

Advanced VIRGO Input optics

LIGO-G070361-00-Z

LSC/VIRGO joint meeting, Cascina, 25/05/2006

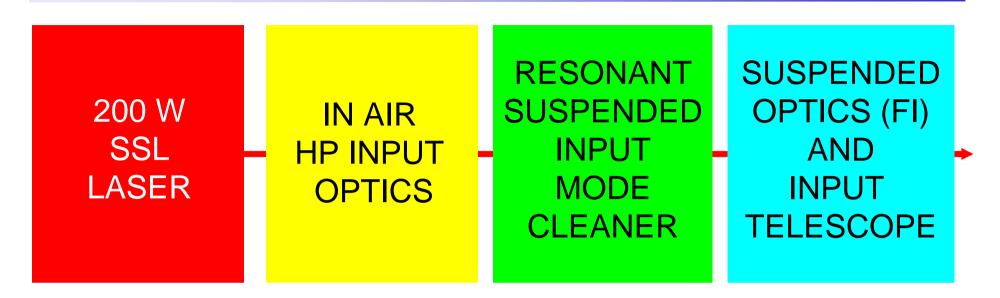
Paolo La Penna 1

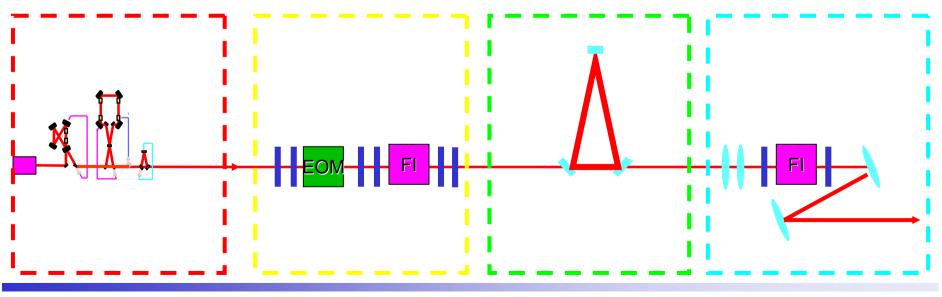


- Advanced VIRGO: in 2011 VIRGO should be ready to be upgraded to a detector with about 200 W input power
- 200 W Laser source: two options are open (see Nary's talk):
 - Solid State Laser source (SSL)
 - Fibre Laser (FL) source
- The layout of the optics downstream of the laser has not been decided. Open options are:
 - In-air elements (Faraday, EOM, mirrors, waveplates, polarizers, ...)
 - Suspended resonant input mode cleaner
 - In vacuum suspended optics (Faraday, polarizers)
 - Matching telescope
 - Photonic fibre input mode cleaner
 - Integrated fibre elements

In any case: components withstanding 200 W







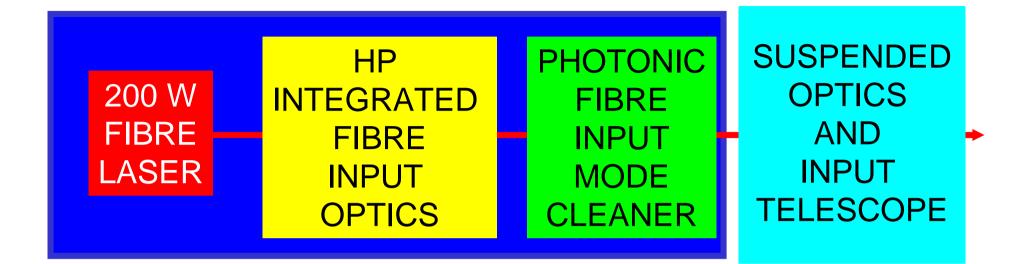


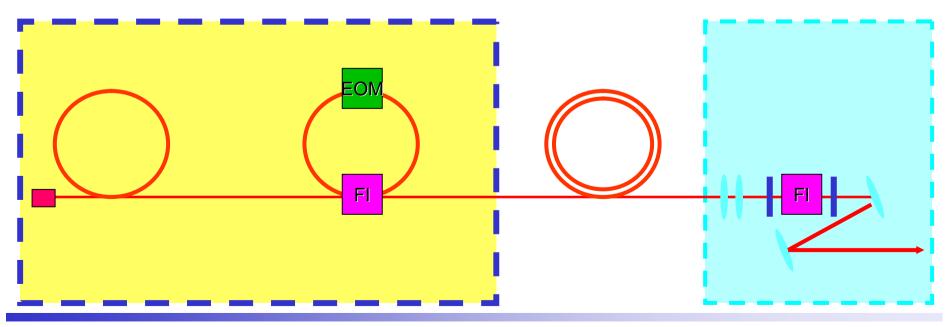


Possible fibre solution:

