

Initial LIGO Assembly

Specifications on assembling and balancing and optic are detailed in:

Small Optic Suspension (SOS) Assembly Spec., E970037-C

Large Optic Suspension Balancing Spec., E970154-E



• Initial LIGO Assembly – in the optics lab

DOF	Reqt.	Method	Tools
Pitch	+/-0.5 mrad	Adjust wire standoff	PZT buzzer,Optical lever/Autocollimator
Yaw	Side osems	Move susp block	
Pos./Long/Axial/ Beam direction	Side osems	Move susp block	
Rotation/Roll	Back osems	By hand	
Side/Transverse	Back osems	Move susp block	
Vertical	Back osems/ +/- 0.5mm	Winch	Height gage



- Initial LIGO Installation from optics lab to chamber Specifications on installing the suspensions are detailed in:
 - LOS Installation Procedures for HAM Chambers, E000061-C
 - LOS Installation Procedures for BSC Chambers, E000062-C



- Initial LIGO Alignment the interferometer
 - » Determination of Global and Local Coordinate Axes for the LIGO Site, T980044.
 - monument and curvature of the earth info.
 - converting global to local coordinates
 - » Determination of the Wedge Angles for the Core Optics Components, T970091
 - beam vectors and wedge info
 - » ASC Initial Alignment Procedures, T970151
 - figure out where the optic is and move it to where it's supposed to be.



• Initial LIGO Alignment – on optical table

DOF	Requirement	Method	Tools
Pitch	+/- 0.1 mrad	0.1 mrad PAM screws	
Yaw	+/- 0.1 mrad	PAM screws pushers	autocollimator
Position/Longitudin al/Axial/Beam direction	+/- 3mm	PAM screws pushers	theodolite – electronic distance measurement
Rotation/Roll	N/a	N/a	N/a
Side/Transverse	+/- 1 or 5mm	Side PAMs pushers	theodolite
Vertical		shims	theodolite



Initial LIGO Alignment Techniques

• Alignment Equipment

- » Transit square extremely accurate optical square within 1 arc second.
- » Theodolite accurate angular positioning instrument. It uses a rotary encoder to provide angular positioning within 1 arc sec (5 microradians.) Also has an electronic distance measurement feature, - +/-3mm.
- » Autocollimator for angular measurement. Includes a photodiode. Fancy optical lever.



Initial LIGO Alignment Techniques

• Alignment Overview

- » Monuments in concrete directly under beam tubes (BTVE)
- » Transit square positioned over offset monuments
- » Theodolite from transit square to horiz. direction (x,y)
- » Use scribe on structure for x,y position of theodolite
- Markers on side of beam tubes that indicate center of tube used to pick up beam vertical position (z)
- » Calculated vectors for beam hitting middle of front face of each optic.
- » Autocollimator gets mounted and aligned to theodolite.
- » Position autocollimator/theodolite in direction of beam.
- » Adjust pitch/yaw/position with PAM screws.



Advanced LIGO Assembly and Alignment Techniques

Advanced LIGO Assy Techniques – in optics lab

DOF	Reqt.	Method	Tools
Pitch		Moving masses	Optical lever,autocoll.
Yaw		Blade rotation	
Pos./Long/Axial/ Beam direction		Blade rotation	
Rotation/Roll		Blade rotation	Metal - screw
Side/Transverse		Tablecloth holders	
Vertical		Wire length,added mass, library of clamps, winch	Height gage

Advanced LIGO Installation/Alignment Techniques

• HAMs - Same as LIGO 1?

» Except triples will need additional feet mounted to bottom of structure to allow for removal of the teflon highway.

• BSC –

LIGO

- » Cartridge installation of upper part of quad only.
- » How to install lower catcher?
 - Pushers on upper structure to move lower structure, or just move upper structure?



Advanced LIGO Installation Techniques – Cartridge Install





Advanced LIGO Installation Techniques – Cartridge Install





Advanced LIGO Assembly and Alignment Techniques

• Advanced LIGO Install. Techniques – on optical table

- » Same as Initial LIGO?
- » Quads lower catcher mounts to upper structure how to align one to another: dowel pins?

Questions –

- » How to do alignment if a fiber needs to be replaced
- » How to do alignment if an osem needs replacing
- » How to do alignment when a wire needs replacing.