

# Status of the Japanese Ground Projects

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# *Status of TAMA*

# TAMA300

- TAMA project (1995~)

**Consortium of domestic research organizations**

(NAO, Phys.UT, ICRR, KEK, ERI, UEC, Adv.Mater.UT, Tokai U, TEU, NRLM, Kinki U, Kyoto U, Osaka U, Osaka CU, Astron.UT, Niigata U, Tohoku U, Hiroshima U, Hirosaki U, ...)

## Construction of TAMA300

R&D for **LCGT**

Practical detector  
(Observation of our Galaxy)



Sensitivity to detect  
Galaxy events

(World best in 2000-2002)

Earlier observation run

(Obs data more than 2000 hr)



# Observation Summary

TAMA data-taking runs including long-term observations

| Run | Term              | Year | Live Time (Hour) |
|-----|-------------------|------|------------------|
| DT1 | 6-Aug → 7-Aug     | 1999 | 7                |
| DT2 | 17-Sept → 20-Sept | 1999 | 31               |
| DT3 | 20-Apr → 23-Apr   | 2000 | 13               |
| DT4 | 21-Aug → 4-Sept   | 2000 | 161              |
| DT5 | 2-Mar → 8-Mar     | 2001 | 111              |
| DT6 | 15-Aug → 20-Sept  | 2001 | 1038             |
| DT7 | 31-Aug → 2-Sept   | 2002 | 25               |
| DT8 | 14-Feb → 14-Apr   | 2003 | 1158             |
| DT9 | 28-Nov → 10-Jan   | 2004 | 558              |

In 1999, TAMA started to make observations

The world best sensitivity

Continuous observation more than 1000 hr with the highest sensitivity.

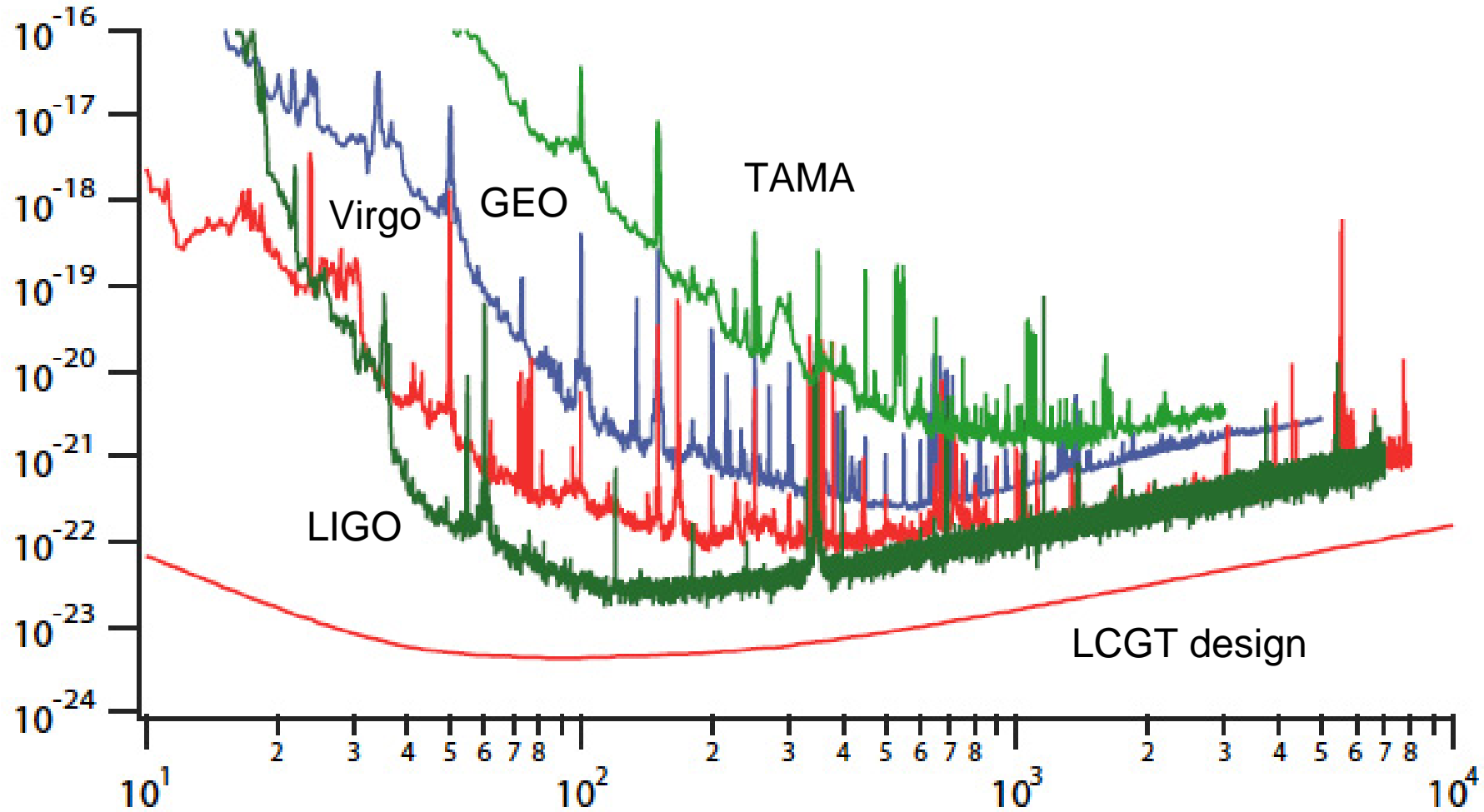
Power recycling

LIGO S1

**Total 3102 hours data was accumulated.**

Some parts of DT7-9 are overlapped with the science runs of LIGO (GEO) and cooperative two papers have been published to limit the event rates of both coalescence and supernova events in our Galaxy.

