10$ A. J. Weinstein, ${ }^{1}$ R. Weiss,,${ }^{67}$ C. M. Weller, ${ }^{241}$ F. Wellmann,,${ }^{9,10}$ L. Wen,${ }^{83}$ P. Wessels,,${ }^{9} 10$ K. Wette, ${ }^{8}$ J. T. Whelan, ${ }^{122}$ D. D. White, ${ }^{38}$ B. F. Whiting, ${ }^{69}$ C. Whittle, ${ }^{67}$ D. Wilken, ${ }^{9,10}$ D. Williams, ${ }^{66}$ M. J. Williams, ${ }^{66}$ A. R. Williamson, ${ }^{152}$ J. L. Willis, ${ }^{1}$ B. Willke, ${ }^{9,10}$ D. J. Wilson, ${ }^{137}$ W. Winkler,,${ }^{9}{ }^{10}$ C. C. Wipf, ${ }^{1}$
T. Wlodarczyk, ${ }^{102}$ G. Woan, ${ }^{66}$ J. Woehler, ${ }^{9,10}$ J. K. Wofford, ${ }^{122}$ I. C. F. Wong, ${ }^{106}$ C. Wu, ${ }^{130}$ D. S. Wu, ${ }^{9,10}$ H. Wu, ${ }^{130}$ S. Wu,,${ }^{130}$ D. M. Wysocki, ${ }^{7}$ L. Xiao, ${ }^{1}$ W-R. Xu, ${ }^{195}$ T. Yamada, ${ }^{284}$ H. Yamamoto, ${ }^{1}$ Kazuhiro Yamamoto, ${ }^{188}$ Kohei Yamamoto, ${ }^{284} \mathrm{~T}$. Yamamoto, ${ }^{189} \mathrm{~K}$. Yamashita, ${ }^{200} \mathrm{R}$. Yamazaki, ${ }^{197} \mathrm{~F}$. W. Yang, ${ }^{168}$ L. Yang, ${ }^{162}$ Y. Yang, ${ }^{295}$ Yang Yang, ${ }^{69}$ Z. Yang, ${ }^{60}$ M. J. Yap, ${ }^{8}$ D. W. Yeeles, ${ }^{17}$ A. B. Yelikar, ${ }^{122}$ M. Ying, ${ }^{123}$ K. Yokogawa, ${ }^{200}$
J. Yokoyama, ${ }^{26,25}$ T. Yokozawa, ${ }^{189}$ J. Yoo, ${ }^{176}$ T. Yoshioka, ${ }^{200}$ Hang Yu, ${ }^{129}$ Haocun Yu, ${ }^{67}$ H. Yuzurihara, ${ }^{35}$ A. Zadrożny, ${ }^{229}$ M. Zanolin, ${ }^{33}$ S. Zeidler, ${ }^{296}$ T. Zelenova, ${ }^{40}$ J.-P. Zendri, ${ }^{75}$ M. Zevin, ${ }^{158}$ M. Zhan, ${ }^{173}$ H. Zhang, ${ }^{195}$ J. Zhang, ${ }^{83}$ L. Zhang, ${ }^{1}$ T. Zhang, ${ }^{14}$ Y. Zhang, ${ }^{182}$ C. Zhao, ${ }^{83}$ G. Zhao, ${ }^{142}$ Y. Zhao, ${ }^{20}$ Yue Zhao, ${ }^{168}$ Y. Zheng, ${ }^{86}$ R. Zhou, ${ }^{191}$ Z. Zhou, ${ }^{15}$ X. J. Zhu, ${ }^{5}$ Z.-H. Zhu, ${ }^{112}$ A. B. Zimmerman, ${ }^{164}$ M. E. Zucker, ${ }^{1,67}$ and J. Zweizig ${ }^{1}$ The Ligo Scientific Collaboration, the Virgo Collaboration, and the KAGRA Collaboration

[^0]${ }^{56}$ School of High Energy Accelerator Science, The Graduate University for Advanced Studies (SOKENDAI), Tsukuba City, Ibaraki 305-0801, Japan
${ }^{57}$ University of Oregon, Eugene, OR 97403, USA
${ }^{58}$ Syracuse University, Syracuse, NY 13244, USA
${ }^{59}$ Université de Liège, B-4000 Liège, Belgium
${ }^{60}$ University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA
${ }^{61}$ Università degli Studi di Milano-Bicocca, I-20126 Milano, Italy
${ }^{62}$ INFN, Sezione di Milano-Bicocca, I-20126 Milano, Italy
${ }^{63}$ INAF, Osservatorio Astronomico di Brera sede di Merate, I-23807 Merate, Lecco, Italy
${ }^{64}$ LIGO Hanford Observatory, Richland, WA 99352, USA
${ }^{65}$ Dipartimento di Medicina, Chirurgia e Odontoiatria "Scuola Medica Salernitana", Università di Salerno, I-84081 Baronissi, Salerno, Italy
${ }^{66}$ SUPA, University of Glasgow, Glasgow G12 8QQ, United Kingdom
${ }^{67}$ LIGO Laboratory, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA
${ }^{68}$ Wigner RCP, RMKI, H-1121 Budapest, Konkoly Thege Miklós út 29-33, Hungary
${ }^{69}$ University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611, USA
${ }^{70}$ Stanford University, Stanford, CA 94305, USA
${ }^{71}$ Università di Pisa, I-56127 Pisa, Italy
${ }^{72}$ INFN, Sezione di Perugia, I-06123 Perugia, Italy
${ }^{73}$ Università di Perugia, I-06123 Perugia, Italy
${ }^{74}$ Università di Padova, Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, I-35131 Padova, Italy
${ }^{75}$ INFN, Sezione di Padova, I-35131 Padova, Italy
${ }^{76}$ Montana State University, Bozeman, MT 59717, USA
${ }^{77}$ Institute for Plasma Research, Bhat, Gandhinagar 382428, India
${ }^{78}$ Nicolaus Copernicus Astronomical Center, Polish Academy of Sciences, 00-716, Warsaw, Poland
${ }^{79}$ Dipartimento di Ingegneria, Università del Sannio, I-82100 Benevento, Italy
${ }^{80}$ OzGrav, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, South Australia 5005, Australia
${ }^{81}$ California State University, Los Angeles, 5151 State University Dr, Los Angeles, CA 90032, USA
${ }^{82}$ INFN, Sezione di Genova, I-16146 Genova, Italy
${ }^{83}$ OzGrav, University of Western Australia, Crawley, Western Australia 6009, Australia
${ }^{84}$ RRCAT, Indore, Madhya Pradesh 452013, India
${ }^{85}$ GRAPPA, Anton Pannekoek Institute for Astronomy and Institute for High-Energy Physics, University of Amsterdam, Science Park 904, 1098 XH Amsterdam, Netherlands
${ }^{86}$ Missouri University of Science and Technology, Rolla, MO 65409, USA
${ }^{87}$ Faculty of Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow 119991, Russia
${ }^{88}$ Università di Trento, Dipartimento di Fisica, I-38123 Povo, Trento, Italy
${ }^{89}$ INFN, Trento Institute for Fundamental Physics and Applications, I-38123 Povo, Trento, Italy
${ }^{90}$ SUPA, University of the West of Scotland, Paisley PA1 2BE, United Kingdom
${ }^{91}$ Bar-Ilan University, Ramat Gan, 5290002, Israel
${ }^{92}$ Artemis, Université Côte d'Azur, Observatoire de la Côte d'Azur, CNRS, F-06304 Nice, France
${ }^{93}$ Dipartimento di Fisica "E.R. Caianiello", Università di Salerno, I-84084 Fisciano, Salerno, Italy
${ }^{94}$ INFN, Sezione di Napoli, Gruppo Collegato di Salerno, Complesso Universitario di Monte S. Angelo, I-80126 Napoli, Italy
${ }^{95}$ Università di Roma "La Sapienza", I-00185 Roma, Italy
${ }^{96}$ Univ Rennes, CNRS, Institut FOTON - UMR6082, F-3500 Rennes, France
${ }^{97}$ Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, Powai, Mumbai 400 076, India
${ }^{98}$ INFN, Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso, I-67100 Assergi, Italy
${ }^{99}$ Laboratoire Kastler Brossel, Sorbonne Université, CNRS, ENS-Université PSL, Collège de France, F-75005 Paris, France
${ }^{100}$ Astronomical Observatory Warsaw University, 00-478 Warsaw, Poland
${ }^{101}$ University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742, USA
${ }^{102}$ Max Planck Institute for Gravitational Physics (Albert Einstein Institute), D-14476 Potsdam, Germany
${ }^{103}$ L2IT, Laboratoire des 2 Infinis - Toulouse, Université de Toulouse, CNRS/IN2P3, UPS, F-31062 Toulouse Cedex 9, France
${ }^{104}$ School of Physics, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA 30332, USA
${ }^{105}$ IGFAE, Campus Sur, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, 15782 Spain
106 The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
${ }^{107}$ Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY 11794, USA
${ }^{108}$ Center for Computational Astrophysics, Flatiron Institute, New York, NY 10010, USA
${ }^{109}$ NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, USA

${ }^{110}$ Dipartimento di Fisica, Università degli Studi di Genova, I-16146 Genova, Italy<br>${ }^{111}$ Institute for Gravitational and Subatomic Physics (GRASP), Utrecht University, Princetonplein 1, 3584 CC Utrecht, Netherlands<br>${ }^{112}$ Department of Astronomy, Beijing Normal University, Beijing 100875, China<br>${ }^{113}$ OzGrav, University of Melbourne, Parkville, Victoria 3010, Australia<br>${ }^{114}$ Università degli Studi di Sassari, I-07100 Sassari, Italy<br>${ }^{115}$ INFN, Laboratori Nazionali del Sud, I-95125 Catania, Italy<br>${ }^{116}$ Università di Roma Tor Vergata, I-00133 Roma, Italy<br>${ }^{117}$ INFN, Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata, I-00133 Roma, Italy<br>118 University of Sannio at Benevento, I-82100 Benevento, Italy and INFN, Sezione di Napoli, I-80100 Napoli, Italy<br>119 Villanova University, 800 Lancaster Ave, Villanova, PA 19085, USA<br>${ }^{120}$ Departamento de Astronomía y Astrofísica, Universitat de València, E-46100 Burjassot, València, Spain ${ }^{121}$ Universität Hamburg, D-22761 Hamburg, Germany<br>122 Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY 14623, USA<br>${ }^{123}$ National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu City, 30013 Taiwan, Republic of China<br>124 Department of Applied Physics, Fukuoka University, Jonan, Fukuoka City, Fukuoka 814-0180, Japan<br>${ }^{125}$ OzGrav, Charles Sturt University, Wagga Wagga, New South Wales 2678, Australia<br>${ }^{126}$ Department of Physics, Tamkang University, Danshui Dist., New Taipei City 25137, Taiwan<br>${ }^{127}$ Department of Physics and Institute of Astronomy, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu 30013, Taiwan<br>${ }^{128}$ Department of Physics, Center for High Energy and High Field Physics, National Central University, Zhongli District, Taoyuan City 32001, Taiwan<br>${ }^{129}$ CaRT, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA<br>${ }^{130}$ Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu 30013, Taiwan<br>${ }^{131}$ Dipartimento di Ingegneria Industriale (DIIN), Università di Salerno, I-84084 Fisciano, Salerno, Italy<br>${ }^{132}$ Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Nankang, Taipei 11529, Taiwan<br>${ }^{133}$ Université Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS, IP2I Lyon / IN2P3, UMR 5822, F-69622 Villeurbanne, France<br>${ }^{134}$ Seoul National University, Seoul 08826, South Korea<br>${ }^{135}$ Pusan National University, Busan 46241, South Korea<br>${ }^{136}$ INAF, Osservatorio Astronomico di Padova, I-35122 Padova, Italy<br>${ }^{137}$ University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721, USA<br>${ }^{138}$ Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot OX11 ODE, United Kingdom<br>${ }^{139}$ OzGrav, Swinburne University of Technology, Hawthorn VIC 3122, Australia<br>140 Université libre de Bruxelles, Avenue Franklin Roosevelt 50-1050 Bruxelles, Belgium<br>${ }^{141}$ Universitat de les Illes Balears, IAC3—IEEC, E-07122 Palma de Mallorca, Spain<br>142 Université Libre de Bruxelles, Brussels 1050, Belgium<br>${ }^{143}$ Departamento de Matemáticas, Universitat de València, E-46100 Burjassot, València, Spain<br>${ }^{144}$ Texas Tech University, Lubbock, TX 79409, USA<br>145 The Pennsylvania State University, University Park, PA 16802, USA<br>${ }^{146}$ University of Rhode Island, Kingston, RI 02881, USA<br>${ }^{147}$ The University of Texas Rio Grande Valley, Brownsville, TX 78520, USA<br>${ }^{148}$ Bellevue College, Bellevue, WA 98007, USA<br>${ }^{149}$ Scuola Normale Superiore, Piazza dei Cavalieri, 7-56126 Pisa, Italy<br>${ }^{150}$ MTA-ELTE Astrophysics Research Group, Institute of Physics, Eötvös University, Budapest 1117, Hungary<br>${ }^{151}$ Maastricht University, P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht, Netherlands<br>152 University of Portsmouth, Portsmouth, PO1 3FX, United Kingdom<br>${ }^{153}$ The University of Sheffield, Sheffield S10 2TN, United Kingdom<br>${ }^{154}$ Université Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS, Laboratoire des Matériaux Avancés (LMA), IP2I Lyon / IN2P3, UMR 5822, F-69622 Villeurbanne, France<br>${ }^{155}$ Dipartimento di Scienze Matematiche, Fisiche e Informatiche, Università di Parma, I-43124 Parma, Italy<br>${ }^{156}$ INFN, Sezione di Milano Bicocca, Gruppo Collegato di Parma, I-43124 Parma, Italy<br>${ }^{157}$ Physik-Institut, University of Zurich, Winterthurerstrasse 190, 8057 Zurich, Switzerland<br>${ }^{158}$ University of Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637, USA<br>159 Université de Strasbourg, CNRS, IPHC UMR 7178, F-67000 Strasbourg, France<br>160 West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV 26506, USA<br>${ }^{161}$ Montclair State University, Montclair, NJ 07043, USA<br>162 Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523, USA<br>${ }^{163}$ Institute for Nuclear Research, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Bem t'er 18/c, H-4026 Debrecen, Hungary<br>${ }^{164}$ Department of Physics, University of Texas, Austin, TX 78712, USA