- Fibre integrated components (EOM, FI, ...)
- Fibre IMC
- In vacuum Faraday isolator
- Matching telescope









LIGO:

- Solid State Laser source
- In-air components
- Suspended resonant IMC
- In vacuum Faraday isolator and suspended optics
- Matching telescope
- Lots of R&D already done



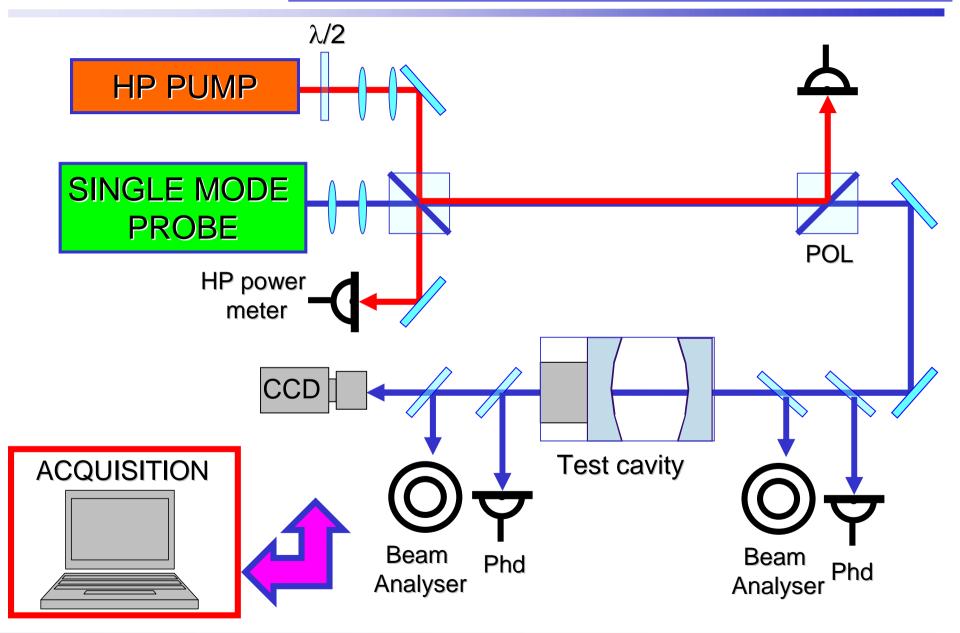
- A program for developing High Power Input Optical components has been funded (February 2007):
- All what is necessary for setting up the HP power source is being purchased:
 - HP Ytterbium laser (IPG 200 W)
 - Optics
 - Beam analyser
 - Detectors
 - Cavities
 - Clean air, beam dumps
 - Vacuum chamber
 - ...

First tests:

- Tests on DKDP samples could start in Fall Simulation and tests of thermal effects in Faraday isolators are being performed (see Slim's talk)
- Even if Advanced VIRGO polarizers reference solution is likely calcite, tests on Brewster polarizers (General Optics substrates and Lyon coatings) for VIRGO+ will start in fall 2007