# Sensitivity of TAMA compared with other interferometers

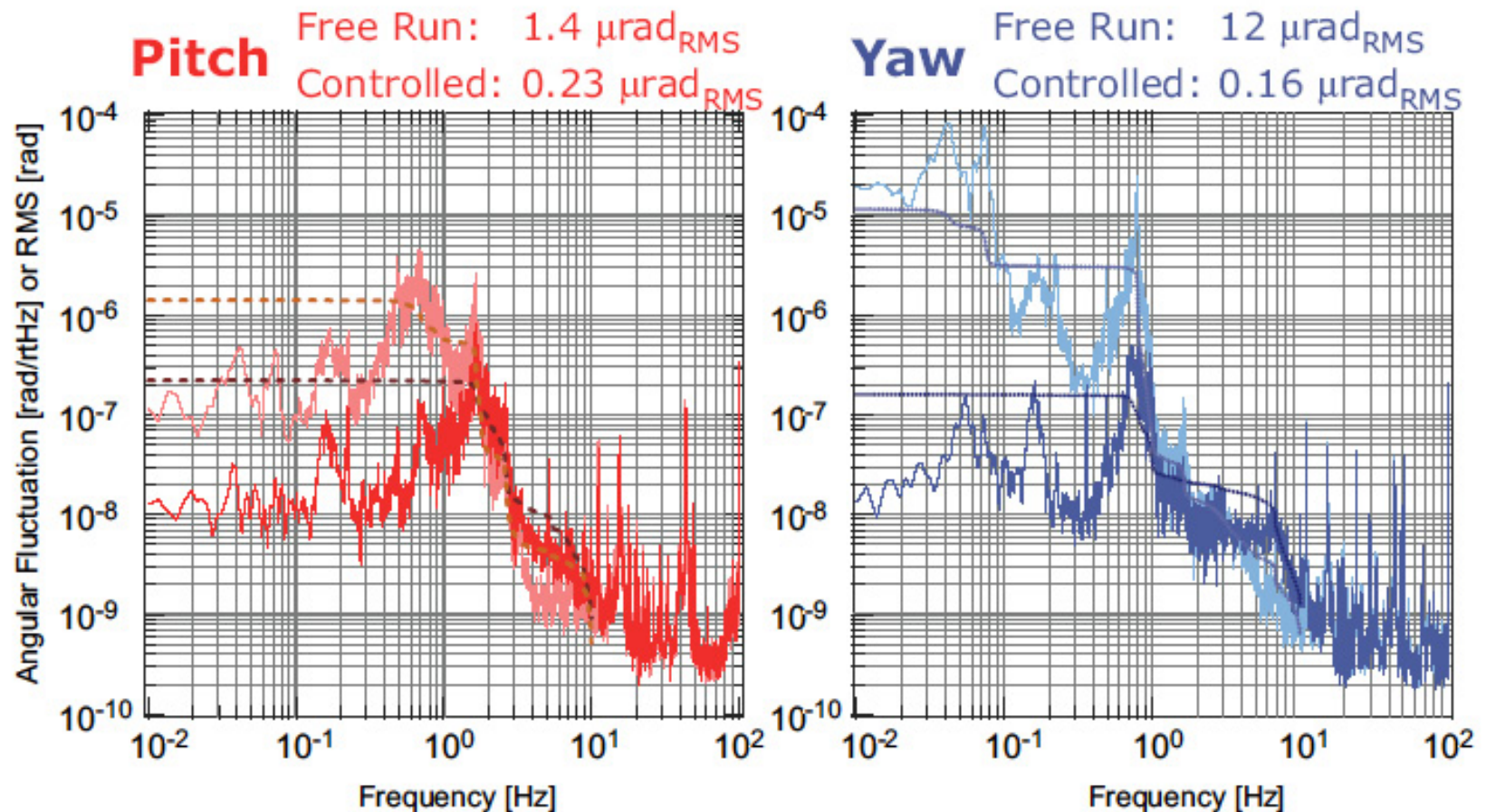


# Performance of SAS

## ● Test mass angular motion

Mirror angular motion:  $\text{sub-}\mu\text{rad}_{\text{RMS}}$

=> Sufficiently stable for interferometer operation  
(with previous suspension system:  $1.0 \mu\text{rad}_{\text{RMS}}$ )

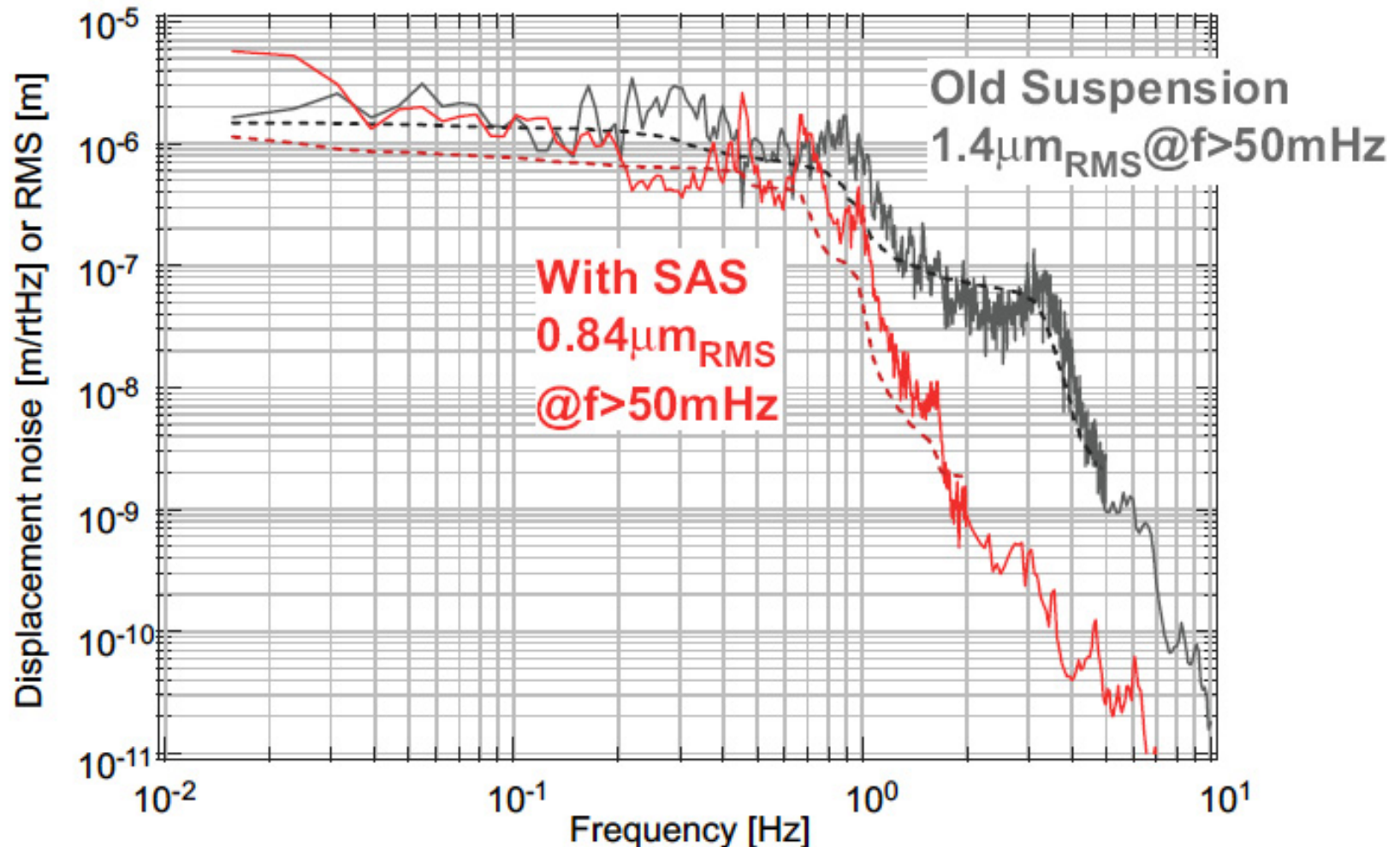


# Performance of SAS

## ● Legth Fluctuation of 300-m arm

Comparison with the previous suspension system

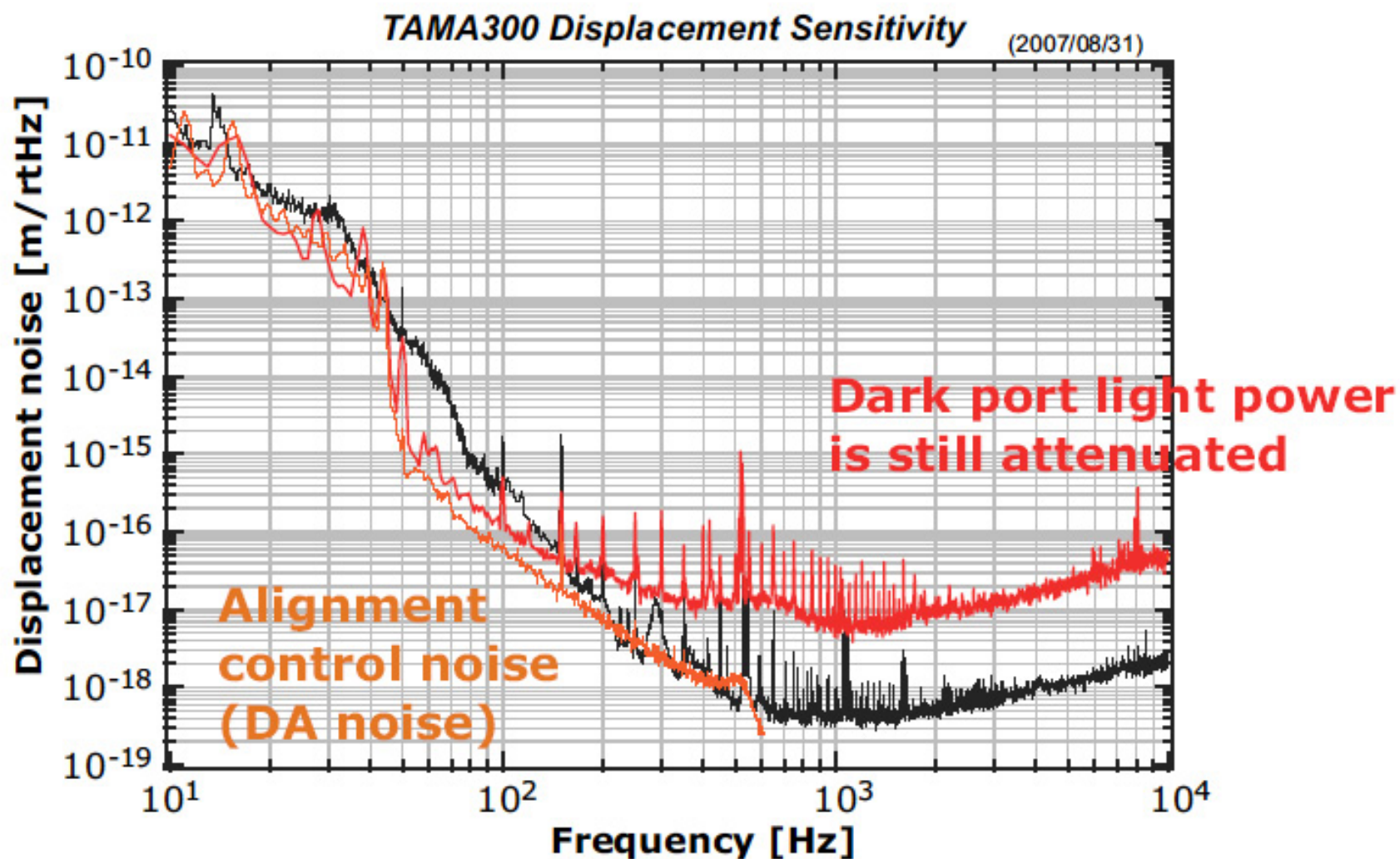
=> **improvement above 0.1Hz was confirmed**