[^1][^2]${ }^{272}$ Marquette University, 11420 W. Clybourn St., Milwaukee, WI 53233, USA<br>${ }^{273}$ Graduate School of Science and Engineering, Hosei University, Koganei City, Tokyo 184-8584, Japan<br>${ }^{274}$ Faculty of Science, Toho University, Funabashi City, Chiba 274-8510, Japan<br>${ }^{275}$ Faculty of Information Science and Technology, Osaka Institute of Technology, Hirakata City, Osaka 573-0196, Japan<br>${ }^{276}$ Università di Firenze, Sesto Fiorentino I-50019, Italy<br>${ }^{277}$ INAF, Osservatorio Astrofisico di Arcetri, Largo E. Fermi 5, I-50125 Firenze, Italy<br>${ }^{278}$ Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad, Sangareddy, Khandi, Telangana 502285, India<br>${ }^{279}$ iTHEMS (Interdisciplinary Theoretical and Mathematical Sciences Program), The Institute of Physical and Chemical Research (RIKEN), Wako, Saitama 351-0198, Japan<br>${ }^{280}$ INAF, Osservatorio di Astrofisica e Scienza dello Spazio, I-40129 Bologna, Italy<br>${ }^{281}$ Department of Space and Astronautical Science, The Graduate University for Advanced Studies (SOKENDAI), Sagamihara City, Kanagawa 252-5210, Japan<br>${ }^{282}$ Andrews University, Berrien Springs, MI 49104, USA<br>${ }^{283}$ Research Center for Space Science, Advanced Research Laboratories, Tokyo City University, Setagaya, Tokyo 158-0082, Japan<br>${ }^{284}$ Institute for Cosmic Ray Research (ICRR), Research Center for Cosmic Neutrinos (RCCN), The University of Tokyo, Kashiwa City, Chiba 277-8582, Japan<br>${ }^{285}$ National Metrology Institute of Japan, National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Tsukuba City, Ibaraki 305-8568, Japan<br>${ }^{286}$ Dipartimento di Scienze Aziendali - Management and Innovation Systems (DISA-MIS), Università di Salerno, I-84084 Fisciano, Salerno, Italy<br>${ }^{287}$ Van Swinderen Institute for Particle Physics and Gravity, University of Groningen, Nijenborgh 4, 9747 AG Groningen, Netherlands<br>${ }^{288}$ Faculty of Science, Department of Physics, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong<br>${ }^{289}$ Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Boulevard de la Plaine 2, 1050 Ixelles, Belgium<br>${ }^{290}$ Department of Communications Engineering, National Defense Academy of Japan, Yokosuka City, Kanagawa 239-8686, Japan<br>${ }^{291}$ Department of Physics, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611, USA<br>${ }^{292}$ Department of Information and Management Systems Engineering, Nagaoka University of Technology, Nagaoka City, Niigata 940-2188, Japan<br>${ }^{293}$ Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, 1081 HV Amsterdam, Netherlands<br>${ }^{294}$ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Sejong University, Gwangjin-gu, Seoul 143-747, Korea<br>${ }^{295}$ Department of Electrophysics, National Chiao Tung University, Hsinchu, Taiwan<br>${ }^{296}$ Department of Physics, Rikkyo University, Toshima-ku, Tokyo 171-8501, Japan

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#### Abstract

We search for gravitational-wave signals associated with gamma-ray bursts detected by the Fermi and Swift satellites during the second half of the third observing run of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo (1 November 2019 15:00 UTC-27 March 2020 17:00 UTC). We conduct two independent searches: a generic gravitational-wave transients search to analyze 86 gamma-ray bursts and an analysis to target binary mergers with at least one neutron star as short gamma-ray burst progenitors for 17 events. We find no significant evidence for gravitational-wave signals associated with any of these gammaray bursts. A weighted binomial test of the combined results finds no evidence for sub-threshold gravitational wave signals associated with this GRB ensemble either. We use several source types and signal morphologies during the searches, resulting in lower bounds on the estimated distance to each gamma-ray burst. Finally, we constrain the population of low luminosity short gamma-ray bursts using results from the first to the third observing runs of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo. The resulting population is in accordance with the local binary neutron star merger rate.


## 1. INTRODUCTION

Gamma-ray bursts (GRBs; Kumar \& Zhang 2015) are intense and highly variable flashes of gamma-rays (the prompt emission), followed by a long-lasting, multiwavelength emission (the afterglow emission), typically

[^3]observed in X-rays, optical, radio, and sometimes in gamma-rays. They are believed to be powered by ultrarelativistic jets produced by rapid accretion onto a central compact object: a black hole (BH; Woosley 1993; Popham et al. 1999) or a magnetar (Dai \& Lu 1998; Zhang \& Mészáros 2001).

GRBs are divided into two classes, depending on the duration and the spectral hardness of the prompt emis-
sion (Kouveliotou et al. 1993): long, soft GRBs (duration $\gtrsim 2 \mathrm{~s}$ ) and short, hard GRBs (duration $<2 \mathrm{~s}$ ).

Long GRBs are thought to be associated with the core collapse of massive stars. This connection is observationally supported by the identification of supernova (SN) signatures in a number of sufficiently close long GRBs (Galama et al. 1998; Hjorth et al. 2003; Stanek et al. 2003). Core-collapsing massive stars are also expected to emit gravitational waves (GWs) if there is some asymmetry in the stellar-envelope ejection phase (Kotake et al. 2006; Ott 2009; Gossan et al. 2016). State-of-the-art models predict that such GW radiation can be detected by current generation GW interferometers only within our Galaxy (Abbott et al. 2020); however, according to more extreme phenomenological models, such as long-lived bar-mode instabilities and disk fragmentation instabilities, GW radiation could be detected even for extra-galactic sources (Fryer et al. 2002; van Putten et al. 2004; Piro \& Pfahl 2007; Corsi \& Mészáros 2009; Gossan et al. 2016; Abbott et al. 2020).

Short GRBs were long believed to be associated with compact binary coalescence ( CBC ) composed by two neutron stars (NSs), a binary neutron star (BNS) system, or a NS and a BH, a NSBH binary (Eichler et al. 1989; Paczynski 1991; Narayan et al. 1992). The definitive proof of this association (Abbott et al. 2017a,d) came with the joint detection of the BNS merger GW signal GW170817 (Abbott et al. 2017c, 2019c) and the GRB 170817A (Savchenko et al. 2017; Goldstein et al. 2017). The ground-breaking electromagnetic follow-up campaign performed after this joint detection allowed the identification of the associated kilonova emission and of the GRB afterglow emission (see Abbott et al. 2017d and references therein).

GRB 170817 A was 2 to 6 orders of magnitude less energetic than other GRBs (Abbott et al. 2017a); the low luminosity of this source, together with the delayed onset and rising multi-wavelength light curve of the afterglow (Haggard et al. 2017; Troja et al. 2017; Hallinan et al. 2017; Lyman et al. 2018; D'Avanzo et al. 2018) suggested an off-axis GRBs with a relativistic structured jet or a cocoon emission from the relativistic jet shocking its surrounding non-relativistic material. Late time multi-wavelength observations were crucial to discriminate between these scenarios, and now it is widely accepted that GRB 170817A originated from a structured jet observed off-axis (see, e.g., Troja et al. 2018, 2019; Lamb et al. 2018; Mooley et al. 2018; Ghirlanda et al. 2019).

In Abbott et al. (2020) we presented targeted GW follow-up of GRBs reported during the first part of the third observing run of Advanced LIGO and Ad-
vanced Virgo (O3a; 1 April 2019 15:00 UTC-1 October 2019 15:00 UTC) by Fermi's Gamma-Ray Burst Monitor (Fermi/GBM; Meegan et al. 2009) and Swift's Burst Alert Telescope (Swift/BAT; Gehrels et al. 2004; Barthelmy et al. 2005; Tohuvavohu et al. 2020). No significant evidence for GW signals associated with the GRBs that have been followed up has been found, nor for a population of unidentified sub-threshold signals.
In this paper we present targeted GW follow-up of GRBs reported during the second part of the third observing run of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo (O3b) by Fermi/GBM and Swift/BAT. O3b took place between 1 November 2019 15:00 UTC and 27 March 2020 17:00 UTC. During O3b, 35 CBC events have been identified with an inferred probability of astrophysical CBC origin of $p_{\text {astro }}>0.5$ (Abbott et al. 2021a). The majority of them are classified as mergers of binary black hole ( BBH ) systems; however, several events are consistent with binary systems with at least one NS (Abbott et al. 2021a). One other event with lower $p_{\text {astro }}$ was also published as a possible NSBH coalescence (Abbott et al. 2021b). No EM counterparts have been reported so far in association with these events; however, given their large distances ( $\gtrsim 300 \mathrm{Mpc}$ ) and their large error in the sky localization (Abbott et al. 2021a), it would have been difficult to detect an EM signal in association with these GW events.

In Section 2 we discuss the sample of GRBs analyzed in this paper. In Section 3 we summarize the methods used to follow-up GRBs. In Section 4 we describe the results, and in Section 5 we present a population model analysis. Finally, in Section 6 we present our concluding remarks.

## 2. GRBS DURING O3B

Our GRB sample consists of 108 events that occurred between 1 November 2019 15:00 UTC and 27 March 2020 17:00 UTC. The vast majority of these events were identified in low-latency via notices circulated by the Gamma-ray Coordinates Network (GCN) and subsequently refined with additional data from the Swift/BAT catalog and the Fermi/GBM catalog. ${ }^{1}$ The Vetting Automation and Literature Informed Database (VALID; Coyne 2015) is a dedicated processing system that tracks updates to the observed GRB parameters, comparing time and localization data to ensure that the latest results are used for our GW anal-

1 Swift/BAT Gamma-Ray Burst Catalog swift.gsfc.nasa.gov/results/batgrbcat/, and Fermi/GBM Burst Catalog heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/W3Browse/fermi/fermigbrst.html.
yses, and employing an automated literature search to identify particularly noteworthy events.

We identify candidate events by classifying each GRB as long, short, or ambiguous. We classify events based on their $T_{90}$ (and its associated error $\delta T_{90}$ ), which is the time interval over which $90 \%$ of the total backgroundsubtracted photon counts are observed. GRBs are classified as short when $T_{90}+\left|\delta T_{90}\right|<2$ s, GRBs are classified as long when $T_{90}-\left|\delta T_{90}\right|>4 \mathrm{~s}$, and all remaining GRBs are labeled as ambiguous. This long/short classification based on duration is only a general trend, and is not a perfect discriminator. In particular, it does not account for short-GRBs that are followed by periods of extended emission (Norris \& Bonnell 2006), for which measures of $T_{90}$ may substantially exceed these thresholds. For more robust classification one must also consider spectral properties, most commonly the spectral hardness or peak energy of the event, but since our sample consists of observations from multiple observatories with different spectral sensitivities we do not employ such quantities when organizing our sample.
This classification process results in 7 short GRBs, 12 ambiguous GRBs, and 89 long GRBs. Of all these GRBs, only 2 have known redshifts:

- GRB 191221B $(z=1.148$; Vielfaure et al. 2019; Kuin \& Swift/UVOT Team 2019)
- GRB 200205B ( $z=1.465$; Vielfaure et al. 2020)

In keeping with previous studies of this kind (Abbott et al. 2017e, 2019d, 2020), we apply a generic transient search to all events, regardless of classification. In order to maximize our chances at identifying potential CBC candidates, we apply our modeled search to all short and ambiguous GRBs. We also follow the same requirements on amount of data available within our network to process a given GRB. For the modeled search we select GRBs if there is a minimum amount of time in at least one detector around the time of the event. This gives us 17 events for our analysis corresponding with the observing time for the same selection criteria ( $96.6 \%$ with at least one interferometer in observing mode). For the generic transient search, we perform the selection by requiring enough data in at least two interferometers. This leads to 86 GRBs to analyze and is also compatible with the network observing time of at least 2 detectors ( $85.3 \%$ ).

