



# Astrophysical Source Identification and Signature (ASIS) Report

# LSC General Meeting, August 2000

#### Bruce Allen University of Wisconsin - Milwaukee





# **ASIS** Overview

- Since last LSC meeting, ASIS has met three times (teleconference). Regularly-scheduled monthly meetings will start this Fall.
- Mailing list:110 members of whom ~25 actively doing ASIS coordinated-work

Chair: Bruce Allen Webmaster: Patrick Brady Meeting Organizer: Alan Wiseman Secretary: Alberto Vecchio LIGO Laboratory Liaison: Barry Barish

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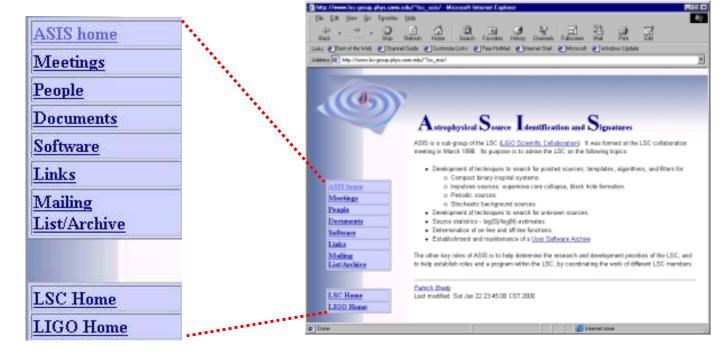
## **ASIS** Web Site:

#### www.lsc-group.phys.uwm.edu/~lsc\_asis/

Documents, software, & links

Meetings announcements, agendas & minutes

Mailing list & archives







## Organization of ASIS Work

- Priorities set in "LSC Data Analysis White Paper".
- In August 1999, finalized lead groups for different software development/coding tasks.
   Note: several "high-priority" tasks still unassigned
- Analysis codes collected in public LAL Library
  - » current release 0.4
  - » code and documentation available for public examination
  - » auto-documentation system
  - » installs and runs properly on many platforms (intel/alpha linux, solaris, irix, digital unix, etc.)
  - » easy interface to the LIGO Data Analysis System





## Organization of ASIS Work

- Current Lead groups for coding/development work:
  - » Albert Einstein Institute (MPG Potsdam): hierarchical pulsar search
  - » Caltech: known pulsar search
  - Cardiff: (1) binary inspiral search template generation & placement
     (2) "blind" line-tracking time-frequency search
  - Cornell: (1) transient source search with power statistic
     (2) robust stochastic background search
  - » U. Michigan: amplitude-modulation discriminator (antenna pattern)
  - » U. Texas Brownsville: stochastic background search
  - » U. Wisconsin Milwaukee: (1) binary inspiral search hierarchical filtering code (2) hierarchical stack-slide pulsar search
- Other groups actively participating in ASIS include: CFA, CIT-TAPIR, LLO, Stanford, TAMA, UFG

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# Pulsar Search:

## Albert Einstein Institute (Potsdam)

- Entire AEI gravitational-wave group
- General-purpose code. Expected sensitivity:
  - » Infinite CPU: detector-limited sensitivity  $h \sim 10^{-25} \cos(\phi(t))$
  - » 100 Gflops: 4-month equally-sensitive search of Galaxy with no spindown (pulsars > 10<sup>7</sup> years old) in frequency range 500-1000 Hz
- Area search method: three-step hierarchical
  - Start with database of short (~1 hour-long) FFTs. Combine (with demodulation) 24 of these to make ~1-day long demodulated FFT for large skyposition/spindown "patch". Identify frequency-space "peaks".
  - 2. Use Hough transform to look for pattern of peaks consistent with small skyposition/spindown "patch".
  - 3. If threshold exceeded, follow up with coherent demodulation.





# Pulsar Search:

## Albert Einstein Institute (Potsdam)

- Current status:
  - » Source database code completed for several source types, from NASA ADC, Princeton Pulsar Group, and Parkes multi-beam survey catalogs.
  - » Earth GPS time to solar-system barycenter time conversion code completed (uses JPL ephemeris data to replace TEMPO package!).
  - » Demodulation code completed and tested (used in stages 1 & 3).
  - » Coarse parameter space gridding code now undergoing testing. Fine gridding code now underway
  - » Hough transform code (used in stage 2) coding underway, currently several implementations. Working with VIRGO-Rome group.
- Open problems:
  - » How to take full advantage of correlations in source-parameter space
  - » Finding a very efficient implementation of the Hough transform





# Pulsar Search: Caltech

- Stuart Anderson
- Search for GW emission from known (radio) pulsars.
- Will obtain detector-limited sensitivity h~10<sup>-25</sup> cos(\u00f6(t)) using insignificant computational resources.
- Method: for each known pulsar, fold (add together) timeseries GW data using correct period pre-determined from radio data.





# Binary Inspiral Search: Cardiff

- D. Churches and B.S. Sathyaprakash
- "Half" of binary inspiral search code (filtering "half" from UWM)
- Inspiral waveform template generation and parameter-space gridding.
- Produce accurate or "best" waveforms:
  - » 2.5 post-Newtonian order
  - » systems from 0.1 to 30 solar masses
  - » Taylor and Pade approximation methods
  - » time-domain & stationary-phase in frequency-domain.