# Sensitivity

- **Tuning of the system still underway**

So far, improvement below 150Hz was confirmed



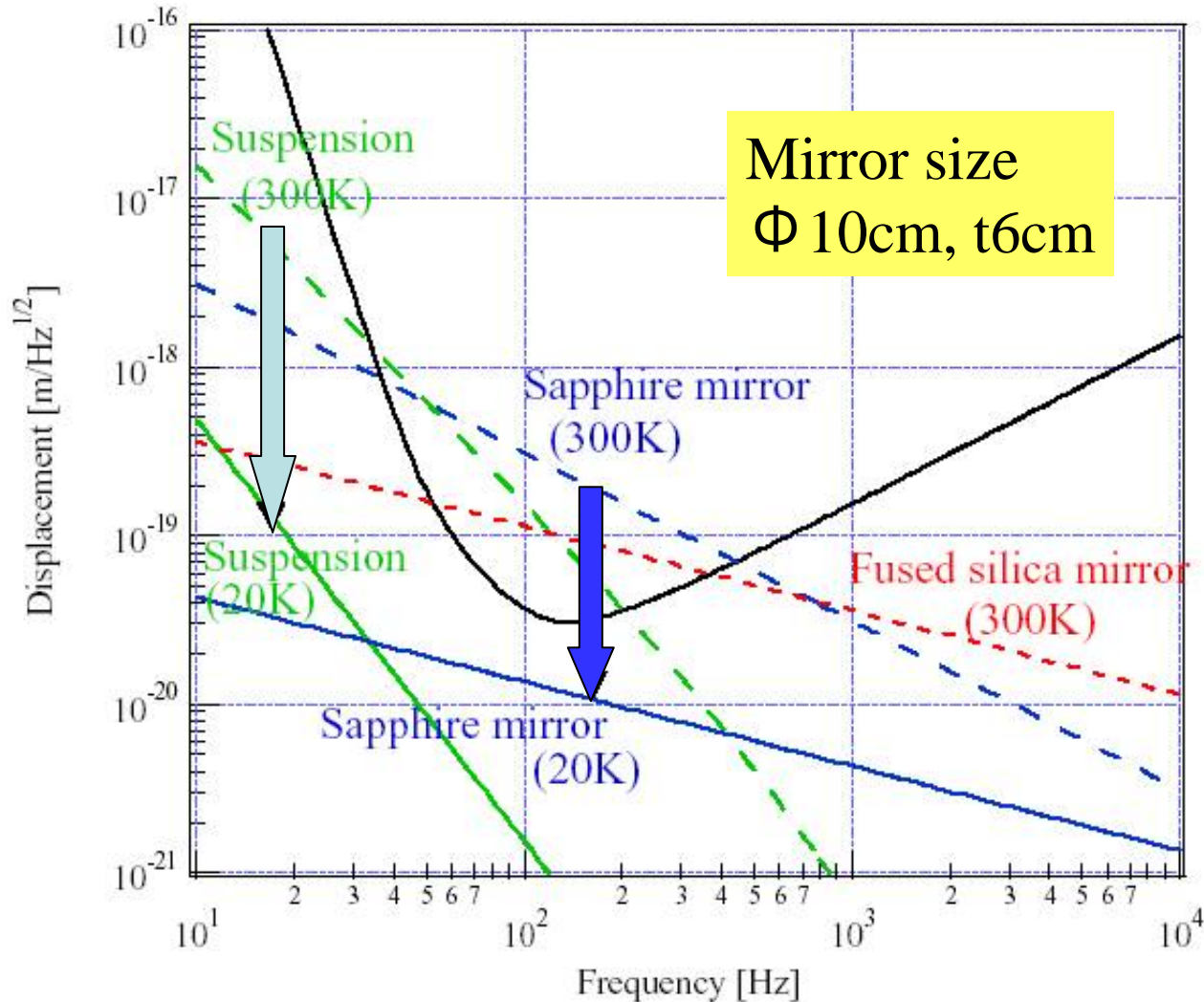


# *TAMA Summary*

- We are trying to achieve the target sensitivity of TAMA at low frequencies using SAS
- SAS has been installed as planned and its performance has been tested at first time
- DSP is partially used for lock acquisition
- More time is needed to obtain the final sensitivity

# *CLIO Sensitivity Improvement*

# Expected reduction of thermal noise by CLIO (300K – 20K)



# Construction of CLIO

**Per- EM- Cryostat**

**Per- 100m Arm**

**Acheved Pressure**  
 - 100m Arm -  $6 \times 10^{-5}$  Pa  
 by a 800 liter Turbo  
 - Cryostat -  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  Pa  
 by Cryostat itself

**Inline- EM- Cryostat**

**Per- Arm PickOff**

**BS**

**Inline- 100m Arm**

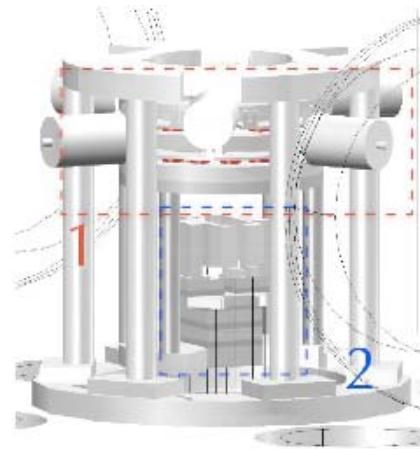
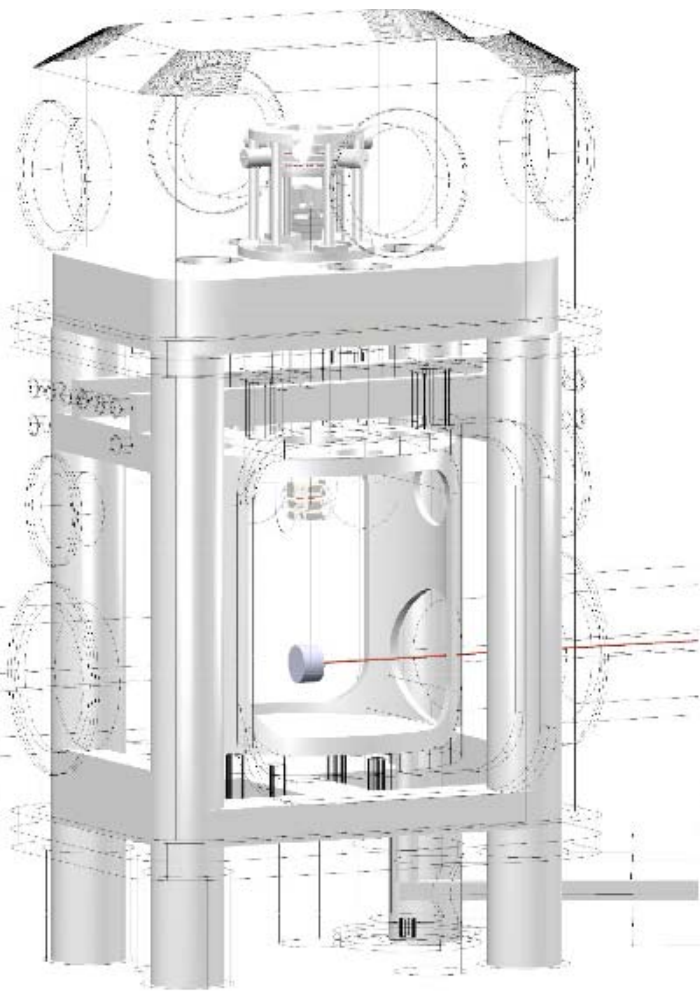
**Telescope 1**

**MC**

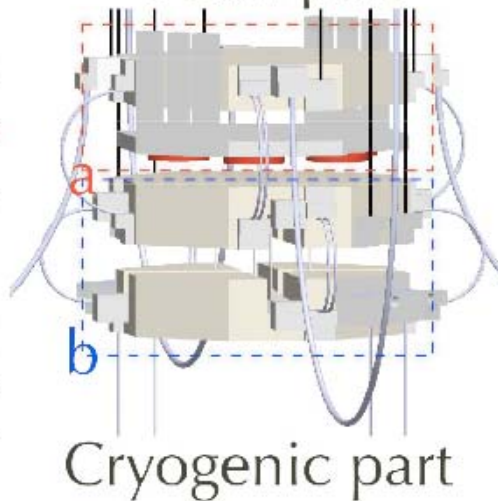
**Inline- NM- Cryostat**

"Status of TAMA 300" N.Kanda & the TAMA collab.