## 3. SEARCH METHODS

### 3.1. Modeled search for compact binary mergers

This analysis is carried out by a coherent matched filtering pipeline, PyGRB (Harry \& Fairhurst 2011;

Williamson et al. 2014), contained within the opensource PyCBC (Nitz et al. 2020) suite which also relies heavily on the LALSuite (LIGO Scientific Collaboration 2018) library. These searches seek to find candidate GW signals coincident with the GRB triggers due to the inspiral and merger of BNS or NSBH binaries. We define a window around each GRB trigger, the on-source window, which is $[-5,+1] \mathrm{s}$ from the GRB trigger time. This window is based on the assumption that a GW may precede the prompt GRB emission by several seconds (Lee \& Ramirez-Ruiz 2007; Vedrenne \& Atteia 2009), and was demonstrated by GW170817 (Abbott et al. 2017b). The search also uses time surrounding the trigger, split into 6 s off-source windows, to estimate the background. In total, the search uses $\sim 90 \mathrm{~min}$ of data around each GRB trigger to assign a significance to candidate events by ranking them against the background. To constrain the sky location of the GRB event, the search is using a grid based on the best localization known either from Fermi/GBM or Swift/BAT.
The analysis requires a bank of template waveforms to carry out the matched filtering. We generated this bank using both geometric (Brown et al. 2012; Harry et al. 2014) and stochastic methods (Harry et al. 2008) for BNS and NSBH signals. The waveforms used in generating this bank are phenomenological inspiral-mergerringdown waveform models of the IMRPhenomD family (Husa et al. 2016; Khan et al. 2016). We choose to place limits on the bank, identical to those used in the O3a template bank (Abbott et al. 2020), such that any NS masses are limited to $[1.0,2.8] M_{\odot}$ and BH masses are within $[2.8,25] M_{\odot}$. We conservatively set the mass cutoff between NS and BH based on an NS equation of state (Kalogera \& Baym 1996). Functionally, this cutoff has no effect on the waveforms and is just used for nomenclature. The bank only contains aligned-spin BNS and NSBH binaries where the maximum dimensionless spin magnitude for NSs is 0.05 from the largest observed NS spin in a binary (Burgay et al. 2003). For BH, we limit the spin to 0.998 based on theory (Thorne 1974). Finally, we check to ensure that all potential binaries are viable GRB progenitors with the creation of an accretion disk able to power a GRB (Pannarale \& Ohme 2014). We focus the search on these types of compact binary events as they are the most likely GRB progenitors. Certain conditions may be able to produce short-GRB-like events without the formation of an accretion disk, as in the case of theorized resonant shattering flares (RSFs) acting as a precursor GRB to an otherwise electromagnetically dark NSBH event (Tsang et al. 2012; Tsang 2013; Neill et al. 2021). Our search does not presently include these cases, as doing so would increase both the
computing cost of the search and its false-alarm probability, potentially reducing the sensitivity for signals associated with accretion disk formation. This choice may be revisited in the future, especially in light of additional evidence for RSFs.
The only structural change between this bank and the bank used in the O3a modeled searches (Abbott et al. 2020) is the template placement for NSBH systems with total mass $M<6 M_{\odot}$. Both banks are constructed by first performing a geometric generation for a part of the parameter space. These templates are then seeded to a stochastic generation that fills the rest of the parameter space (Capano et al. 2016). The difference between the O3a and O3b banks is that the geometric generation for the O3a bank extended through the low-mass NSBH region whereas the O3b bank limits the geometric generation to the BNS region. We made this change based on a bank verification which tests a bank's ability to recover a set of signals. The result of this verification is a fitting-factor $(\mathcal{F F})$ that quantitatively measures the bank's performance (Apostolatos 1995). The target for our template banks is to minimize the number of signals that have a $\mathcal{F F}$ less than a threshold, which we set at 0.97 for our offline searches. For the same set of signals in the low-mass NSBH region, the bank with a limited geometric generation recovers a factor of ten less signals with a fitting factor below 0.97 -when compared to the extended geometric bank. These results show that the limited geometric approach creates a more sensitive template bank for our searches.
PyGRB uses this bank to rank candidate signals based on a re-weighted optimal SNR. This optimal SNR is the result of the coherent matched filter, and is re-weighted by how well the template matches the identified signal (Harry \& Fairhurst 2011; Williamson et al. 2014). The search can then rank the significance of any event against the background using the off-source windows. In order to improve this ranking statistic, we artificially increase the amount of off-source data by performing time slides (Williamson et al. 2014).

To further determine the sensitivity of our searches, we inject signals into the off-source data and attempt to recover them. The signals that we choose to inject are generally in the same BNS and NSBH domains as the template bank, with a few important distinctions. Again, we replicate what was done in O3a (Abbott et al. 2020), where the injected signals are split into three sets; a BNS set with non-aligned (precessing) spins, an aligned-spin NSBH set, and a precessing NSBH set. The NS masses in a BNS binary are selected randomly from a normal distribution with a mean of $1.4 M_{\odot}$ and variance of $0.2 M_{\odot}$ (Özel et al. 2012). For NSBH binaries,

NS masses are selected from a normal distribution with slightly more variance $\left(\mu=1.4 M_{\odot}, \sigma=0.4 M_{\odot}\right)$. The larger width reflects the greater uncertainty arising from a lack of observed NSBH systems. BH masses are randomly selected from the following normal distribution $\left(\mu=10.0 M_{\odot}, \sigma=6.0 M_{\odot}\right)$. For all cases we place limits on the distributions similar to those used for the template bank. Randomly selected spin magnitudes are less than 0.4 for NSs based on the maximum observed pulsar spin (Hessels et al. 2006), and less than 0.98 for BHs (Miller \& Miller 2014). For the two sets of injections that allow precessing signals, the orientations are also randomly selected. We also choose to use different waveform families than the ones used to generate the template bank to account for modeling uncertainty. We generate the BNS injections using the SpinTaylorT2 family, which are post-Newtonian approximations in the time domain (Sathyaprakash \& Dhurandhar 1991; Blanchet et al. 1996; Bohé et al. 2013; Arun et al. 2009; Mikoczi et al. 2005; Bohé et al. 2015; Mishra et al. 2016). The NSBH sets both make use of the SEOBNRv3 family of waveforms. These waveforms are effective-one-body approximates that are tuned for precessing systems (Pan et al. 2014; Taracchini et al. 2014; Babak et al. 2017). As with the template bank, we check to ensure that generated systems are capable GRB progenitors (Pannarale \& Ohme 2014). These injection sets allow us to calculate the $90 \%$ exclusion distance $\left(D_{90}\right)$, which is the distance at which we recover $90 \%$ of the injected signals with a significant ranking statistic.

### 3.2. Search for generic $G W$ transients

This analysis, carried out with the X-Pipeline software package (Sutton et al. 2010; Was et al. 2012), searches for excess power that is coherent across the GW detector network and consistent with the sky localization and time window of each GRB. Like the previous X-Pipeline analyses (Abbott et al. 2017e, 2019d, 2020), the search time window starts 600 s before the GRB trigger time and ends at 60 s after trigger time, or at $T_{90}$ if $T_{90}>60 \mathrm{~s}$. This is sufficient to cover the time delay between GW emission from a progenitor and any GRB prompt emission (Koshut et al. 1995; Aloy et al. 2000; MacFadyen et al. 2001; Zhang et al. 2003; Lazzati 2005; Wang \& Mészáros 2007; Burlon et al. 2008, 2009; Lazzati et al. 2009; Vedrenne \& Atteia 2009). While some GW emissions, such as from core-collapse SNe , are expected to reach frequencies up to a few kilohertz (Radice et al. 2019), we restrict our search frequency range to the most sensitive band of the GW detectors, $20-500 \mathrm{~Hz}$, since detecting such signals above a few hundred hertz requires extremely high GW energies (Abbott et al. 2019b,

Fig. 4) and expanding the frequency range would also significantly increase the computational cost. To constrain the sky location of the GRB event, the search is using a grid based on the best localization known either from Fermi/GBM or Swift/BAT.

X-Pipeline produces time-frequency maps of the GW data coherently combined between the detectors. These maps give access to the temporal evolution of the spectral properties of the signal and enable the pipeline to search for clusters of pixels containing excess energy, referred to as events. The pipeline assigns each event a detection statistic based on energy and ranks them accordingly. A coherent consistency test, based on correlations between data in different detectors, then vetoes events that are associated with noise transients. The surviving event with the largest ranking statistic is the best candidate for a GW detection, and the search quantifies its significance as the probability of the event being produced by the background alone. This is determined by comparing the SNR of the trigger within the 660 s on-source window to the distribution of the SNRs of the loudest triggers in the 660 s off-source windows. As a requirement, the off-source data consist of at least $\sim 1.5$ hours of coincident data from at least two detectors around the time of a GRB. This is small enough to select data where the detectors should be in a similar state of operation as during the GRB on-source window, and large enough so that probability estimates using artificial time-shifting of the data are at the sub-percent level.

We quantify the sensitivity of the generic transient search by injecting simulated signals into off-source data. For each waveform family injected we determine the largest significance of any surviving cluster associated with the injections. We compute the percentage of injections that have a significance higher than the best event candidate and look for the amplitude at which this percentage is above $90 \%$, which sets the upper limit. We include O3b calibration errors (Sun et al. 2021; Acernese et al. 2021) by jittering the amplitude and arrival time according to a Gaussian distribution representative of the calibration uncertainties. As with the modeled search, these injection sets allow us to calculate $90 \%$ exclusion distances.
We choose simulated waveforms to cover the search parameter space of three distinct sets of circular waveforms: BNS and NSBH binary inspiral signals, stellar collapse, and disk instability models.

- Circular sine-Gaussian (CSG): signals representing GW emission from stellar collapses defined in Eq. (1) of Abbott et al. (2017e) with a $Q$ factor of 9 and varying center frequency of 70 Hz ,
$100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 150 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and 300 Hz . In all cases, we assume an optimistic emission of energy in GWs of $E_{\mathrm{GW}}=10^{-2} M_{\odot} c^{2}$.
- Binary inspiral: signals are characterized by a Gaussian distribution centered at $1.4 M_{\odot}$, with a width of $0.2 M_{\odot}$ for NS in a BNS, and with a width of $0.4 M_{\odot}$ for NS in NSBH. The distribution for GWs emitted by BNS mergers addresses the case of short GRB events as in Abbott et al. (2017e) and adopted in the PyGRB search (Sec. 3.1).
- Accretion disk instability (ADI): long-duration waveforms for GWs produced by instabilities in the magnetically suspended torus around a rapidly spinning BH. The model specifics and parameters used to generate the five families of ADI signals are the same as in the previous searches (Abbott et al. 2017e, 2019d, 2020).

In the O3a search, the sensitivity to long-duration ( $\gtrsim 10 \mathrm{~s}$ ) signals was often limited by loud background noise transients known as glitches (Davis et al. 2021). While X-Pipeline's coherent consistency tests easily veto these glitches, many long-duration simulated signals would overlap such a glitch by chance. In these cases the simulated signal and glitch would be clustered together and subsequently vetoed together. To address this problem, we implemented an autogating procedure for O3b. For each detector, we compute the total energy in the whitened data stream over a 1 s window. If this total fluctuates by more than 50 standard deviations above the median value, then the data is zeroed out over the interval where the threshold is exceeded and we apply an inverse 1 s Tukey window at each end of the zeroed interval to transition smoothly between the whitened and zeroed data. To minimise the possibility of a loud GW transient triggering a gate, the procedure cancels a gate if there is a simultaneous energy excursion above 10 standard deviations in any other detector. The threshold of 50 standard deviations is low enough to gate the most problematic loud glitches, while being high enough that the only GWs zeroed out by the gate would have been detectable by all-sky searches. Empirically we find that this procedure is effective at reducing the impact of loud glitches without affecting the sensitivity to low-amplitude GW signals.
For both search methods, we rank each candidate by calculating a $p$-value, the probability of an event or a louder one in the on-source data, given the background distribution, under the null hypothesis. The $p$-value is calculated by counting the fraction of background trials that contain an event with a greater signal-to-noise ratio than that of the loudest on-source event.


