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LIGO Instrument Science Priority Matrix

The following matrix is intended as a companion to the LSC 2007 Instrument Science White Paper (LIGO-T070137-05-R). The purpose is to identify the tasks and goals outlined in the white paper with phases or or goals within the larger framework of GW science development. Specifically, four major motivations for the white paper activities were identified:

- Fundamental Science which lays the groundwork broadly for GW development,
- AdvLIGO Risk Mitigation (tasks which address problems that might crop up in the planned AdvLIGO program),
- "Enhanced AdvLIGO" (developments which might be suitable to incorporate into AdvLIGO after a couple of years of AdvLIGO operation and which might give a moderate performance improvement at a modest cost), and
- Third Generation Detectors, which offer very significant performance improvements (either in sensitivity or frequency coverage) but would require major changes or possibly new facilities.

Each task was evaluated to identify which of these categories provided the primary motivation for the activity and further, each task was assigned a priority (high, medium, or low). Many of the tasks also have one or more secondary motivations, and these were also identified and prioritized.

Three new topics were identified, representing issues which have arisen since the last revision of the LSC Instrument White Paper. These have been included in the matrix below.

White Paper section	Topic	Goal	Funda- mental Science	AdvLIGO Risk Mitigation	"Enhanced" AdvLIGO	Third Generation Detectors		
2. Suspension	2. Suspensions and Isolation							
2.2.1.2	Advanced	Reduce tilt/horizontal coupling in seismometers for active		Secondary-	Primary-	Secondary-		
	seismometers	anti-seismic systems		medium	medium	medium		

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2.2.1.3	Suspension point interferometers	Investigate systems for measuring the rotation and position sensing of seismic platforms relative to each other to improve lock acquisition and reduce final stage dynamic range		Primary- high	Secondary- medium	Secondary- medium
2.2.2.1	Excess thermal noise from clamps and break-offs	Investigate of alternative metal wire clamping techniques for reducing thermal noise		Secondary - medium	Primary- medium	
2.22.2	Multiple Pendulum Suspensions, mechanical and control aspects	Improve understanding of AdvLIGO prototype performance, develop novel control strategies for local and global control		Primary - high	Secondary - medium	
2.2.2.3	Development of monolithic final stage	a) characterize AdvLIGO baseline design b) possible improvement to increase dilution factor		a) Primary high	a) Secondary high b)Primary high	b) Secondary- medium
2.2.2.4	Violin mode damping	Develop means to sense and damp violin mode motion		Primary- high	Secondary - medium	
2.2.2.5	Creep noise	Investigate the rate and amplitude distribution of non-Gaussian noise events in wire and fused silica fiber suspensions		Primary- medium	Secondary - medium	Secondary - medium
2.2.2.6	Time domain modeling of suspensions	Integrate suspension and seismic isolation models to investigate high power effects		Primary- medium	Secondary - medium	
2.3.1.1	Control aspects and different payloads	Investigate alternate methods for easing lock acquisitition		Primary- medium	Secondary - medium	
2.3.1.2	Newtonian coupling	Understand Newtonian noise and test techniques to mitigate it			Primary high	Secondary high
2.3.2.1	Silicon suspensions	Develop flexures of silicon and measure their properties				Primary - High
2.3.2.2	Low noise blades	Develop silicon or fused silica blades for vertical isolation			Secondary - medium	Primary- medium

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2.3.2.3	Novel attachment techniques	Investigate alternates to silicate bond attachments			Secondary low	Primary medium
2.3.2.4	Larger masses	Investigate suspensions for larger Test masses/optics			Secondary - high	Primary high
2.3.2.5	Cryogenics – suspension aspects	Study designs concepts for cryogenic suspension				Primary high
2.3.2.6	Cryogenics – radiative cooling	Investigate radiative and evanescent wave cooling			Secondary - medium	Primary medium
3. Optics						
3.1.1	Optical coating research	Investigate materials and techniques (e.g., annealing) for improving coating performance for GW interferometry	Secondary medium	Primary- high	Secondary - high	Secondary - high
NEW	Coating absorption and scattered light	Develop lower absorption and lower scatter loss coatings for the test masses		Primary - High	Secondary - High	
3.1.2	Fused silica test mass research	Investigate possible trade-off between optical loss and mechanical loss in fused silica, measure uniformity		Primary- low	Secondary - medium	Secondary - medium
3.1.3	Thermal compensation research	Investigate techniques such a barrel coatings that might ease the thermal compensation requirements for high power operation		Primary- medium	Secondary - medium	
3.1.4	High power effects in Advanced LIGO	Investigate parametric instabilities and means to control them		Primary- high	Secondary - high	
3.1.5	Modeling thermal effects in Advanced LIGO	Develop improved computer models for simulating thermal effects in Advanced LIGO		Primary - High	Secondary - High	
3.1.6	Diagnostics for Advanced LIGO optics	Develop improved performance for sensing distortions of AdvLIGO optics in-situ			Primary- medium	
3.1.7	High power optical components	Develop EOMs and FIs capable of higher power operation		Primary- high	Secondary - high	
3.1.8	Charging of test masses	Directly measure noise due to charge build-up on test mass optics, and develop techniques for controlling charging		Primary - High	Secondary - High	
NEW	Charging of test mass and stops	Improve the modeling and calculate impact of charging on interferometer noise		Primary- high		