# Sapphire Mirror suspension system



300K part



Height: 1.5m.

Weight: 21kg.

**1:** Three stages of vibration isolation system.

**2:** Mirror alignment stage.

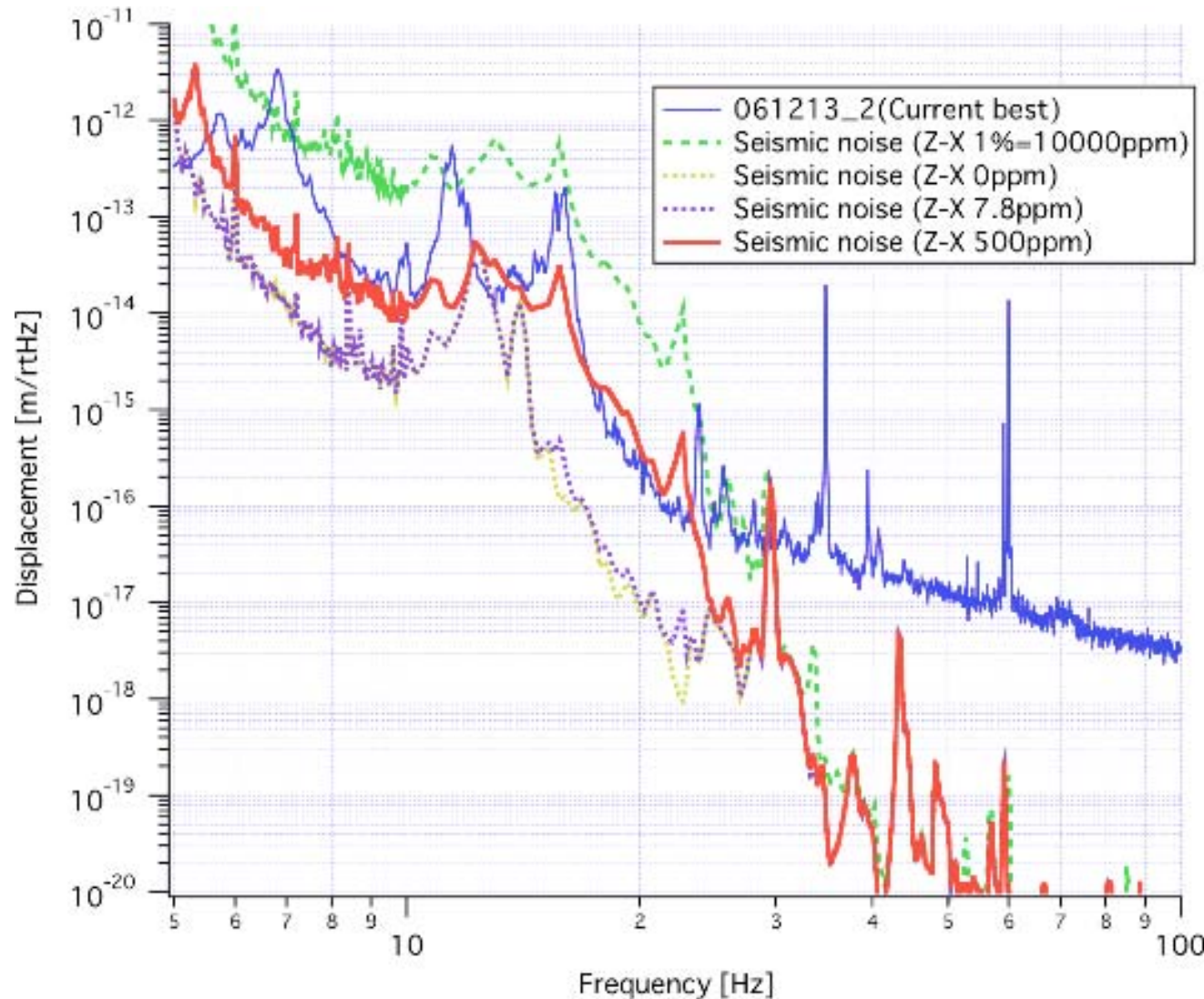
**a:** damping stage.

**b:** cryogenic masses.

# Sensitivity in low frequency region - seismic noise -

- Why is the sensitivity better than the target?

- \* Lower Z-X coupling may be realized than design value of 1%.

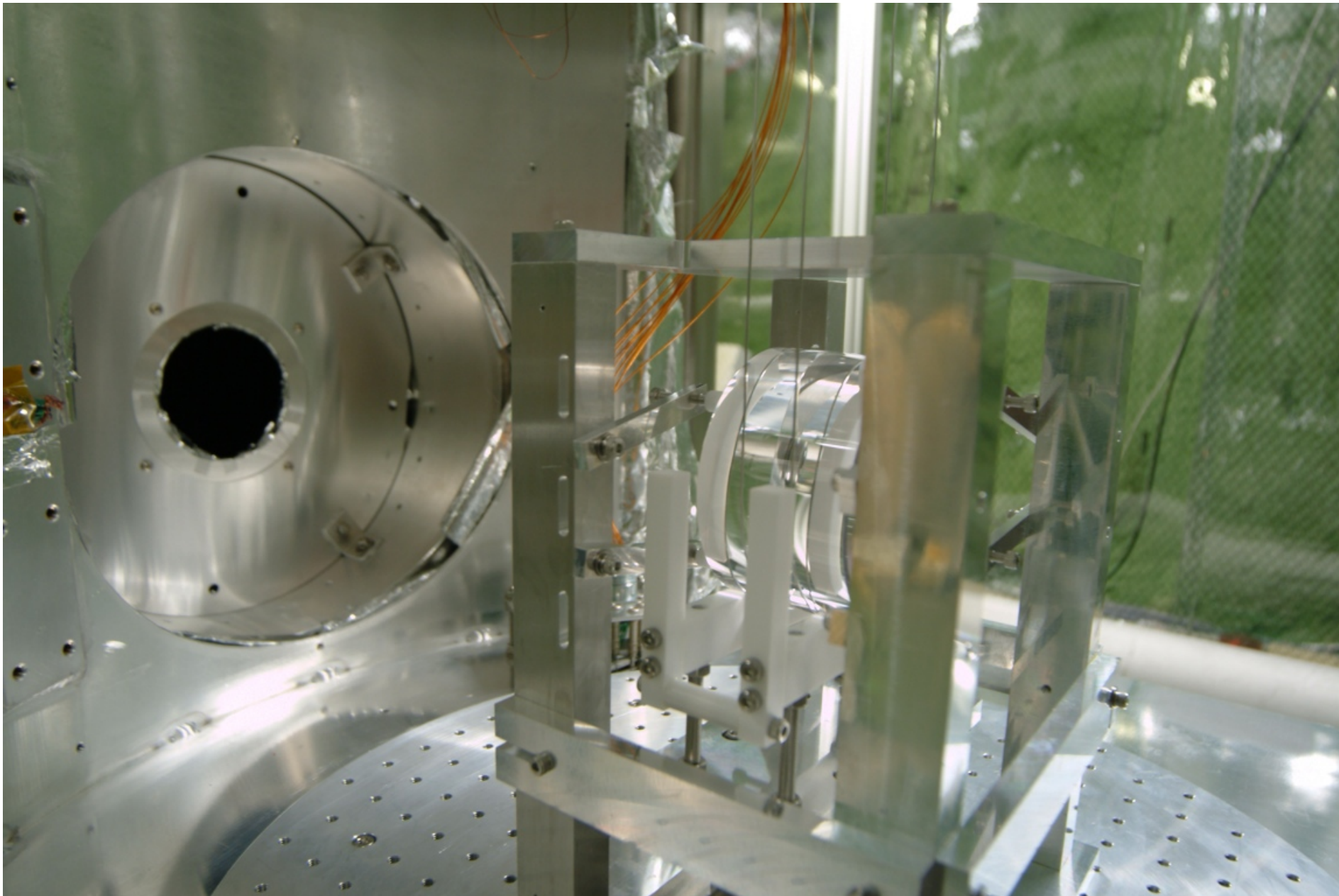


# *For cooling*

Thermal radiation incoming from the duct was needed to shield covers.