Figure 1. The cumulative distribution of $p$-values for the loudest on-source events for the modeled search in O3b. If a trigger is found in the on-source the upper and lower limits are identical to the reported $p$-value. If no trigger is identified in the on-source window, we set an upper limit on the $p$-value of 1 , and a lower limit equal to the fraction of off-source trials that also did not contain a trigger. The upper limits are plotted as the curve with full circles and the lower limits are plotted as the curve with empty circles. The dashed line indicates an expected uniform distribution of $p$-values under a no-signal hypothesis, with the corresponding $90 \%$ band as the dotted lines.

## 4. RESULTS OF ANALYSES

We followed up 86 GRB triggers with the generic transient method and 17 GRBs (those categorized as short or ambiguous) with the modeled search. None of the analyses indicate the presence of a statistically significant GW signal associated with one or more of the GRBs. This null result is consistent with the estimated GW-GRB joint detection rate with Fermi/GBM of 0.07-1.80 per year reported previously in Abbott et al. (2019a) for the second observing run of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo (O2).

We present the cumulative $p$-value distributions from both search methods in Figures 1 and 2. In these plots, a significant event would appear at a much lower $p$-value in the lower left corner of the plots, and be outside (to the left) of the $90 \%$ confidence region. Both plots show that the $p$-value distributions are consistent with the background.

The most significant event from the modeled search had a $p$-value of $1.08 \times 10^{-2}$ (GRB 200129A). Through further investigation of this candidate event, a period


Figure 2. The cumulative distribution of $p$-values for the loudest on-source events for the generic transient search in O3b. Unlike with the modeled search, there is a $p$-value found for all GRBs analyzed by the generic transient search, so there are no upper and lower limits. The observed values are plotted as the curve with full circles. The dashed line indicates an expected uniform distribution of $p$-values under a no-signal hypothesis, with the corresponding $90 \%$ band as the dotted lines.
of excess noise in one of the detectors was discovered $\sim 20 \mathrm{~s}$ before the candidate time. To determine the effect of this noise on the candidate, we used BayesWave to reconstruct the glitch and then clean the data by subtracting the reconstruction (Cornish et al. 2021; Pankow et al. 2018). After this cleaning, we conducted a coherent matched-filtering on the cleaned data and the recovered candidate was no longer significant with respect to the background. This result suggests that much of the power of the candidate was caused by noise and not a GW. Even if there is a quiet GW at this time, it is not strong enough without the contribution from the glitch to survive ranking against the background in the analysis.

The lowest reported $p$-value found during O3b for the generic transient search was $7.95 \times 10^{-3}$ (GRB 200224B). Although this $p$-value is very small, it is not unexpected given the high number of GRBs analyzed.

Given that no loud GW signals were observed coincident with any of the GRBs in either of our searches, we perform a weighted binomial test to determine the probability of observing our set of $p$-values assuming a uniform background distribution. A small probability would suggest that there may be a population of subthreshold GW signals that our searches did not identify.


Figure 3. Cumulative histograms of the $90 \%$ exclusion distances, $D_{90}$, for the 17 GRBs that the modeled search followed up in O3b. The thin blue line shows generically spinning BNS models and the thick orange line shows generically spinning NSBH models.

This type of weighted binomial test, fully described in the Appendix of Abadie et al. (2012), uses the lowest reweighted $p$-values from the searches. The resulting probability for the modeled search is 0.07 . If we remove GRB 200129A, for which the small p-value is the result of noise, the probability becomes 0.68 , suggesting no population of weak GW signals. For the generic transient search, the test gives a probability of 0.76 . These same weighted binomial tests carried out in O3a returned probabilities of 0.43 and 0.30 for the modeled and generic transient searches, respectively (Abbott et al. 2020). In O2 (removing GW170817/GRB 170817A) and the first observing run of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo (O1) the probabilities were 0.30 and 0.75 , and 0.57 and 0.75 , respectively (Abbott et al. 2019a, 2017e). As in these previous analyses, the probabilities obtained in O3b suggest that no weak GWs can be attributed to the population of GRBs.

In Fig. 3, we present the cumulative $90 \%$ exclusion distances for the 17 GRBs analyzed with the modeled search. The first of these 17 GRBs, GRB 200323A, has significantly lower exclusion distances than the rest. We can attribute this to the fact that the analysis of this GRB only used data from the Virgo interferometer. Furthermore, this GRB has a sub-optimal sky location for the Virgo interferometer with a sensitivity, when com-


Figure 4. Cumulative histograms of the $90 \%$ confidence exclusion distances, $D_{90}$, for accretion disk instability (ADI) signal model A (orange, thin line) and circular sine-Gaussian (CSG) 150 Hz model (green, thick line). For a given GRB and signal model, this is the distance within which $90 \%$ of simulated signals inserted into off-source data are successfully recovered with a significance greater than the loudest on-source trigger.

Table 1. Median $90 \%$ exclusion distances $\left(D_{90}\right)$ for the both the modeled and generic transient searches during O3b. For the modeled searches, we report the median $\left(D_{90}\right)$ values for all three simulated signal types. For the generic search, we report results obtained with circular sine-Gaussian (CSG; Abbott et al. 2017f) and accretion disk instability (ADI; van Putten 2001; van Putten et al. 2014) models.

| Modeled search <br> (Short GRBs) BNS | NSBH <br> Generic Spins |  | NSBHAligned Spins |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $D_{90}$ [Mpc] 149 | 207 |  | 257 |  |  |
| Generic transient search (All GRBs) | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { CSG } & \text { CSG } \\ 70 \mathrm{~Hz} & 100 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{cc}  & \text { CSG } \\ \text { z } & 150 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CSG } \\ 300 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ |
| $D_{90}$ [Mpc] | 166 | 126 |  | 92 | 42 |
| Generic transient search (All GRBs) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ADI} \\ \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ADI} \\ \mathrm{~B} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ADI} \\ \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ADI } \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ADI} \\ \mathrm{E} \end{gathered}$ |
| $D_{90}$ [Mpc] | 34 | 140 | 54 | 22 | 52 |

pared to an optimal sky-location, of $\sim 30 \%$. Both of these factors produce the relatively small exclusion distances for the first step in the histogram. Table 1 reports
the median $D_{90}$ for the 17 GRBs analyzed with the modeled search. It shows median values for all three of the injected signal types described in Sec. 3.1. For comparison, all three of these median values are $10-30 \%$ larger than those reported from the same modeled search in O3a (Abbott et al. 2020). This difference stems from having a larger fraction of GRBs in O3b that by chance arrived with better LIGO-Virgo antenna factors on average, bringing up the median values. The individual $D_{90}$ values for each of the 17 GRBs analyzed with the modeled search can be seen in Table 2.
Similar to the modeled search, we derive a $90 \%$ confidence level lower limit on the distance for each of the 86 GRBs analyzed with the generic transient search, based on the different emission models described in Sec.3.2. We present the distribution of $D_{90}$ values for the ADI model A (van Putten 2001; van Putten et al. 2014) and for a CSG with central frequency of 150 Hz (Abbott et al. 2017f) in Fig. 4. The limits reported depend on the sensitivity of the instruments in the network, which change with time and sky localization of the GRB events. We marginalize these limits over errors introduced by detector calibration. In Table 1, we report the median exclusion distance limits, $D_{90}$, for the set of GRBs for the different signals described in Sec. 3.2. The limits vary by nearly an order of magnitude due to the variety of signals used in our analysis. On average the median values for the O3b generic transient search are about $50 \%$ greater than those reported in O3a (Abbott et al. 2020). We can primarily attribute this improvement to the use of autogating in O3b: the increase in exclusion distances is highest (up to a factor of two) for the longest-duration waveforms, which are most impacted by the glitches removed by autogating (as explained in Sec. 3). The exclusion distances for the shorter-duration CSG waveforms, which are not expected to be affected by autogating, increased by about $30 \%$ on average. This is more than could be accounted for by chance differences in the LIGO-Virgo antenna factors between the two samples. Rather, the increase is likely due to improvements in the performance of the detectors themselves, such as through the reduction of noise caused by scattered light in the LIGO detectors (Soni et al. 2021) or the improvement in sensitivity of the Virgo detector (Davis et al. 2021). We report the $D_{90}$ values found for each GRB in the case of ADI model A simulated signals and CSG simulated signals with central frequency of 150 Hz in Table 2, at the end of this paper.

## 5. POPULATION STUDIES

We use the results obtained from the GW followup analysis of GRBs to put constraints on the low-
luminosity short GRB population. For this purpose, we describe the short GRB population through a simple luminosity function model following (Wanderman \& Piran 2015), extended at low luminosities following the procedure described in (Abbott et al. 2019d). We can then model the luminosity distribution through a power law with two breaks

$$
\begin{align*}
\phi_{0}\left(L_{\text {iso }}\right) & \equiv \frac{\mathrm{d} P}{\mathrm{~d} \log \left(L_{\text {iso }}\right)}= \\
& = \begin{cases}\left(\frac{L_{\text {iso }}}{L_{* *}}\right)^{-\gamma_{L}}\left(\frac{L_{* *}}{L_{*}}\right)^{-\alpha_{L}}, & L_{0} \leq L_{\text {iso }} \leq L_{* *} \\
\left(\frac{L_{\text {iso }}}{L_{*}}\right)^{-\alpha_{L}}, & L_{* *}<L_{\text {iso }} \leq L_{*}, \\
\left(\frac{L_{\text {iso }}}{L_{*}}\right)^{-\beta_{L}}, & L_{\text {iso }}>L_{*}\end{cases} \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

where $L_{\text {iso }}$ is the isotropic equivalent GRB luminosity and for which we have $L_{*}=2 \times 10^{52} \mathrm{erg} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$, $L_{* *}=5 \times 10^{49} \mathrm{erg} \mathrm{s}^{-1}, \alpha_{L}=0.94$ and $\beta_{L}=2$ (Wanderman \& Piran 2015). We do not take into account the measurement uncertainties for those fixed parameters as they would not significantly influence the analysis. The parameters on which we aim to put constraints using the joint GW-GRB analysis are the low-luminosity power index $\gamma_{L}$ and the low-luminosity cutoff for our population $L_{0}$. To make the dependence from these parameters clearer, we refer to the luminosity distribution as $\phi_{0}\left(L_{\mathrm{iso}}\right) \equiv \phi_{0}\left(L_{\mathrm{iso}}, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$. A Bayesian analysis constrains the parameters $\gamma_{L}$ and $L_{0}$ using the results from the O1, O2, O3a and O3b PyGRB searches (Harry \& Fairhurst 2011; Williamson et al. 2014; Abbott et al. 2019d, 2020) and the results on BNS rates from Abbott et al. (2021c).

Under certain conditions, NSBH mergers can also produce short GRBs (Narayan et al. 1992) and a small fraction of short GRBs can arise from local magnetar giant flares (Burns et al. 2021). For simplicity, we ignore those relatively uncommon possibilities here. We assume that BNS coalescences are the only progenitors for short GRBs, since there are restricted conditions under which an NSBH coalescence results into a short GRB (Pannarale \& Ohme 2014).

First, we compute the observed cumulative rate distribution $C_{R}^{\mathrm{obs}}\left(z, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$ as a function of redshift $z, \gamma_{L}$ and $L_{0}$. To do so, we take into account the cosmic rate density for short GRB explosions $\psi(z)$ adopting its form given in Wanderman \& Piran (2015). A Band function models the energy spectrum of the short GRBs (Band et al. 1993) with power indices $\alpha_{\text {Band }}=-0.5$, $\beta_{\text {Band }}=-2.25$ and peak energy $E_{\text {peak }}=800 \mathrm{keV}$, and
we use Eq. (1) as the luminosity distribution function for our population of short GRBs. As in Wanderman \& Piran (2015), we consider short GRBs detectable in gamma-rays when their 64 ms peak photon flux is above $P_{64}^{\mathrm{th}}=2.37$ photons $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ in the energy window considered for Fermi/GBM, i.e. [50-300] keV. We then compute the cumulative observed rate distribution as

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{R}^{\mathrm{obs}}\left(z, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)=\int_{0}^{z} \frac{\mathrm{~d} P_{\mathrm{obs}}^{\mathrm{GRB}}}{\mathrm{~d} z^{\prime}} \mathrm{d} z^{\prime} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where the differential probability of having an observed short GRB is defined as

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\mathrm{d} P_{\mathrm{obs}}^{\mathrm{GRB}}}{\mathrm{~d} z} \propto \frac{\psi(z)}{(1+z)} \frac{\mathrm{d} V}{\mathrm{~d} z} \epsilon\left(z, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) . \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

Here in Eq. (3), $\psi(z)$ is the short GRB redshift distribution, $\mathrm{d} V / \mathrm{d} z$ is the differential comoving volume and $\epsilon\left(z, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$ is the fraction of short GRBs bright enough to be detected by Fermi/GBM as a function of redshift and of the low-luminosity parameters of the luminosity distribution.

