



### Commissioning Progress and Plans Hanford Observatory

LSC Meeting, March 21, 2005 Stefan Ballmer

## **LIGO** "Typical" noise midway through S4





### H1 Increasing the laser power

- With TCS Annulus heating we achieved optimal recycling gain
  - H1 Inspiral Range up to 8.5Mpc (back in Aug 2004, 4 Watt into MC)
- But:
  - Not stable over time because effective lens changed slowly (T<sub>1/e</sub>=4h)
- □ Solution:
  - Implemented servo using Bull's eye detector on POB path and AS\_I signal
  - This kept the recycling gain at maximum
  - But not enough TCS actuation range for long time operation a 4 Watt.
    - H1 at 3 Watt into the MC for S4





- Indirect measurement of absorbed power in H1:
  - Run H1 at different power levels
  - Let TCS Servo compensate

#### Result:

LIGO

- DC offset due to beam splitter curvature
- ~3 mWatt / Watt expected for ~1ppm coating absorption
- ➢ 50 mWatt / Watt for ITMX
- 19 mWatt / Watt for ITMY
- □ But which optics are bad?



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LIGO I

#### H1 Noise Sources











# H1 and H2: Accomplished since last August

- New actuation electronics (DAC / Dewhitening / Coil Driver)
- New Table Top FSS (800 kHz bandwidth)
- Installed new MC / CM board (100kHz / 45kHz bandwidth)
- WFS head simplified (more RF gain / no oscillation)
- 1-FSR (37kHz) and 100kHz channel readout implemented
- IOT EO shutter replaced with fast shutter
- Equi=Tech balanced power installed (all End's, Mid's and DC power supplies in LVEA)
- New TCS Chillers
- Some front-end code changes:
  - gain ramping (nice!)
  - LSC to ETM SUS timing improved
  - ٠...
- Photon calibrator: Tested on EX



## H1:

### Accomplished since last August

- New ISS installed (100kHz bandwidth)
- Micro-seismic feed-back system installed
- Mitigation of TCS intensity noise
- Auxiliary loops running on POX + POY (more power)
- Non-Resonant sideband REFL detector running (no improvement)
- > 2<sup>nd</sup> generation OMC testing (Keita) (still beam jitter noise limited)





### Accomplished since last August

- All 4 AS photodiodes + electronics installed
- > A whole series of small electronics modifications copied from H1.
- Auxiliary loop bandwidth increase
- TCS system installed (but H2 already was close to max recycling gain)
- Moderate power increase (1.4 Watts into the MC)

> But sometimes the biggest sensitivity improvement steps come from eliminating goof-ups...



## Main Task After S4 Hanford 4 km (H1)

#### □ Continue with excessive absorption study

- Is it 1 bad optic or multiple optics?
- Which optics?
- What is bad (surface absorption / bulk absorption)?
- > Methods:
  - FLIR camera imaging of heating optics (expect ~1°C / Watt absorbed)
  - Spot size vs. heating for various interferometer ports
  - Witness sample and spare optics characterization
- □ 2 possible approaches:
  - Replace one / multiple bad optics
  - Increase TCS actuation range (more power / TCS for BS)
- □ Aim for decision in 3<sup>rd</sup> week of April



## Main Task After S4 Hanford 2 km (H2)

#### Power increase

- Follow up on pre-S4 attempts
- Refurbish Lightwave laser (currently at 4.5 Watt max)
- AS\_I range problem

#### □ Finish catching up to H1 / L1

- Install new ISS
- Install 29MHz Crystal Oscillator (ordered, expected in April)
- New low noise RF distribution system



## Other Task After S4 all interferometers

- > Assess environmental sensitivity (mainly seismic and acoustic)
  - Low-loss optics for ISC tables
  - Additional enclosures?
  - Floating ISCT tables?
- > 60 Hz mitigation (We can't ignore it any longer...)
- More AS port photo detectors / more AS\_I correction range
- Lock resonant / non-resonant sideband oscillators / RF distribution
- OMC tests on L1 and H2
- New timing system
- Remote Optical lever / transmission QPD centering
- PMC replacements
- Install all Photon Calibrators