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3.1.9	Variable reflectivity signal recycling mirror	Develop control systems and other hardware needed to implement a variable reflectivity signal recycling mirror			Primary medium	Secondary medium
3.1.10	Investigation into sources of non-Gaussian noise	Measure non-Gaussian transient noise burst in optics and understand causes		Primary - Low	Secondary - Medium	
3.2.1	Mesa beam optics	Develop and test auto alignment sensing schemes for mesa beam optical cavities			Primary medium	Secondary medium
3.2.2	Development and characterization of novel optical substrate materials	Develop and characterize sapphire and/or silicon for optical substrates	Secondary medium		Secondary low	Primary high
3.2.3	High efficiency grating development and characterization	Develop, characterize and model large area high efficiency gratings for use in GW interferometers	Secondary medium			Primary - Medium
3.2.4	Low loss nonlinear optical materials for squeezed light interferometry	Study loss mechanisms in non-linear materials to improve performance for squeezing and improve long term reliability	Secondary - High		Primary - High	Secondary - Medium
3.2.5	Composite masses	Study composite test masses as a way of reducing quantum radiation pressure noise				Primary - High
3.2.6	Coating-less or coating-reduced optics	Develop and experimentally test coating-free or reduced coating interferometers				Primary- high
4. Lasers						
4.2.1	High power concepts – Yb:YAG	Characterize Yb:YAG for kilowatt class lasers for GW interferometers	Primary- high			Secondary - medium
4.2.2	High power concepts – slabs, rods	Model and characterize slabs and birefringence compensated rods for higher power laser designs			Primary - Medium	Secondary - medium

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4.2.3	High power concepts – amplifiers	Investigate performance and longevity of optical fiber amplifiers	Secondary- high		Secondary - medium	Primary - medium
4.2.4	High power concepts – adaptive optics	Develop static and/or dynamic wavefront correction techniques for matching laser beam profiles to optical cavities			Secondary low	Primary Medium
4.2.5	High power concepts – pumpfiber combine	Test optical pump fiber combiners for long term operation			Secondary high	Primary High
4.2.6	Squeezed light sources	Develop reliable high efficiency squeezed light (squeezed vacuum) sources	Secondary - High		Primary high	
4.2.7	Laser Stabilization	Development of laser stabilization techniques, particularly relative intensity stabilization		Primary medium	Secondary high	
4.2.8	Photodiodes	Develop high efficiency, high power photodiodes		Primary - High	Secondary - high	
5. Advanced	l Interferometer Co	onfigurations		•		
5.1	Advanced LIGO and possible enhancements	a) test interferometer sensing and control component parts for AdvLIGO b) optimize readout parameters and analysis of AdvLIGO sensing and control scheme c) Investigate alternative and modified sensing schemes for AdvLIGO		a)Primary- high b) Primary- high c) Secondary- medium	c) Primary - high	
5.2	Simulation	 a) Model non-linear effects including lock-acquisition b) analyze thermal effects and optical aberrations c) Study control schemes d) Study quantum radiation pressure, optical spring effects and squeezing 		a) Primary- high b) Primary- high c) Primary- high d) Primary- high	a) Secondary - medium b) Secondary - medium c) Secondary - medium d) Secondary - medium	

White Paper section	Topic	Goal	Funda- mental Science	AdvLIGO Risk Mitigation	"Enhanced" AdvLIGO	Third Generation Detectors
-	Beyond Advanced LIGO: quantum techniques	a) development of squeezed light sources b) development of filter cavities c) development of optical configurations beyond the standard quantum limit d) investigation of displacement-free interferometry	a) Secondary - medium c) Secondary - medium d) Secondary - medium		a) Primary- high b) Primary- high c) Primary- high	a) Secondary - high b) Secondary - high c) Secondary - high d) Primary- medium
5.3	Generic techniques in configurations	 a) control of high power coupled cavity systems b) new readout schemes c) theoretical modeling of radiation pressure in coupled cavities d) interferometer configurations based on diffractive or polarizing optics 	b) Secondary - medium c) Secondary - medium		a) Primary- high b) Primary- high c) Primary- high	b) Secondary - medium d) Primary - high