Starting from $C_{R}^{\mathrm{obs}}\left(z, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$, an uninformative prior PDF $\Pi_{u}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$ is built considering a flat probability distribution in the logarithms of the local observed rate density and of $L_{0}$. We then impose the total local short GRB rate to have the local BNS rate as an upper limit: using the inferred BNS local rate density $\mathcal{P}_{\text {BNS }}\left(R_{0}^{\text {BNS }}\right)($ Abbott et al. 2021c) we define

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathfrak{f}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)=\int_{0}^{R_{0}^{\mathrm{GRB}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)} \stackrel{\mathcal{P}_{\mathrm{BNS}}}{ }\left(R_{0}^{\mathrm{BNS}}\right) \mathrm{d} R_{0}^{\mathrm{BNS}} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

Here, $R_{0}^{\mathrm{GRB}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$ is the short GRB local rate density, calculated using Eq. (1) as luminosity distribution, and normalized requiring consistency with the observed short GRB rate and with the analysis done by Wanderman \& Piran (2015), i.e. considering the part of the population with $L_{\text {iso }}>L_{* *}$ to have a local rate density of $4.1 \mathrm{Gpc}^{-3} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$. Our final, informative prior is then defined as

$$
\begin{equation*}
\Pi\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)=\left(1-\mathfrak{f}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)\right) \Pi_{u}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

We define the likelihood function $\mathfrak{L}\left(x \mid \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$ (where $x$ indicates our set of data) as the probability of detecting no GW transients associated with short or ambiguous GRBs during O1, O3a and O3b and of detecting one single GW transient associated to a GRB observed during the O2 run. Furthermore, we impose that the joint detection occurred at the redshift measured for NGC 4993, the host galaxy of the event GW170817 $\left(z_{\text {NGC } 4993}=0.009783\right.$; Levan et al. 2017 $)$ and that the
luminosity of the corresponding GRB is in the luminosity range measured for GRB $170817 \mathrm{~A} L_{\mathrm{GRB}} 170817 \mathrm{~A}=$ $(1.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{47} \mathrm{erg} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ (Abbott et al. 2017a). For our purpose we use the set of GW efficiency curves computed through the PyGRB analysis of the short and ambiguous GRBs events detected during the O1, O2, O3a and O3b runs (respectively 20, 41, 32 and 17 events analyzed). ${ }^{2}$

Given a detected GRB $i$ during O2, we compute the probability of a joint GW detection like the one observed during this run

$$
\begin{align*}
P_{i}^{\operatorname{det}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) & =\int_{0}^{\infty} \phi_{0}\left(L, \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \ln \mathcal{N}_{\tilde{L}}(L) \mathrm{d} \ln L \\
& \times \int_{0}^{\infty} \eta_{i}(z) \frac{\mathrm{d} P_{\mathrm{obs}}^{\mathrm{GRB}}}{\mathrm{~d} z} \delta\left(z-z_{\mathrm{NGC}} 4993\right) \mathrm{d} z \tag{6}
\end{align*}
$$

Here $\eta_{i}(z)$ is the efficiency curve corresponding to the given GRB and $\mathrm{d} P_{\mathrm{obs}}^{\mathrm{GRB}} / \mathrm{d} z$ has been defined in Eq. (3). In order to set the joint detection to have the same luminosity of GRB 170817A and the same redshift of GW170817, we choose $\mathcal{N}_{\tilde{L}}(L)$ to be a log-normal distribution with mean $L_{\text {GRB170817A }}=\tilde{L}$ with $\sigma_{\tilde{L}}$ being the error on the measurement of $\tilde{L}$, and we use a Dirac delta distribution $\delta\left(z-z_{\text {NGC }} 4993\right)$ because our analysis is insensitive to small variations in the assumed redshift.

Analogously, we can compute the probability of not having a joint GW detection associated to a given GRB detected during one of the observing runs

$$
\begin{equation*}
P_{i}^{\mathrm{no} \mathrm{det}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)=1-\int_{0}^{\infty} \eta_{i}(z) \frac{\mathrm{d} P_{\mathrm{obs}}^{\mathrm{GRB}}}{\mathrm{~d} z} \mathrm{~d} z \tag{7}
\end{equation*}
$$

We then obtain that the probability of a single joint detection during O 2 is

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{O} 2}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)= \\
& \quad=\sum_{i}^{N_{\mathrm{O} 2 \mathrm{BB}}^{\mathrm{GR}}}\left(P_{i}^{\mathrm{det}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \prod_{j \neq i} P_{j}^{\mathrm{no} \mathrm{det}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)\right) \tag{8}
\end{align*}
$$

while the probability of not having a joint detection during O1, O3a and O3b is

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{O} 1+\mathrm{O} 3}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)= \\
& \quad=\prod_{i}^{N_{\mathrm{O} 1}^{\mathrm{GRB}}} P_{i}^{\mathrm{no} \mathrm{det}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \prod_{i}^{N_{\mathrm{O} 3}^{\mathrm{GRB}}} P_{i}^{\mathrm{no} \mathrm{det}}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \tag{9}
\end{align*}
$$

then the obtained likelihood is

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathfrak{L}\left(x \mid \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)=\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{O} 2}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{O} 1+\mathrm{O} 3}\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \tag{10}
\end{equation*}
$$

[^4]

Figure 5. Contour plot of the two-dimensional posterior as a function of the $\gamma_{L}$ parameter (horizontal axis) and of the base 10 logarithm of $L_{0}$ (vertical axis) with plots of the corresponding marginalized posterior curves (in green). The contours correspond to the $90 \%$ and $50 \%$ credible regions (respectively in blue and red) for the two parameters. The bounds regions for those two parameters are compatible with the measured luminosity from GRB 170817A (yellow dashed line with shaded area) as its value is greater than $L_{0}$ for the bulk of the values inside the regions. The marginalized posterior for $L_{0}$ peaks around $L=L_{\text {GRB }}{ }^{170817 \mathrm{~A}}$ because of the likelihood factor which requires that the joint detection happened around that value.

Finally, we compute the posterior $P\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0} \mid x\right) \propto$ $\mathfrak{L}\left(x \mid \gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right) \Pi\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$, the contour plot for which is shown on Fig. 5, with contours in blue and red corresponding respectively to the posterior $90 \%$ and $50 \%$ credible regions. The constant rate curves shape the posterior: if we fix a value of the rate, higher values for the low-luminosity cutoff $L_{0}$ favor higher values of the low-luminosity power index $\gamma_{L}$. Each credible region's $L_{0}$ value is compatible with the luminosity value range of GRB 170817 A. Finally, the $90 \%$ credible region curve does not close for low values of $L_{0}$ : this is due to the fact that we do not have any information about events down to those luminosities and for this reason we did not explore lower values for $L_{0}$. By marginalizing the posterior PDF over $L_{0}$, we obtain that $\gamma_{L}=0.28 \pm 0.45$.

To present these results in the luminosity function space, we compute the rate curves $\mathrm{d} R_{0} / \mathrm{d} \log _{10} L$ for pairs of values $\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0}\right)$ sampled according to the posterior distribution $P\left(\gamma_{L}, L_{0} \mid x\right)$. From this set of curves


Figure 6. Plots of differential local rate densities as functions of luminosity (upper panel) and of the inverse cumulative rate density as a function of $L$ (lower panel). In the upper plot, our set of curves is represented with the blue solid line (the solid line represents the median one and the shaded areas represent the $90 \%$ and $50 \%$ credible intervals). At large luminosity, we do not represent the error bars, since in this analysis the parameters of the distribution above $L_{* *}=5 \times 10^{49} \mathrm{erg} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ were set by the analysis from Wanderman \& Piran (2015). In the same plot we also show the luminosity functions from Salafia et al. (2020) (orange, dashed line), Tan \& Yu (2020) (yellow, dotted line) and Ghirlanda et al. (2016) (green, dash-dotted line). In the bottom plot we represent the median curve as a continuous brown line and the $90 \%$ and $50 \%$ credible intervals respectively as yellow and red dahsed lines.
we obtain the median and credible intervals on the luminosity distribution.

The plot in the top panel of Fig. 6 shows the $\mathrm{d} R_{0} / \mathrm{d} \log _{10} L 90 \%$ and $50 \%$ credible intervals as functions of $\log _{10} L$ and compares them to other estimations performed in other works (Salafia et al. 2020; Tan \& Yu 2020; Ghirlanda et al. 2016). It illustrates how the short GRB luminosity function in our model peaks around $L \sim L_{\mathrm{GRB}} 1^{70817 \mathrm{~A}}$, considering this the only short GRB event observed at such a low luminosity.

The plot in the bottom panel of Fig. 6 shows the inverse cumulative short GRB rate density distribution $R_{0}(>L)$ as a function of the luminosity $L$. The credible intervals corresponding to the sampled curve are compatible with the BNS rate density measured for Abbott et al. (2021c).

Given the present results on the low-luminosity short GRB population and the expected sensitivity for the fourth observing run of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo (O4; Abbott et al. 2020), and only considering short GRBs detected by Fermi/GBM as onboard triggers, we estimate a joint GW-GRB detection rate of $R_{\mathrm{GW}-\mathrm{GRB}}^{\mathrm{O} 4}=1.04_{-0.27}^{+0.26} \mathrm{yr}^{-1}$ during the next data collecting period.

## 6. CONCLUSIONS

We followed-up Fermi/GBM and Swift/BAT GRBs reported during LIGO-Virgo's O3b and performed a targeted search using the times of the GRBs and their sky localizations to search for possible GW associations. For GRBs flagged as either short or ambiguous (see Sec. 2), we ran a template-based search for BNS and NSBH waveforms (Harry \& Fairhurst 2011; Williamson et al. 2014). We also ran on all GRBs a generic transient analysis to look for GW signals (Sutton et al. 2010; Was et al. 2012). We did not find any significant GW candidate in coincidence with the GRBs we analyzed. Our results are consistent with the previously predicted detection rate of $0.07-1.8$ per year for O3 (Abbott et al. 2019a). We also performed a weighted binomial test to search for a population of subthreshold GW signals in our sample. We did not find strong evidence for any such event. We used different emission models to put a lower bound on the distances of the GRB progenitors. The $90 \%$ exclusion distances are reported in Table 2 for all the GRBs in our sample, along with timing and localization information as well as information on detectors used in the analyses. Finally, we performed a population study for all GRBs analyzed with the modeled search in O1 (Abbott et al. 2017e), O2 (Abbott et al. 2019a), O3a (Abbott et al. 2020) and O3b. Starting from a broken power law to model our population and constrain-
ing two of its parameters through Bayesian inference, we found that our luminosity function peaks around the luminosity value measured for GRB 170817A with this model. Furthermore, the local rate density for short GRBs is compatible with that of BNS events. Based on the present population study, we provided an estimate of the joint GW-GRB detection rate for the O 4 run.