Without shield covers the mirror looks like this





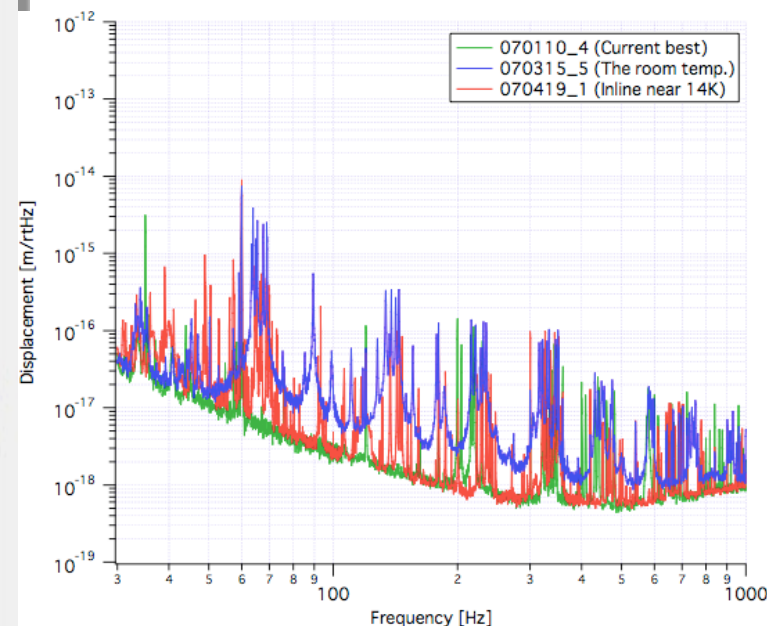
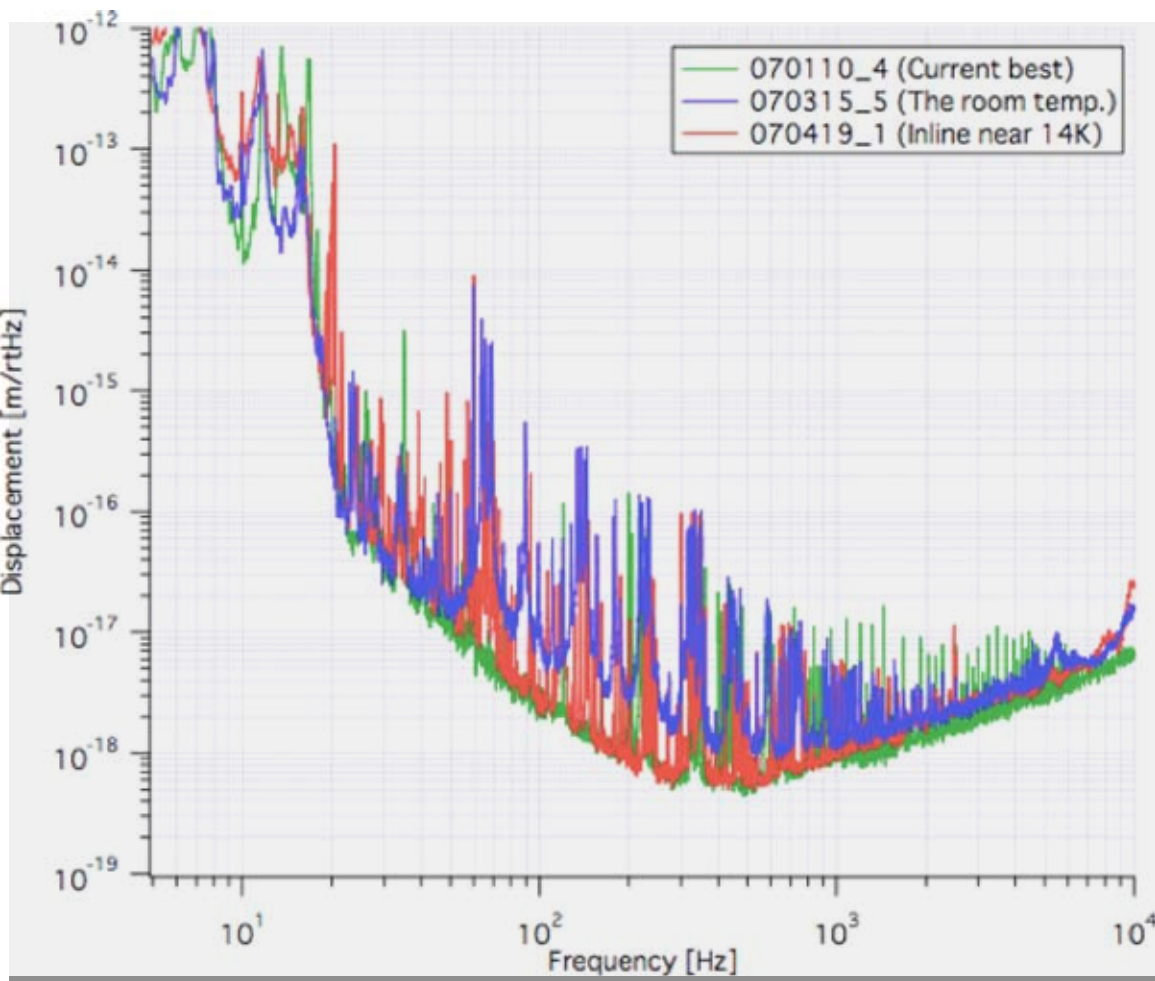
# Summary of cooling

| Mirror       | Cooling time                    | Mirror temp | Heat in the suspension | Heat at the 1st cooling<br>2006/02 |
|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Inline end   | 176hour<br>start 07/06/22,10:00 | 13.5K       | 40mW                   | N/A                                |
| Inline near  | 174hour<br>start 07/06/22,10:00 | 13.4K       | 36mW                   | N/A                                |
| Per arm end  | 164hour<br>start 07/04/27,11:05 | 12.5K       | 62mW <sup>#1</sup>     | 116mW                              |
| Per arm near | 193hour<br>start 07/08/16,12:30 | 13.8K       | 29mW                   | 109mW                              |

#1; No shield for radiation from the outer shield at 63K.