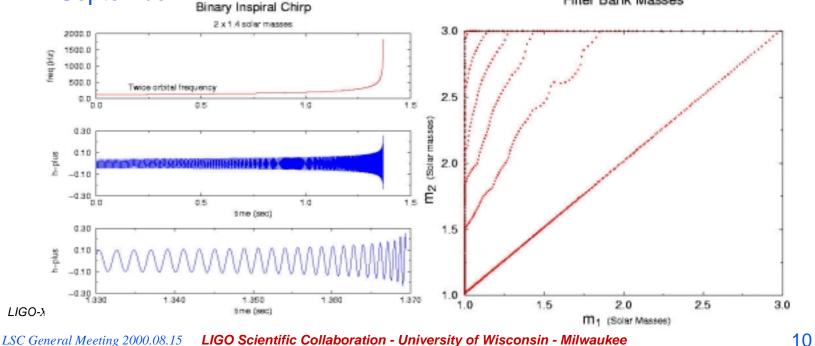




# Binary Inspiral Search: Cardiff

#### Current status

- » time and frequency domain Taylor & Pade approximant code in LAL for spinless zero-eccentricity systems.
- » Coding for template placement now underway should be completed by September.
  Filter Bank Masses



# Line-Tracking Time-Frequency Search: Cardiff

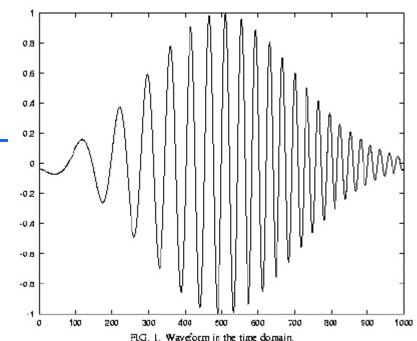
- R. Balasubramanian, W. Anderson, E. Chassande-Mottin
- Method looks for "curves" in time-frequency diagram
- Useful technique for unmodeled sources, such as highmass binary systems
- Current status: time-frequency transform code complete & in LAL:
  - » Wigner-Ville
  - » Windowed FFT
  - » Reassigned Spectrogram
- Steger's line-tracking algorithm complete
- Currently being tested on LIGO engineering data





# Power Statistic: Cornell

- E. Flanagan, P. Brady, J. Creighton
- Method looks for "rectangles" in time-frequency diagram with excess energy
- Useful technique for unmodeled sources
- Code complete & in LAL
- Paper documenting method "in preparation"



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# Robust Stochastic Background Detection: Cornell

- E. Flanagan, S. Drasco
- Method to search for stochastic background by correlating two or more detectors
- Generalization of the "traditional" two-detector correlation method, which gives optimal treatment of some types of non-Gaussian detector noise, in weak signal limit
- Paper documenting robust method is completed.
- Code being written in collaboration with UTB group and others.

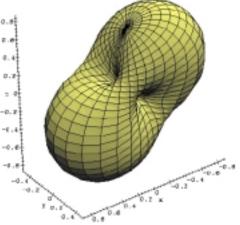




# Amplitude Modulation Discriminator: U. of Michigan

- D. Chin, K. Riles
- Tools to see if the amplitude of a posited source (for example a pulsar) exhibits an amplitude modulation consistent with it's inferred position.
- First version is completed, and in LAL library.
- Testing revealed several errors in literature.

Typical antenna pattern (average sensitivity to both source polarizations)



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# Stochastic Background Detection: U. Texas - Brownsville

- J. Romano, M. Diaz, E. Flanagan, A. Vecchio, C. Ungarelli
- Method to search for stochastic background by correlating two or more detectors
- Tool-kit for multi-detector correlation
- Filter bank will search for  $\Omega(f)$  of "broken power law" form
- Should enable detector-limited sensitivity of Ω(f~100 Hz)~10<sup>-6</sup> in four months of integration with the two LIGO detectors.
- Some code in LAL, more coming soon.



- B. Allen, P. Brady, D. Brown, J. Creighton, A. Wiseman
- The "filtering half" of the binary inspiral search code (Cardiff doing templates, template placement)
- Implements general N-level hierarchical search through arbitrary set of templates
  - » Family of post-Newtonian binary inspiral waveforms
  - » Black hole horizon-formation ringdown
- Code now complete.
  - » Being used as example for building/testing LIGO Data Analysis System "Wrapper API" interface
  - » Undergoing first stage of testing (simulated Gaussian noise)

# Hierarchical Stack-Slide Pulsar Search: U. Wisconsin - Milwaukee

- P. Brady, T. Creighton
- General-purpose code for area or targeted searches. Uses a two-step hierarchy:
  - » On coarse grid:
    - Demodulate short time-series for given source parameters (sky position & spindown)
    - Combine resulting FFTs by sliding (depending on source parameters) and adding power.
  - » For grid points exceeding threshold, repeat on (selected) fine grid
- Expected sensitivity: similar to Hough-transform search (details in papers by Brady & T. Creighton).

# Hierarchical Stack-Slide Pulsar Search: U. Wisconsin - Milwaukee

#### • Current status:

- » low-pass filtering code completed
- » time series resampling completed
- » power spectrum sliding completed
- » power spectrum summing completed
- » Currently at work on fine template bank