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Table 2. GRB details and associated GW emission limits for each of the Fermi and Swift GRBs followed up on during O3b. The GRB Name column reports each GRB's formal designation (Barthelmy et al. 2009) or the Fermi GBM trigger ID when a formal designation has not been assigned. The UTC times reported are rounded to the earlier integer second. The Satellite column gives the satellite that provided the GRB sky localization used in the GW analysis. The Network column lists the GW detector network used: H1 $=$ LIGO Hanford, L1 $=$ LIGO Livingston, V1 $=$ Virgo. The ${ }^{\dagger}$ symbol indicates that the GRB's $T_{90}>60 \mathrm{~s}$, so the generic transient search's on-source window was extended. Where the generic transient search (Sec. 3.2) and the modeled search (Sec. 3.1) used a different IFO network, the network used by the modeled search is shown in parentheses. The last 5 columns show the $90 \%$ confidence exclusion distances for each GRB ( $D_{90}$ ) for the following emission scenarios: BNS, generic and aligned-spin NSBH from the modeled search, and from the generic transient search, ADI-A, and CSG GW burst at 150 HZ with total radiated energy $E_{\mathrm{GW}}=10^{-2} \mathrm{M}_{\odot} \mathrm{c}^{2}$.

| GRB Name | UTC Time | R.A. | Dec. | Satellite | $T_{90}(\mathrm{~s})$ | $\delta T_{90}(\mathrm{~s})$ | Type | Network | $D_{90}(\mathrm{Mpc})$ |  |  | ADI-A | CSG 150 | Hz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BNS | Generic NSBH | Aligned NSBH |  |  |  |
| 191101A | 21:08:03 | $16^{\mathrm{h}} 47^{\mathrm{m}} 25^{\text {s }}$ | $43^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | Swift | 142.708 | 18.247 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 204 |  | 72 |
| 191106A | 14:15:23 | $17^{\mathrm{h}} 57^{\mathrm{m}} 26^{\text {s }}$ | $46^{\circ} 03^{\prime}$ | Swift | 3.436 | 0.325 | Ambiguous | H1 | 71 | 112 | 148 | - |  | - |
| 191110A | 14:05:34 | $17^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}} 48^{\text {s }}$ | $43^{\circ} 31^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 14.848 | 7.141 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 104 |  | 32 |
| 191111347 | 08:19:09 | $8^{\mathrm{h}} 42^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-32^{\circ} 28^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 5.376 | 0.923 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 91 |  | 31 |
| 191111A | 08:44:29 | $12^{\mathrm{h}} 37^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-32^{\circ} 07^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 88.066 | 0.923 | Long | H1L1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 102 |  | 42 |
| 191111B | 13:07:10 | $15^{\mathrm{h}} 57^{\mathrm{m}} 38^{\text {s }}$ | $-70^{\circ} 25^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 158.212 | 7.209 | Long | H1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 73 |  | 26 |
| 191117A | 00:08:28 | $19^{\mathrm{h}} 51^{\mathrm{m}} 31^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $76^{\circ} 23^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 7.424 | 1.619 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 144 |  | 54 |
| 191117B | 15:17:38 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 29^{\mathrm{m}} 40^{\text {s }}$ | $7^{\circ} 14^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 1.28 | 0.87 | Ambiguous | H1V1 | 141 | 189 | 257 | 77 |  | 25 |
| 191118A | 22:12:01 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 15^{\mathrm{m}} 57^{\text {s }}$ | $-48^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 36.353 | 2.064 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 78 |  | 22 |
| 191119261 | 06:16:07 | $20^{\mathrm{h}} 37^{\mathrm{m}} 24^{\text {s }}$ | $-9^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 8.448 | 3.566 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 39 |  | 17 |
| 191122A | 13:32:56 | $3^{\mathrm{h}} 37^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-32^{\circ} 11^{\prime}$ | Swift | 125.736 | 31.050 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 148 |  | 49 |
| 191123A | 10:38:44 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 21^{\mathrm{m}} 10^{\text {s }}$ | $22^{\circ} 50^{\prime}$ | Swift | 284.812 | 52.232 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 105 |  | 32 |
| 191125A | 04:56:43 | $16^{\mathrm{h}} 12^{\mathrm{m}} 21^{\text {s }}$ | $-13^{\circ} 07^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 77.31 | 0.81 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 177 |  | 59 |
| 191125B | 15:12:45 | $23^{\mathrm{h}} 34^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $18^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 46.336 | 8.208 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 104 |  | 35 |
| 191129A | 03:22:27 | $0^{\mathrm{h}} 35^{\mathrm{m}} 43^{\text {s }}$ | $5^{\circ} 26^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 19.968 | 1.056 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 69 |  | 34 |
| 191130253 | 06:04:41 | $23^{\mathrm{h}} 17^{\mathrm{m}} 36^{\text {s }}$ | $63^{\circ} 05^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 121.09 | 1.45 | Long | H1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 60 |  | 24 |
| 191130507 | 12:09:34 | $23^{\mathrm{h}} 14^{\mathrm{m}} 24^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-7^{\circ} 44^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 61.953 | 1.145 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 74 |  | 36 |
| 191130A | 13:05:02 | $8^{\mathrm{h}} 52^{\mathrm{m}} 19^{\text {s }}$ | $4^{\circ} 60^{\prime}$ | Swift | 17.56 | 2.88 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 95 |  | 33 |
| 191202A | 20:48:51 | $16^{\mathrm{h}} 38^{\mathrm{m}} 08^{\text {s }}$ | $17^{\circ} 33^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 30.72 | 0.81 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 183 |  | 70 |
| 191203A | 06:57:19 | $22^{\mathrm{h}} 09^{\mathrm{m}} 33^{\text {s }}$ | $51^{\circ} 49^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.83 | 0.64 | Short | H1L1 | 87 | 153 | 180 | 73 |  | 32 |
| 191205741 | 17:46:20 | $0^{\mathrm{h}} 56^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-34^{\circ} 09^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 2.05 | 3.62 | Ambiguous | H1L1 | 189 | 211 | 355 | 146 |  | 58 |
| 191213254 | 06:05:33 | $13^{\mathrm{h}} 04^{\mathrm{m}} 14^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-30^{\circ} 27^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 18.944 | 2.919 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 84 |  | 50 |
| 191213B | 18:49:07 | $22^{\mathrm{h}} 04^{\mathrm{m}} 14^{\text {s }}$ | $-13^{\circ} 56^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 9.216 | 4.615 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 20 |  | 9 |
| 191213A | 04:06:23 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 58^{\mathrm{m}} 07^{\text {s }}$ | $-9^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | Swift | 118.992 | 18.265 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 39 |  | 51 |
| 191220589 | 14:08:29 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 07^{\mathrm{m}} 04^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-67^{\circ} 31^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 27.905 | 1.056 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 74 |  | 22 |
| 191220A | 13:29:37 | $18^{\mathrm{h}} 45^{\mathrm{m}} 20^{\text {s }}$ | $26^{\circ} 40^{\prime}$ | Swift | 175.584 | 125.995 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 94 |  | 33 |
| 191221A | 19:14:28 | $2^{\mathrm{h}} 43^{\mathrm{m}} 19^{\text {s }}$ | $-43^{\circ} 02^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 2.24 | 0.78 | Ambiguous | H1V1 | 166 | 219 | 327 | - |  | - |
| 191221B | 20:39:13 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 19^{\mathrm{m}} 19^{\text {s }}$ | $-38^{\circ} 09^{\prime}$ | Swift | 48.0 | 16.0 | Long | H1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 105 |  | 34 |

Table 2 (continued)

| GRB Name | UTC Time | R.A. | Dec. | Satellite | $T_{90}(\mathrm{~s})$ | $\delta T_{90}(\mathrm{~s})$ | Type | Network | $D_{90}(\mathrm{Mpc})$ |  |  | ADI-A | CSG 150 Hz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BNS | Generic NSBH | Aligned NSBH |  |  |
| 191225A | 07:25:16 | $6^{\mathrm{h}} 21^{\mathrm{m}} 57^{\text {s }}$ | $-17^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 112.38 | 11.31 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 92 | 32 |
| 191225B | 17:37:51 | $9^{\mathrm{h}} 43^{\mathrm{m}} 12^{\text {s }}$ | $-7^{\circ} 11^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 82.69 | 2.92 | Long | H1L1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 44 | 32 |
| 191227723 | 17:21:44 | $17^{\mathrm{h}} 12^{\mathrm{m}} 40^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-26^{\circ} 01^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.208 | 0.066 | Short | H1L1V1 | 144 | 207 | 253 | 129 | 46 |
| 191227A | 01:39:37 | $21^{\mathrm{h}} 16^{\mathrm{m}} 40^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-16^{\circ} 43^{\prime}$ | Swift | 55.888 | 16.282 | Long | H1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 98 | 32 |
| 191228A | 00:01:19 | $0^{\mathrm{h}} 21^{\mathrm{m}} 27^{\text {s }}$ | $-8^{\circ} 41^{\prime}$ | Swift | 193.816 | 29.875 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 148 | 52 |
| 200101861 | 20:39:26 | $17^{\mathrm{h}} 09^{\mathrm{m}} 43^{\text {s }}$ | $-35^{\circ} 04^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 9.984 | 0.326 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 70 | 18 |
| 200103678 | 16:16:50 | $23^{\mathrm{h}} 41^{\mathrm{m}} 31^{\text {s }}$ | $-38^{\circ} 22^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 9.984 | 4.971 | Long | H1V1 | - | - | - | 36 | 16 |
| 200103689 | 16:32:23 | $7^{\mathrm{h}} 53^{\mathrm{m}} 55^{\text {s }}$ | $-0^{\circ} 54^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 68.1 | 5.4 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 27 | 18 |
| 200105914 | 21:55:28 | $21^{\mathrm{h}} 32^{\mathrm{m}} 07^{\text {s }}$ | $-41^{\circ} 11^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 16.896 | 2.919 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 74 | 23 |
| 200109A | 01:46:16 | $20^{\mathrm{h}} 28^{\mathrm{m}} 27^{\text {s }}$ | $52^{\circ} 59^{\prime}$ | Swift | 112.0 | 32.0 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 80 | 25 |
| 200110518 | 12:26:08 | $6^{\mathrm{h}} 24^{\mathrm{m}} 36^{\text {s }}$ | $28^{\circ} 53^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 153.859 | 2.064 | Long | H1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 60 | 22 |
| 200112395 | 09:28:27 | $12^{\mathrm{h}} 27^{\mathrm{m}} 52^{\text {s }}$ | $-34^{\circ} 19^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 38.912 | 4.222 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 96 | 36 |
| 200112A | 12:36:31 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 00^{\mathrm{m}} 31^{\text {s }}$ | $64^{\circ} 25^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 4.925 | 0.602 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 141 | 45 |
| 200114A | 03:40:43 | $13^{\mathrm{h}} 17^{\mathrm{m}} 31^{\text {s }}$ | $-0^{\circ} 19^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 29.69 | 0.81 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 141 | 48 |
| 200115A | 11:50:23 | $3^{\mathrm{h}} 45^{\mathrm{m}} 48^{\text {s }}$ | $5^{\circ} 36^{\prime}$ | Swift | 242.14 | 27.23 | Long | H1L1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 102 | 34 |
| 200117517 | 12:24:06 | $8^{\mathrm{h}} 38^{\mathrm{m}} 40^{\text {s }}$ | $-62^{\circ} 31^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 28.416 | 2.187 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 99 | 27 |
| 200120A | 23:04:55 | $9^{\mathrm{h}} 08^{\mathrm{m}} 32^{\text {s }}$ | $-70^{\circ} 26^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 12.8 | 2.9 | Long | H1V1 | - | - | - | 105 | 46 |
| 200122221 | 05:18:20 | $8^{\mathrm{h}} 18^{\mathrm{m}} 38^{\text {s }}$ | $67^{\circ} 05^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 2.816 | 2.673 | Ambiguous | H1L1V1 | 183 | 247 | 371 | 162 | 41 |
| 200122A | 01:41:00 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 00^{\mathrm{m}} 02^{\text {s }}$ | $27^{\circ} 33^{\prime}$ | Swift | 190.596 | 4.515 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 101 | 32 |
| 200125B | 20:43:31 | $0^{\mathrm{h}} 29^{\mathrm{m}} 47^{\text {s }}$ | $64^{\circ} 41^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 5.824 | 0.091 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 176 | 69 |
| 200126466 | 11:10:51 | $3^{\mathrm{h}} 57^{\mathrm{m}} 52^{\text {s }}$ | $-59^{\circ} 37^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.768 | 1.168 | Short | L1V1 | 149 | 214 | 300 | 102 | 23 |
| 200127B | 18:11:18 | $5^{\mathrm{h}} 03^{\mathrm{m}} 33^{\text {s }}$ | $20^{\circ} 04^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 33.025 | 2.919 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 95 | 33 |
| 200128A | 03:40:05 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 34^{\mathrm{m}} 36^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $41^{\circ} 34^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.576 | 0.181 | Short | L1V1 | 149 | 207 | 253 | 94 | 27 |
| 200129A | 09:48:44 | $23^{\mathrm{h}} 05^{\mathrm{m}} 07^{\text {s }}$ | $-44^{\circ} 58^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.112 | 0.464 | Short | H1L1V1(H1L1) | 235 | 323 | 454 | 203 | 64 |
| 200130A | 05:57:16 | $21^{\text {h }} 57^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-65^{\circ} 56^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 56.577 | 3.114 | Long | H1V1 | - | - | - | 110 | 34 |
| 200130B | 09:59:56 | $9^{\mathrm{h}} 10^{\mathrm{m}} 07^{\text {s }}$ | $-51^{\circ} 20^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 11.293 | 0.383 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 14 | 6 |
| 200131A | 22:41:15 | $0^{\text {h }} 12^{\mathrm{m}} 21^{\text {s }}$ | $51^{\circ} 07^{\prime}$ | Swift | 32.74 | 0.88 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 213 | 78 |
| 200201A | 00:57:20 | $19^{\mathrm{h}} 10^{\mathrm{m}} 50^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-11^{\circ} 02^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 12.544 | 1.379 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 102 | 34 |
| 200205 C | 20:17:23 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 52^{\mathrm{m}} 50^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-42^{\circ} 47^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 17.408 | 1.448 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 142 | 50 |
| 200207A | 01:22:55 | $16^{\mathrm{h}} 16^{\mathrm{m}} 21^{\text {s }}$ | $-48^{\circ} 18^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 15.616 | 2.429 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 71 | 32 |
| 200208A | 01:14:17 | $1^{\mathrm{h}} 46^{\mathrm{m}} 55^{\text {s }}$ | $25^{\circ} 19^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 20.992 | 6.931 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 95 | 46 |
| 200211A | 07:26:28 | $23^{\text {h }} 00^{\mathrm{m}} 48^{\text {s }}$ | $-7^{\circ} 09^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 78.594 | 0.362 | Long | H1L1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 188 | 72 |
| 200212A | 10:49:49 | $8^{\mathrm{h}} 19^{\mathrm{m}} 11^{\text {s }}$ | $22^{\circ} 57^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 10.50 | 1.95 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 94 | 34 |
| 200215A | 14:39:31 | $2^{\text {h }} 16^{\mathrm{m}} 24^{\text {s }}$ | $12^{\circ} 47^{\prime}$ | Swift | 11.148 | 2.155 | Long | H1V1 | - | - | - | 101 | 33 |
| 200216A | 09:07:25 | $20^{\mathrm{h}} 45^{\mathrm{m}} 45^{\text {s }}$ | $-11^{\circ} 39^{\prime}$ | Swift | 8.192 | 1.639 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 155 | 51 |
| 200216B | 13:32:33 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 41^{\mathrm{m}} 49^{\text {s }}$ | $19^{\circ} 28^{\prime}$ | Swift | 67.448 | 6.568 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 93 | 33 |
| 200219B | 09:54:14 | $19^{\text {h }} 56^{\mathrm{m}} 31^{\text {s }}$ | $6^{\circ} 39^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 9.984 | 1.305 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 122 | 46 |
| 200219A | 07:36:49 | $22^{\text {h }} 50^{\text {m }} 22^{\text {s }}$ | $-59^{\circ} 06^{\prime}$ | Swift | 288.0 | 50.6 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 215 | 76 |
| 200221A | 03:52:58 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 28^{\mathrm{m}} 24^{\text {s }}$ | $33^{\circ} 08^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 1.728 | 1.336 | Ambiguous | H1L1V1 | 213 | 247 | 377 | 152 | 55 |