by Uchiyama

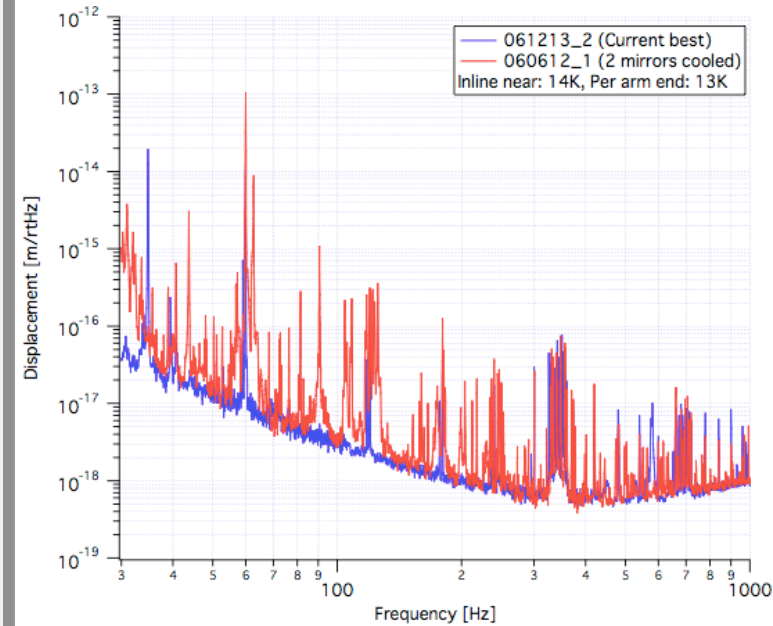
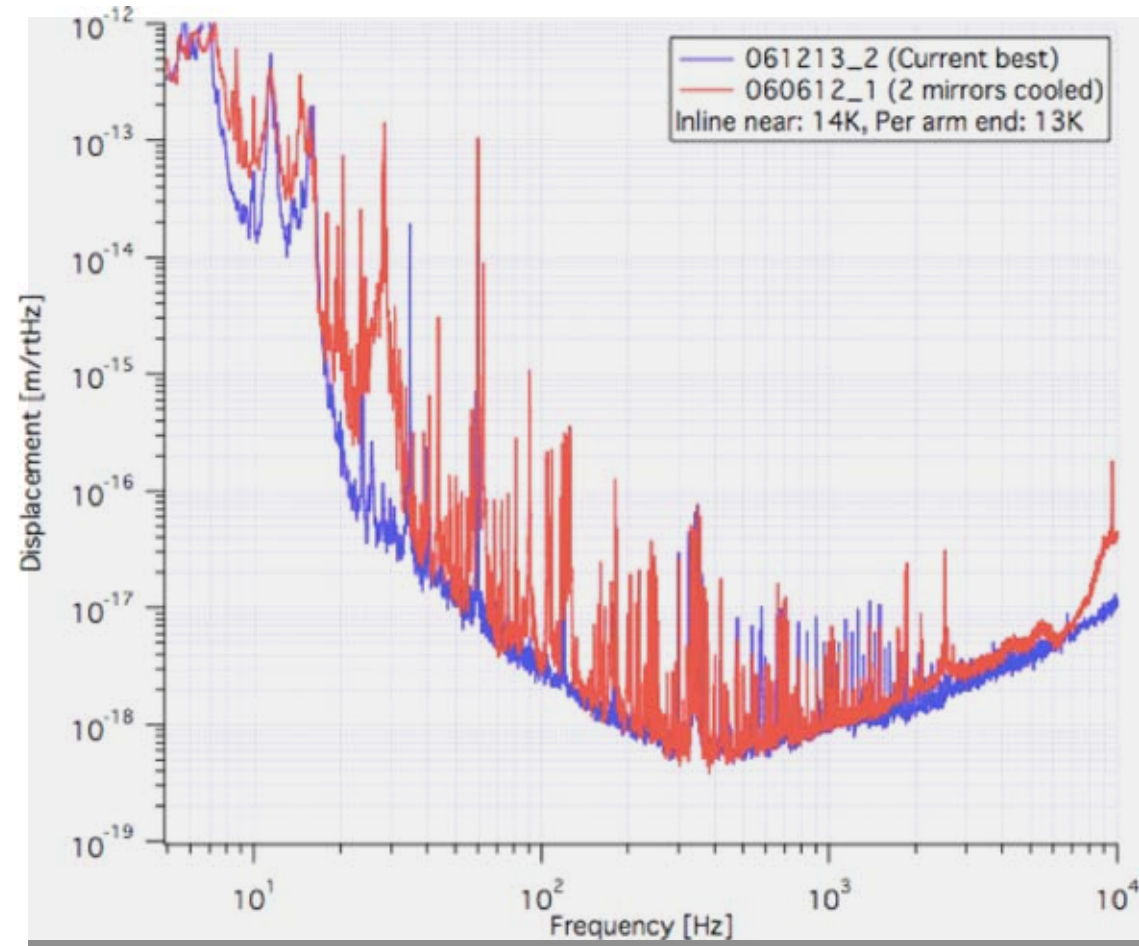
# Sensitivity - Test cooling-



Inline near mirror was suspended by  $\Phi 1.0$  Al wire.  
This is the first observation of sensitivity improvement by cooling.

# Sensitivity

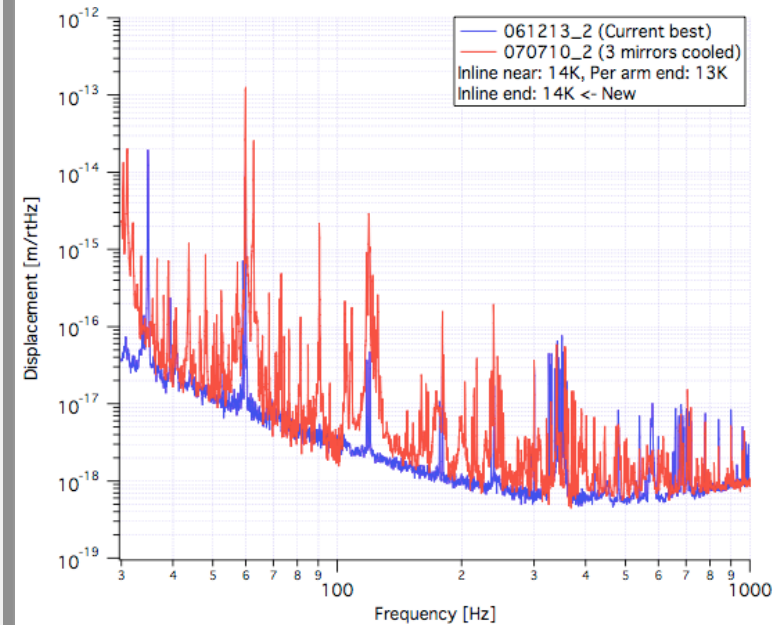
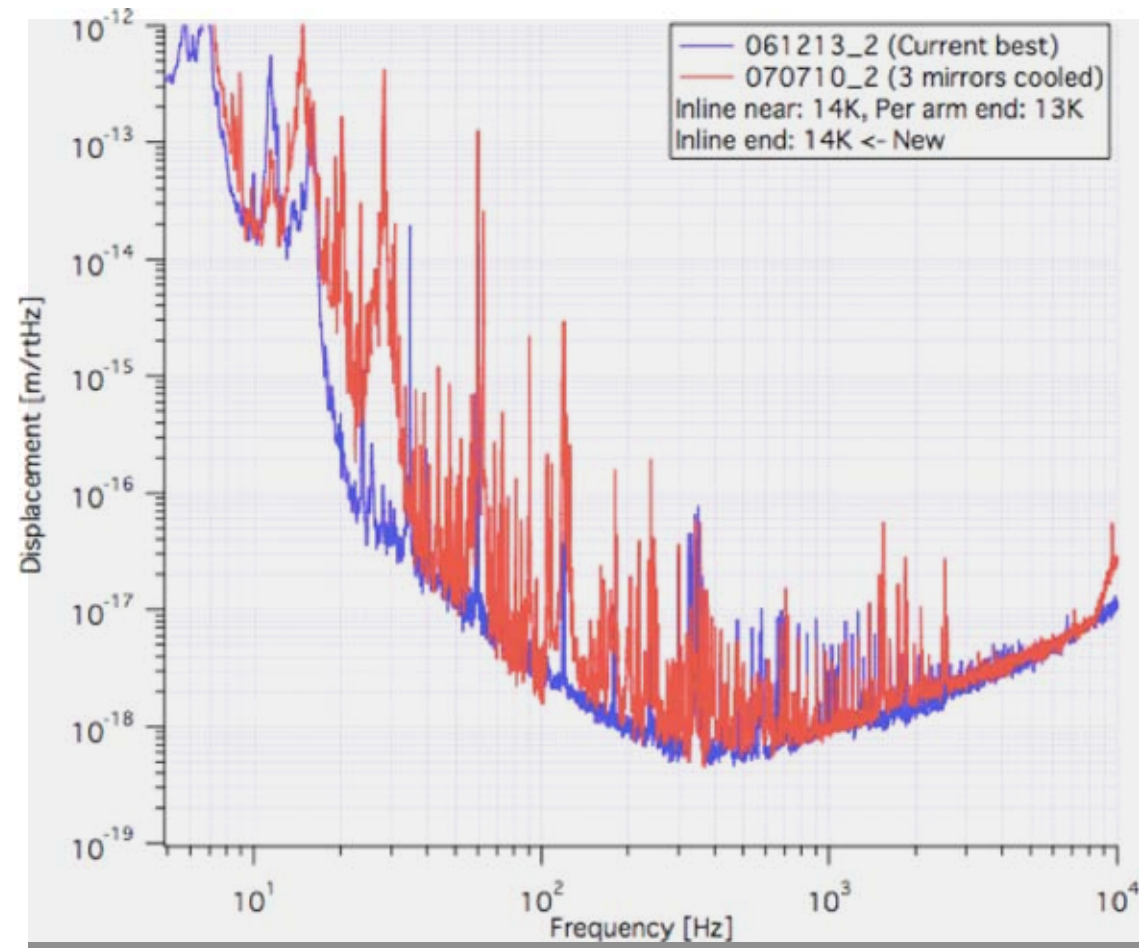
- 2 mirrors are cooled -