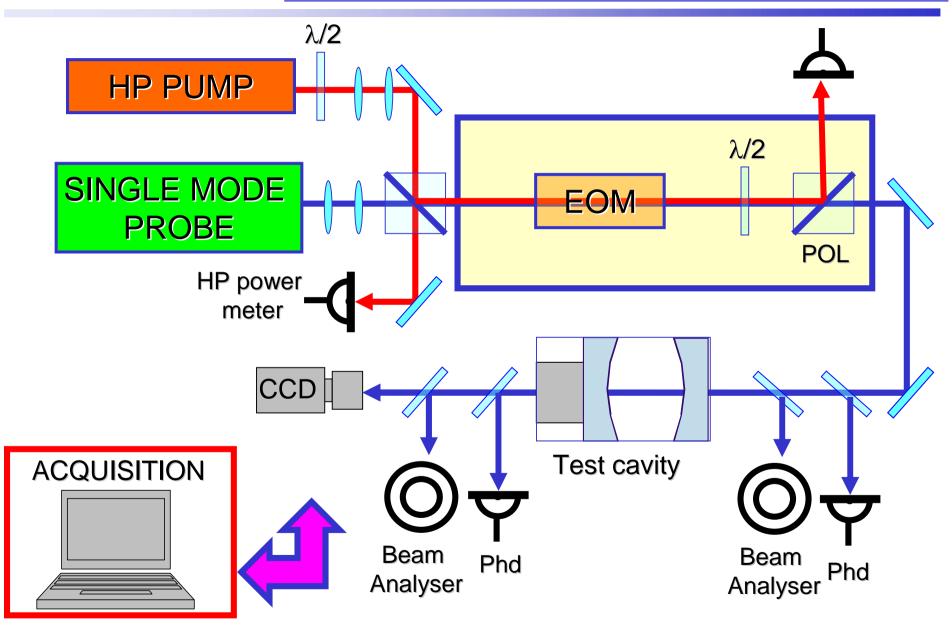


HP-IO components for Advanced Virgo





HP-IO components for Advanced Virgo

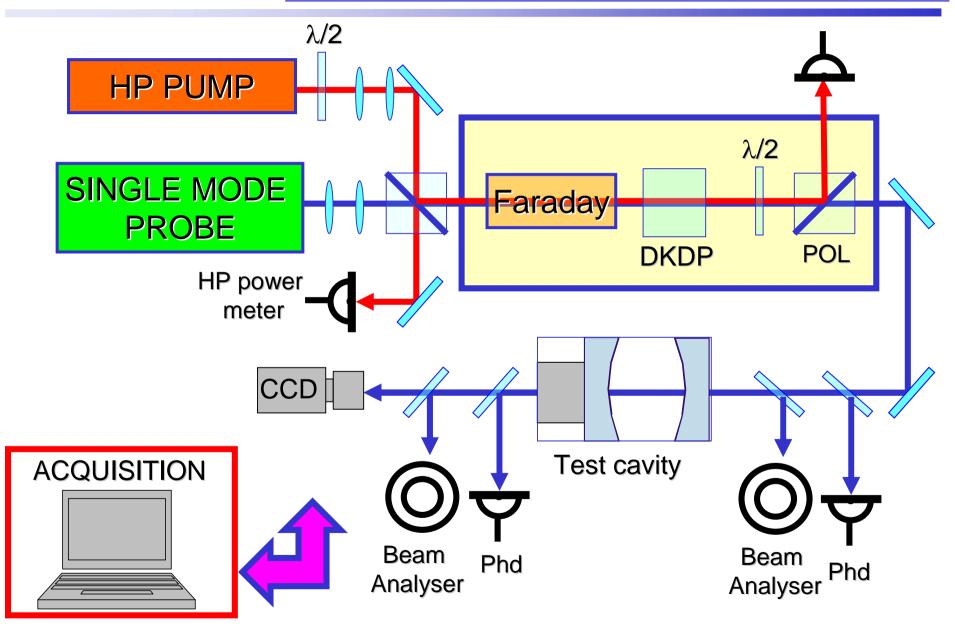




- In VIRGO+ EOM made of KTP crystal will be used
 - Same as present VIRGO
 - Thermal focal length (about 30 m) corrected by the in air tuning telescope
- Reference solution: Advanced LIGO EOM:
 - RTP EOM crystal:
 - About 10 times lower absorption (0.005 m^{-1} vs 0.05 m^{-1})
 - Lower dn_z/dT
 - Higher damage threshold
 - wedged (about 3°) EOM crystals
- We will in any case perform tests on KTP EOM (already for VIRGO+)



HP-IO components for Advanced Virgo





- An in-vacuum Faraday isolator will be used even with a fibre IMC
- Good experience already acquired in Virgo:
 - Thermal lensing
 - Thermal effects on isolation
- Many things understood ad a lot of simulation performed
- Results can be compared with those of LIGO
- Ready to start soon high power in-vacuum tests (Slim's talk)
- Reference solution for Advanced Virgo: Advanced LIGO Faraday Isolator



Fibred components: (like integrated fibred EOM, FI)

Apparently more advantageous:

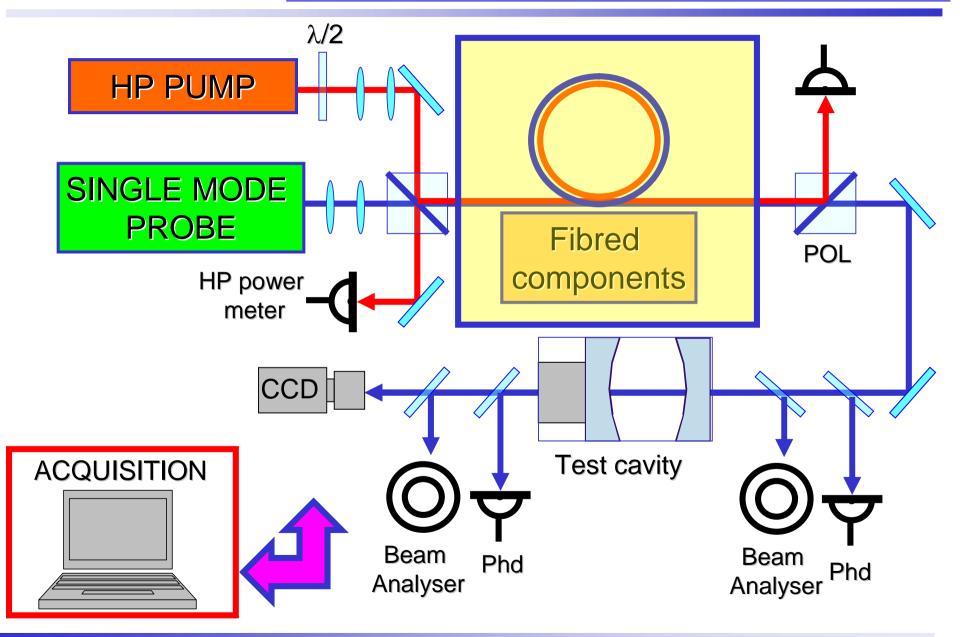
- Reliability
- Alignment
- Neither acoustic nor seismic noise
- High power
- Telecom tested solutions
- Easily integrated with a fibred input mode cleaner
- ...

But:

- More experience needed soon
- Very short time to make high power tests



Possible adaptation for HP-IO fibred components





At the same time we need:

Start requirements computation (EOM, IMC, telescopes, stabilization, ...)

- Start simulation and design of a possible resonant IMC
- Start simulation and design of a possible matching telescope
- Take advantage from LIGO R&D
- Perform our own R&D and develope experience





Requirements:

- Faraday (in air and in vacuum)
 - Level of power impinging on them
 - Level of optical isolation
 - Insertion loss allowed
 - Beam distorsion allowed
 - Compensation (lensing, isolation)
- EOM:
 - Minimum modulation depth
 - Stability of sidebands
 - Level of power impinging on them
- Polarizers, mirrors, splitters (scattering issues)
- How things will change depending on the choices for the ITF (for example if there will be DC detection).



Requirements:

Which are the different options open

- Suspended
- Fibre

In case of suspended IMC:

- Length, Finesse, transmission, use of dihedron
- Frequency pole for HF noise
- Scattered light on the mirrors and on their support,
- Seismic isolation of the mirrors
- Filtering



Requirements:

- Which are the different options:
 - Long, short
 - Standard lenses
 - Parabolic, off-axis
 - Adaptive matching
- Stability, Matching, Insertion loss by aberrations
- Seismic isolation
- Scattering: maximum reflection by AR coatings
- Depending on:
 - Different possible IMC
 - ITF configuation



- In-air HP-IO components:
- In vacuum suspended optics:
- Integrated fibre elements:

- Suspended resonant IMC:
- Matching telescope

Activity started: EGO, Pisa, Naples
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To be decided: Possible within the EGO, Pisa, Naples R&D (coordinated with NIce activity)
Very little action taken
No action taken



- 21 People included in the WG2 mailing list
- Work effectively performed by only a few of them
- All of them are also involved in the Virgo Commissioning and/or in the Virgo+ ugrades
- More collaboration with WG1 is needed: very important for defining requirements
- Injection system configuration: not yet assessed
- Manpower, at least up to now, is not sufficient
- After the start of the Science Run more time/people will be available