Table 2 (continued)

| GRB Name | UTC Time | R.A. | Dec. | Satellite | $T_{90}(\mathrm{~s})$ | $\delta T_{90}(\mathrm{~s})$ | Type | Network | $D_{90}(\mathrm{Mpc})$ |  |  | ADI-A | CSG 150 Hz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BNS | Generic NSBH | Aligned NSBH |  |  |
| 200223A | 19:32:03 | $16^{\text {h }} 33^{\text {m }} 33^{\text {s }}$ | $-55^{\circ} 47^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 65.281 | 10.555 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 102 | 33 |
| 200224B | 05:05:49 | $11^{\mathrm{h}} 51^{\mathrm{m}} 36^{\mathrm{s}}$ | $-28^{\circ} 52^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 299.525 | 2.862 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 94 | 34 |
| 200224C | 09:58:44 | $12^{\mathrm{h}} 28^{\mathrm{m}} 04^{\text {s }}$ | $-19^{\circ} 33^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.064 | 1.922 | Short | H1L1V1 | 120 | 160 | 220 | 112 | 33 |
| 200224A | 03:24:49 | $16^{\mathrm{h}} 34^{\mathrm{m}} 58^{\text {s }}$ | $41^{\circ} 40^{\prime}$ | Swift | 45.0 | 9.2 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 10 | 7 |
| 200227A | 07:20:08 | $3^{\mathrm{h}} 45^{\mathrm{m}} 43^{\text {s }}$ | $9^{\circ} 29^{\prime}$ | Swift | 30.328 | 9.202 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 69 | 21 |
| 200228A | 06:58:33 | $21^{\mathrm{h}} 52^{\mathrm{m}} 02^{\text {s }}$ | $-46^{\circ} 27^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 3.584 | 0.345 | Ambiguous | H1L1V1(H1L1) | 282 | 399 | 528 | 231 | 76 |
| 200228B | 11:14:41 | $16^{\mathrm{h}} 48^{\mathrm{m}} 01^{\text {s }}$ | $16^{\circ} 58^{\prime}$ | Swift | 7.368 | 1.576 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 203 | 73 |
| 200301320 | 07:40:46 | $21^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}} 33{ }^{\text {s }}$ | $7^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 18.176 | 1.145 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 155 | 48 |
| 200303A | 02:34:57 | $14^{\mathrm{h}} 10^{\mathrm{m}} 47^{\text {s }}$ | $51^{\circ} 22^{\prime}$ | Swift | 94.22 | 6.40 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 100 | 30 |
| 200306B | 22:25:25 | $23^{\mathrm{h}} 18^{\mathrm{m}} 07^{\text {s }}$ | $5^{\circ} 06^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 0.992 | 1.226 | Ambiguous | L1V1 | 98 | 156 | 221 | 28 | 19 |
| 200306C | 22:50:39 | $13^{\mathrm{h}} 14^{\mathrm{m}} 18^{\text {s }}$ | $11^{\circ} 16^{\prime}$ | Swift | 53.152 | 13.725 | Long | L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 101 | 32 |
| 200307A | 21:26:59 | $5^{\mathrm{h}} 36^{\mathrm{m}} 43^{\text {s }}$ | $-46^{\circ} 13^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 1.664 | 0.659 | Ambiguous | H1L1(H1L1V1) | 121 | 172 | 195 | 96 | 34 |
| 200308A | 22:35:15 | $21^{\mathrm{h}} 49^{\mathrm{m}} 45^{\text {s }}$ | $-27^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 43.01 | 2.56 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 124 | 39 |
| 200311A | 15:16:12 | $13^{\mathrm{h}} 35^{\mathrm{m}} 57^{\text {s }}$ | $-49^{\circ} 41^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 52.48 | 0.81 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 133 | 49 |
| 200313A | 01:41:36 | $5^{\mathrm{h}} 03^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $20^{\circ} 53^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 13.568 | 0.572 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 210 | 73 |
| 200313B | 10:57:12 | $13^{\mathrm{h}} 28^{\mathrm{m}} 41^{\text {s }}$ | $40^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 5.184 | 4.362 | Ambiguous | L1V1 | 181 | 219 | 286 | - | - |
| 200317A | 00:40:30 | $4^{\mathrm{h}} 22^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-46^{\circ} 19^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 7.616 | 0.529 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 54 | 16 |
| 200319A | 07:44:40 | $4^{\mathrm{h}} 21^{\mathrm{m}} 09^{\text {s }}$ | $-21^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 20.48 | 3.17 | Long | H1L1 | - | - | - | 137 | 47 |
| 200320A | 09:56:46 | $12^{\mathrm{h}} 17^{\mathrm{m}} 21^{\text {s }}$ | $-38^{\circ} 44^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 9.021 | 1.072 | Long | H1L1V1 | - | - | - | 44 | 15 |
| 200323006 | 00:08:42 | $22^{\text {h }} 56^{\text {m }} 50{ }^{\text {s }}$ | $53^{\circ} 02^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 7.168 | 2.521 | Long | L1V1 | - | - | - | 62 | 17 |
| 200323A | 18:46:32 | $10^{\mathrm{h}} 25^{\mathrm{m}} 53{ }^{\text {s }}$ | $-55^{\circ} 32^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 2.11 | 0.58 | Ambiguous | V1 | 19 | 25 | 38 | - | - |
| 200326A | 12:24:47 | $16^{\text {h }} 21^{\text {m }} 19^{\text {s }}$ | $-21^{\circ} 05^{\prime}$ | Fermi | 96.512 | 4.419 | Long | H1L1V1 ${ }^{\dagger}$ | - | - | - | 104 | 33 |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ LIGO Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA
    ${ }^{2}$ Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, LA 70803, USA
    ${ }^{3}$ Dipartimento di Farmacia, Università di Salerno, I-84084 Fisciano, Salerno, Italy
    ${ }^{4}$ INFN, Sezione di Napoli, Complesso Universitario di Monte S. Angelo, I-80126 Napoli, Italy
    ${ }^{5}$ OzGrav, School of Physics 8 Astronomy, Monash University, Clayton 3800, Victoria, Australia
    ${ }^{6}$ LIGO Livingston Observatory, Livingston, LA 70754, USA
    ${ }^{7}$ University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, Milwaukee, WI 53201, USA
    ${ }^{8}$ OzGrav, Australian National University, Canberra, Australian Capital Territory 0200, Australia
    ${ }^{9}$ Max Planck Institute for Gravitational Physics (Albert Einstein Institute), D-30167 Hannover, Germany
    ${ }^{10}$ Leibniz Universität Hannover, D-30167 Hannover, Germany
    ${ }^{11}$ Inter-University Centre for Astronomy and Astrophysics, Pune 411007, India
    ${ }^{12}$ University of Cambridge, Cambridge CB2 1 TN, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{13}$ Theoretisch-Physikalisches Institut, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena, D-07743 Jena, Germany
    ${ }^{14}$ University of Birmingham, Birmingham B15 2TT, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{15}$ Center for Interdisciplinary Exploration 8 Research in Astrophysics (CIERA), Northwestern University, Evanston, IL 60208, USA
    ${ }^{16}$ Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais, 12227-010 São José dos Campos, São Paulo, Brazil
    ${ }^{17}$ Gravity Exploration Institute, Cardiff University, Cardiff CF24 3AA, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{18}$ INFN, Sezione di Pisa, I-56127 Pisa, Italy
    ${ }^{19}$ International Centre for Theoretical Sciences, Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Bengaluru 560089, India
    ${ }^{20}$ Gravitational Wave Science Project, National Astronomical Observatory of Japan (NAOJ), Mitaka City, Tokyo 181-8588, Japan
    ${ }^{21}$ Advanced Technology Center, National Astronomical Observatory of Japan (NAOJ), Mitaka City, Tokyo 181-8588, Japan
    ${ }^{22}$ INFN Sezione di Torino, I-10125 Torino, Italy
    ${ }^{23}$ Università di Napoli "Federico II", Complesso Universitario di Monte S. Angelo, I-80126 Napoli, Italy
    ${ }^{24}$ Université de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS, Institut Lumière Matière, F-69622 Villeurbanne, France
    ${ }^{25}$ Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-0033, Japan
    ${ }^{26}$ Research Center for the Early Universe (RESCEU), The University of Tokyo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-0033, Japan
    ${ }^{27}$ Institut de Ciències del Cosmos (ICCUB), Universitat de Barcelona, C/ Martí i Franquès 1, Barcelona, 08028, Spain
    ${ }^{28}$ Laboratoire d'Annecy de Physique des Particules (LAPP), Univ. Grenoble Alpes, Université Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS/IN2P3, F-74941 Annecy, France
    ${ }^{29}$ Gran Sasso Science Institute (GSSI), I-67100 L'Aquila, Italy
    ${ }^{30}$ SUPA, University of Strathclyde, Glasgow G1 1XQ, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{31}$ Dipartimento di Scienze Matematiche, Informatiche e Fisiche, Università di Udine, I-33100 Udine, Italy
    ${ }^{32}$ INFN, Sezione di Trieste, I-34127 Trieste, Italy
    ${ }^{33}$ Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Prescott, AZ 86301, USA
    ${ }^{34}$ Université de Paris, CNRS, Astroparticule et Cosmologie, F-75006 Paris, France
    ${ }^{35}$ Institute for Cosmic Ray Research (ICRR), KAGRA Observatory, The University of Tokyo, Kashiwa City, Chiba 277-8582, Japan
    ${ }^{36}$ Accelerator Laboratory, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK), Tsukuba City, Ibaraki 305-0801, Japan
    ${ }^{37}$ Earthquake Research Institute, The University of Tokyo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-0032, Japan
    ${ }^{38}$ California State University Fullerton, Fullerton, CA 92831, USA
    ${ }^{39}$ Université Paris-Saclay, CNRS/IN2P3, IJCLab, 91405 Orsay, France
    ${ }^{40}$ European Gravitational Observatory (EGO), I-56021 Cascina, Pisa, Italy
    ${ }^{41}$ Chennai Mathematical Institute, Chennai 603103, India
    ${ }^{42}$ Department of Mathematics and Physics, Gravitational Wave Science Project, Hirosaki University, Hirosaki City, Aomori 036-8561, Japan
    ${ }^{43}$ Columbia University, New York, NY 10027, USA
    ${ }^{44}$ Kamioka Branch, National Astronomical Observatory of Japan (NAOJ), Kamioka-cho, Hida City, Gifu 506-1205, Japan
    ${ }^{45}$ The Graduate University for Advanced Studies (SOKENDAI), Mitaka City, Tokyo 181-8588, Japan
    ${ }^{46}$ Università degli Studi di Urbino "Carlo Bo", I-61029 Urbino, Italy
    ${ }^{47}$ INFN, Sezione di Firenze, I-50019 Sesto Fiorentino, Firenze, Italy
    ${ }^{48}$ INFN, Sezione di Roma, I-00185 Roma, Italy
    ${ }^{49}$ Université catholique de Louvain, B-1348 Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium
    ${ }^{50}$ Nikhef, Science Park 105, 1098 XG Amsterdam, Netherlands
    ${ }^{51}$ King's College London, University of London, London WC2R 2LS, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{52}$ Korea Institute of Science and Technology Information (KISTI), Yuseong-gu, Daejeon 34141, Korea
    ${ }^{53}$ National Institute for Mathematical Sciences, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon 34047, Korea
    ${ }^{54}$ Christopher Newport University, Newport News, VA 23606, USA
    ${ }^{55}$ International College, Osaka University, Toyonaka City, Osaka 560-0043, Japan