by Uchiyama

# Sensitivity

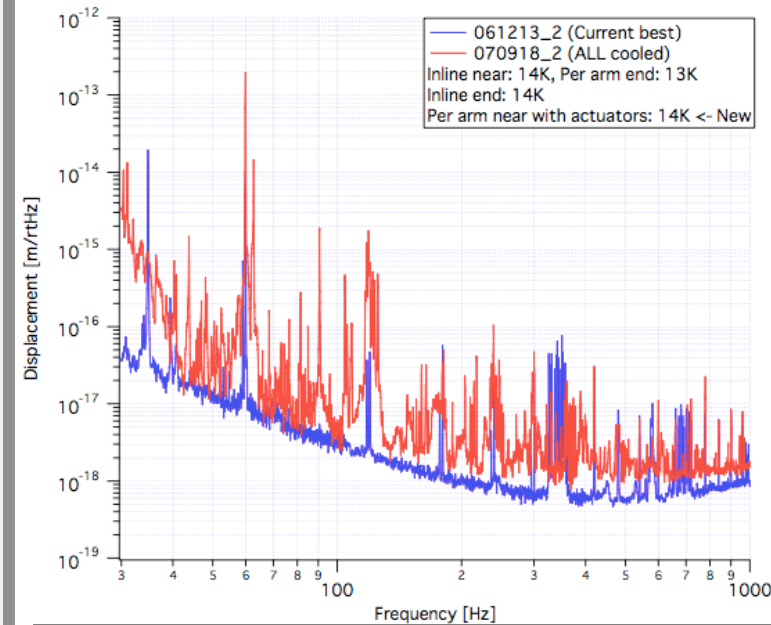
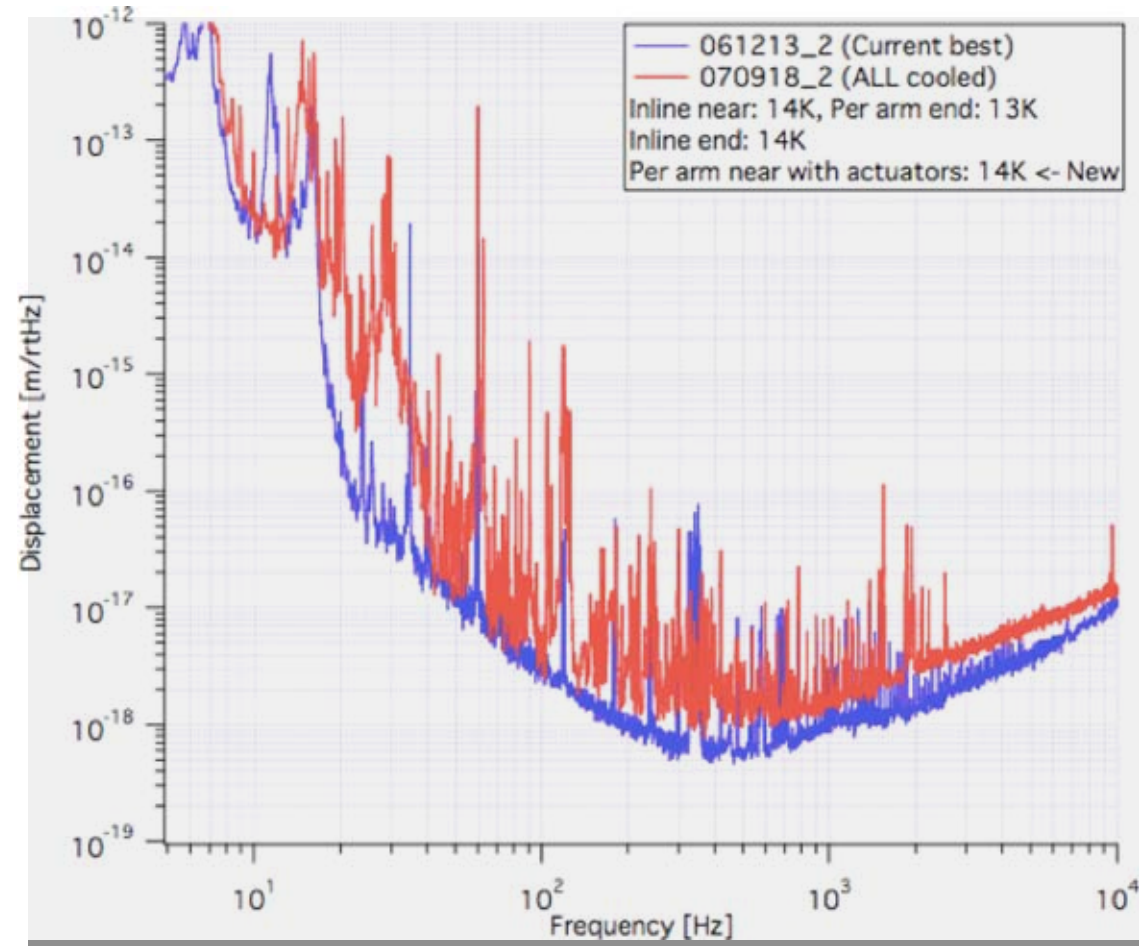
- 3 mirrors are cooled -



by Uchiyama

# Sensitivity

- All mirrors are cooled -



Tuning has not finished yet.

by Uchiyama

# *Summary of CLIO*

The unknown noise of  $f^{-2}$  dependence is still serious problem to reach the thermal noise at cryogenic temperature. We believe it does not originate from cryogenics.

All mirrors have been successfully cooled at 12-14K.

Sensitivity of cryogenic operation is close to the current best of 300K operation, even though there are a lot of structure.

*LCGT*

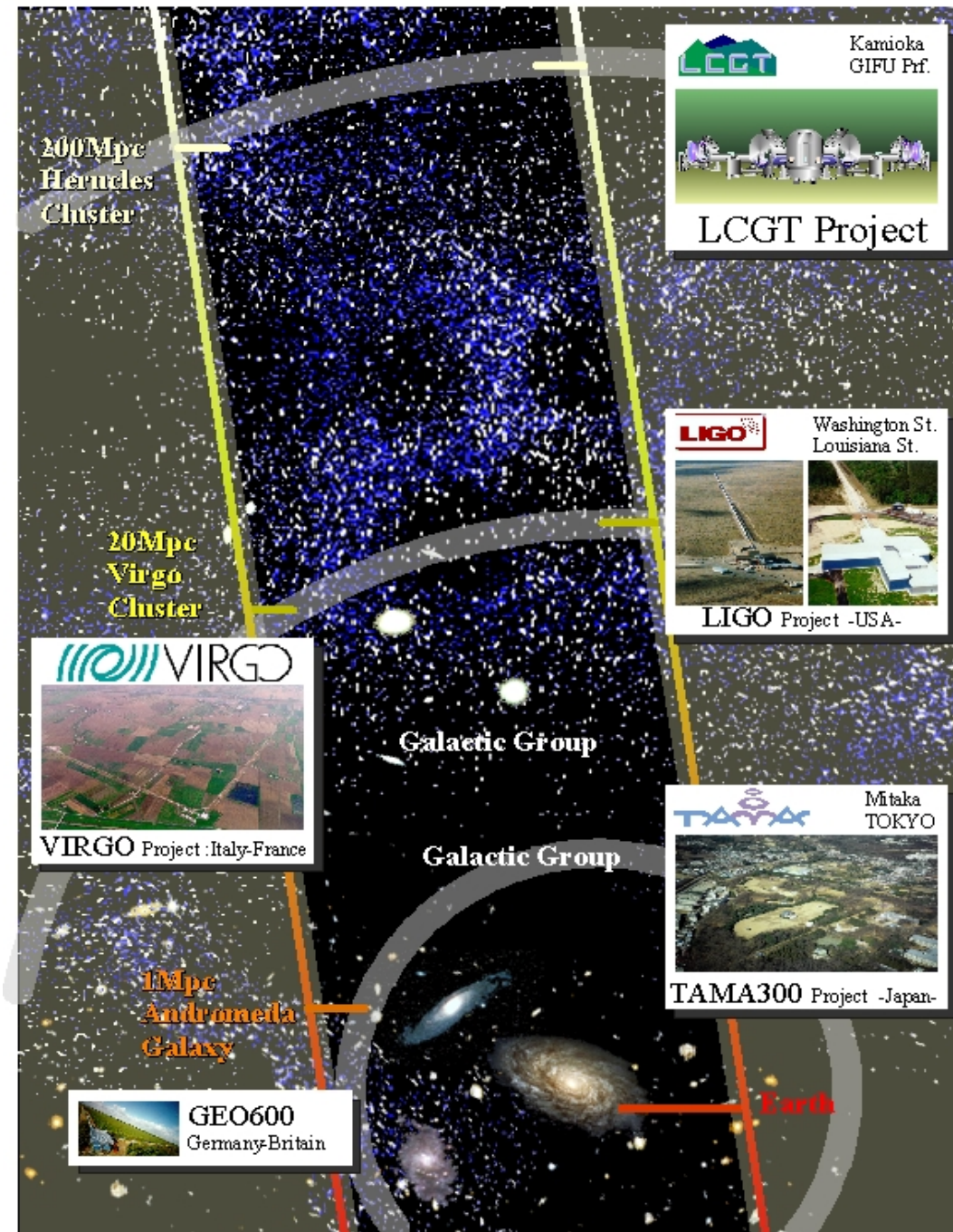
# Necessity of LCGT

LIGO (USA), VIRGO (French-Italian), GEO (Germany-Britain), TAMA (Japan) are in operation.