[^1]:    ${ }^{165}$ CNR-SPIN, c/o Università di Salerno, I-84084 Fisciano, Salerno, Italy
    ${ }^{166}$ Scuola di Ingegneria, Università della Basilicata, I-85100 Potenza, Italy
    ${ }^{167}$ Observatori Astronòmic, Universitat de València, E-46980 Paterna, València, Spain
    ${ }^{168}$ The University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT 84112, USA
    ${ }^{169}$ Kenyon College, Gambier, OH 43022, USA
    ${ }^{170}$ Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, 1081 HV, Amsterdam, Netherlands
    ${ }^{171}$ Department of Astronomy, The University of Tokyo, Mitaka City, Tokyo 181-8588, Japan
    ${ }^{172}$ Faculty of Engineering, Niigata University, Nishi-ku, Niigata City, Niigata 950-2181, Japan
    ${ }^{173}$ State Key Laboratory of Magnetic Resonance and Atomic and Molecular Physics, Innovation Academy for Precision Measurement Science and Technology (APM), Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xiao Hong Shan, Wuhan 430071, China
    ${ }^{174}$ University of Szeged, Dóm tér 9, Szeged 6720, Hungary
    ${ }^{175}$ Universiteit Gent, B-9000 Gent, Belgium
    ${ }^{176}$ Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14850, USA
    ${ }^{177}$ University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC V6T 1Z4, Canada
    ${ }^{178}$ Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Mumbai 400005, India
    ${ }^{179}$ INAF, Osservatorio Astronomico di Capodimonte, I-80131 Napoli, Italy
    ${ }^{180}$ The University of Mississippi, University, MS 38677, USA
    ${ }^{181}$ University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 48109, USA
    ${ }^{182}$ Texas A 8 M University, College Station, TX 77843, USA
    ${ }^{183}$ Department of Physics, Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology (UNIST), Ulju-gun, Ulsan 44919, Korea
    ${ }^{184}$ Applied Research Laboratory, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK), Tsukuba City, Ibaraki 305-0801, Japan
    ${ }^{185}$ Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Trieste, I-34127 Trieste, Italy
    ${ }^{186}$ Shanghai Astronomical Observatory, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 200030, China
    ${ }^{187}$ American University, Washington, D.C. 20016, USA
    ${ }^{188}$ Faculty of Science, University of Toyama, Toyama City, Toyama 930-8555, Japan
    ${ }^{189}$ Institute for Cosmic Ray Research (ICRR), KAGRA Observatory, The University of Tokyo, Kamioka-cho, Hida City, Gifu 506-1205, Japan
    ${ }^{190}$ Carleton College, Northfield, MN 55057, USA
    ${ }^{191}$ University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA
    ${ }^{192}$ Maastricht University, 6200 MD, Maastricht, Netherlands
    ${ }^{193}$ College of Industrial Technology, Nihon University, Narashino City, Chiba 275-8575, Japan
    ${ }^{194}$ Graduate School of Science and Technology, Niigata University, Nishi-ku, Niigata City, Niigata 950-2181, Japan
    ${ }^{195}$ Department of Physics, National Taiwan Normal University, sec. 4, Taipei 116, Taiwan
    ${ }^{196}$ Astronomy 8 Space Science, Chungnam National University, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon 34134, Korea, Korea
    ${ }^{197}$ Department of Physics and Mathematics, Aoyama Gakuin University, Sagamihara City, Kanagawa 252-5258, Japan
    ${ }^{198}$ Kavli Institute for Astronomy and Astrophysics, Peking University, Haidian District, Beijing 100871, China
    ${ }^{199}$ Yukawa Institute for Theoretical Physics (YITP), Kyoto University, Sakyou-ku, Kyoto City, Kyoto 606-8502, Japan
    ${ }^{200}$ Graduate School of Science and Engineering, University of Toyama, Toyama City, Toyama 930-8555, Japan
    ${ }^{201}$ Department of Physics, Graduate School of Science, Osaka City University, Sumiyoshi-ku, Osaka City, Osaka 558-8585, Japan
    ${ }^{202}$ Nambu Yoichiro Institute of Theoretical and Experimental Physics (NITEP), Osaka City University, Sumiyoshi-ku, Osaka City, Osaka 558-8585, Japan
    ${ }^{203}$ Institute of Space and Astronautical Science (JAXA), Chuo-ku, Sagamihara City, Kanagawa 252-0222, Japan
    ${ }^{204}$ Directorate of Construction, Services $\S$ Estate Management, Mumbai 400094, India
    ${ }^{205}$ Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN 37235, USA
    ${ }^{206}$ Universiteit Antwerpen, Prinsstraat 13, 2000 Antwerpen, Belgium
    ${ }^{207}$ University of Biatystok, 15-424 Biatystok, Poland
    ${ }^{208}$ Department of Physics, Ewha Womans University, Seodaemun-gu, Seoul 03760, Korea
    ${ }^{209}$ National Astronomical Observatories, Chinese Academic of Sciences, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China
    ${ }^{210}$ School of Astronomy and Space Science, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China
    ${ }^{211}$ University of Southampton, Southampton SO17 1BJ, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{212}$ Institute for Cosmic Ray Research (ICRR), The University of Tokyo, Kashiwa City, Chiba 277-8582, Japan
    ${ }^{213}$ Chung-Ang University, Seoul 06974, South Korea
    ${ }^{214}$ Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, and ICREA, E-08193 Barcelona, Spain
    ${ }^{215}$ Graduate School of Science, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 152-8551, Japan
    ${ }^{216}$ University of Washington Bothell, Bothell, WA 98011, USA
    ${ }^{217}$ Institute of Applied Physics, Nizhny Novgorod, 603950, Russia
    ${ }^{218}$ Ewha Womans University, Seoul 03760, South Korea

[^2]:    ${ }^{219}$ Inje University Gimhae, South Gyeongsang 50834, South Korea
    ${ }^{220}$ Department of Physics, Myongji University, Yongin 17058, Korea
    ${ }^{221}$ Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute, Daejeon 34055, South Korea
    ${ }^{222}$ National Institute for Mathematical Sciences, Daejeon 34047, South Korea
    ${ }^{223}$ Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology, Ulsan 44919, South Korea
    ${ }^{224}$ Department of Physical Science, Hiroshima University, Higashihiroshima City, Hiroshima 903-0213, Japan
    ${ }^{225}$ School of Physics and Astronomy, Cardiff University, Cardiff, CF24 3AA, UK
    ${ }^{226}$ Institute of Astronomy, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu 30013, Taiwan
    ${ }^{227}$ Bard College, 30 Campus Rd, Annandale-On-Hudson, NY 12504, USA
    ${ }^{228}$ Institute of Mathematics, Polish Academy of Sciences, 00656 Warsaw, Poland
    ${ }^{229}$ National Center for Nuclear Research, 05-400 Świerk-Otwock, Poland ${ }^{230}$ Instituto de Fisica Teorica, 28049 Madrid, Spain
    ${ }^{231}$ Department of Physics, Nagoya University, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya, Aichi 464-8602, Japan
    232 Université de Montréal/Polytechnique, Montreal, Quebec H3T 1J4, Canada
    ${ }^{233}$ Laboratoire Lagrange, Université Côte d'Azur, Observatoire Côte d'Azur, CNRS, F-06304 Nice, France
    ${ }^{234}$ Department of Physics, Hanyang University, Seoul 04763, Korea
    ${ }^{235}$ Sungkyunkwan University, Seoul 03063, South Korea
    ${ }^{236}$ NAVIER, École des Ponts, Univ Gustave Eiffel, CNRS, Marne-la-Vallée, France
    ${ }^{237}$ Department of Physics, National Cheng Kung University, Tainan City 701, Taiwan
    ${ }^{238}$ National Center for High-performance computing, National Applied Research Laboratories, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 30076, Taiwan
    ${ }^{239}$ Institute for High-Energy Physics, University of Amsterdam, Science Park 904, 1098 XH Amsterdam, Netherlands
    ${ }^{240}$ NASA Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, AL 35811, USA
    ${ }^{241}$ University of Washington, Seattle, WA 98195, USA
    ${ }^{242}$ Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università degli Studi Roma Tre, I-00146 Roma, Italy
    ${ }^{243}$ INFN, Sezione di Roma Tre, I-00146 Roma, Italy
    ${ }^{244}$ ESPCI, CNRS, F-75005 Paris, France
    ${ }^{245}$ Concordia University Wisconsin, Mequon, WI 53097, USA
    ${ }^{246}$ Università di Camerino, Dipartimento di Fisica, I-62032 Camerino, Italy
    ${ }^{247}$ School of Physics Science and Engineering, Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China
    ${ }^{248}$ Southern University and AछM College, Baton Rouge, LA 70813, USA
    ${ }^{249}$ Centre Scientifique de Monaco, 8 quai Antoine Ier, MC-98000, Monaco
    ${ }^{250}$ Institute for Photon Science and Technology, The University of Tokyo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-8656, Japan
    ${ }^{251}$ Indian Institute of Technology Madras, Chennai 600036, India
    ${ }^{252}$ Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, Bidhannagar, West Bengal 700064, India
    ${ }^{253}$ The Applied Electromagnetic Research Institute, National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Koganei City, Tokyo 184-8795, Japan
    ${ }^{254}$ Institut des Hautes Etudes Scientifiques, F-91440 Bures-sur-Yvette, France
    ${ }^{255}$ Faculty of Law, Ryukoku University, Fushimi-ku, Kyoto City, Kyoto 612-8577, Japan
    ${ }^{256}$ Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Kolkata, Mohanpur, West Bengal 741252, India
    ${ }^{257}$ Department of Astrophysics/IMAPP, Radboud University Nijmegen, P.O. Box 9010, 6500 GL Nijmegen, Netherlands
    ${ }^{258}$ Department of Physics, University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, IN 46556, USA
    ${ }^{259}$ Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche - Istituto dei Sistemi Complessi, Piazzale Aldo Moro 5, I-00185 Roma, Italy
    ${ }^{260}$ Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute (KASI), Yuseong-gu, Daejeon 34055, Korea
    ${ }^{261}$ Hobart and William Smith Colleges, Geneva, NY 14456, USA
    ${ }^{262}$ International Institute of Physics, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte, Natal RN 59078-970, Brazil
    ${ }^{263}$ Museo Storico della Fisica e Centro Studi e Ricerche "Enrico Fermi", I-00184 Roma, Italy
    ${ }^{264}$ Lancaster University, Lancaster LA1 $4 Y W$, United Kingdom
    ${ }^{265}$ Università di Trento, Dipartimento di Matematica, I-38123 Povo, Trento, Italy
    ${ }^{266}$ Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Pune, Maharashtra 411008, India
    ${ }^{267}$ Dipartimento di Fisica, Università degli Studi di Torino, I-10125 Torino, Italy
    ${ }^{268}$ Indian Institute of Technology, Palaj, Gandhinagar, Gujarat 382355, India
    ${ }^{269}$ Department of Physics, Kyoto University, Sakyou-ku, Kyoto City, Kyoto 606-8502, Japan
    $2^{270}$ Department of Electronic Control Engineering, National Institute of Technology, Nagaoka College, Nagaoka City, Niigata 940-8532, Japan
    ${ }^{271}$ Departamento de Matemática da Universidade de Aveiro and Centre for Research and Development in Mathematics and Applications, Campus de Santiago, 3810-183 Aveiro, Portugal

[^3]:    * Deceased, August 2020.

[^4]:    2 There are actually 42 efficiency curves available from the O2 PyGRB analysis, but the efficiency curve corresponding to GRB 170817A was not computed properly since the pipeline considered the GW170817 event as a background event.