Occurrence of neutron star binary is estimated to be  $10^{-5}$  for matured galaxy per year. There are 0.01 galaxies for 1 cubic Mpc. Present detectors (km-scale) cover up to Virgo cluster (20Mpc). More than several years are needed to detect the event.

Therefore, we need more sensitive detector. LCGT can detect an event occurring at **180Mpc** on average and observes **8 events a year**.

1pc=3.3light year

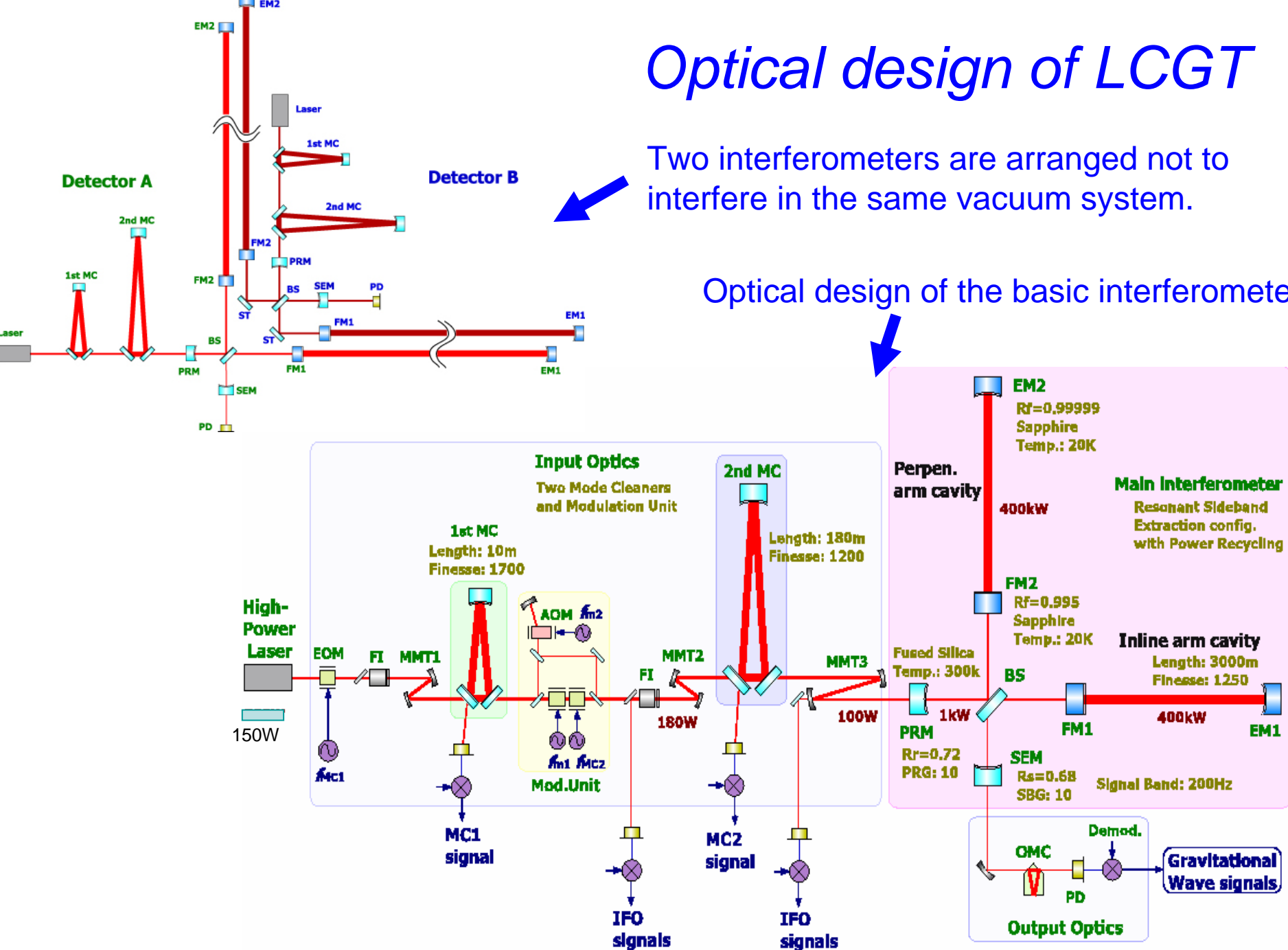




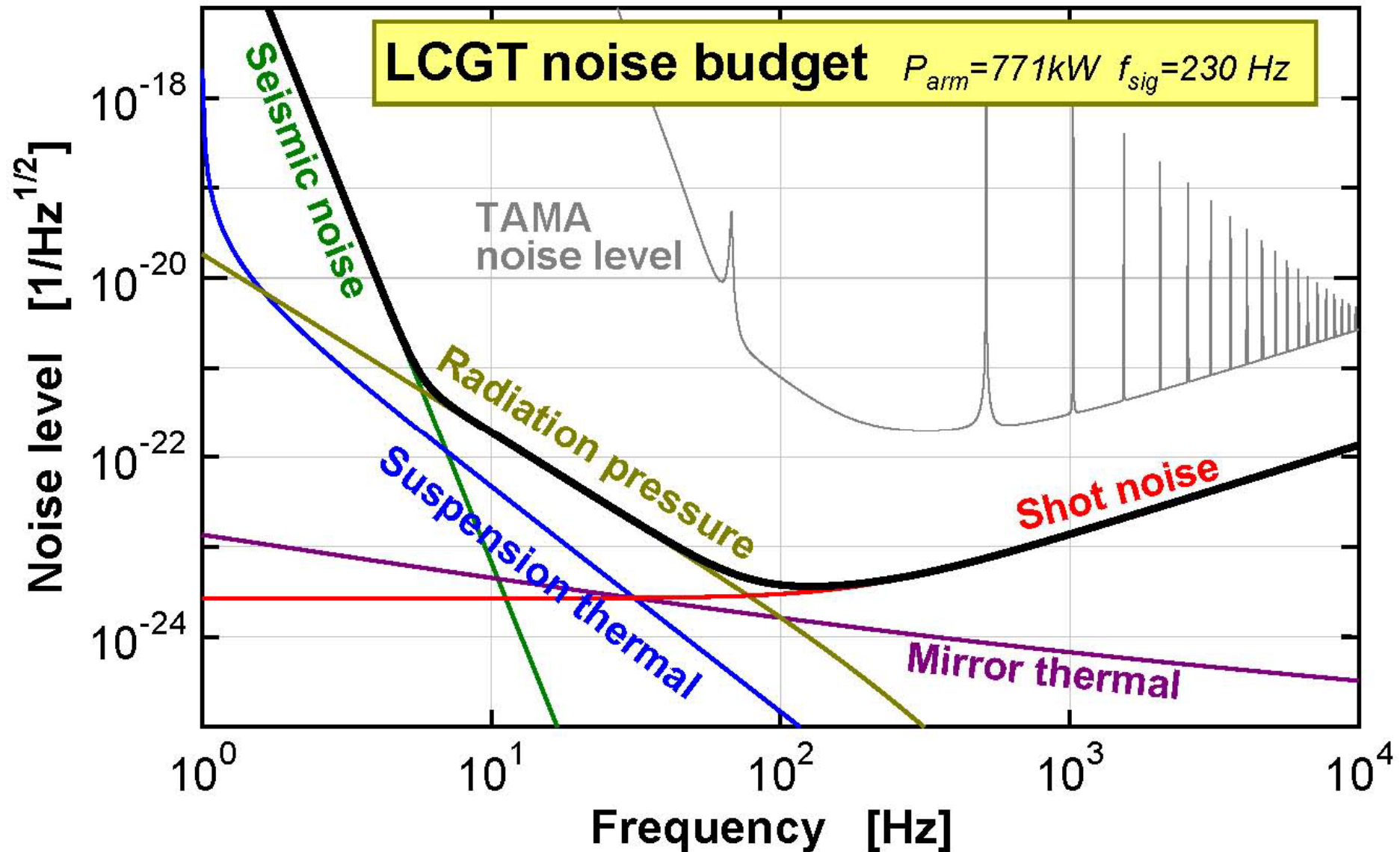
# Optical design of LCGT

Two interferometers are arranged not to interfere in the same vacuum system.

Optical design of the basic interferometer

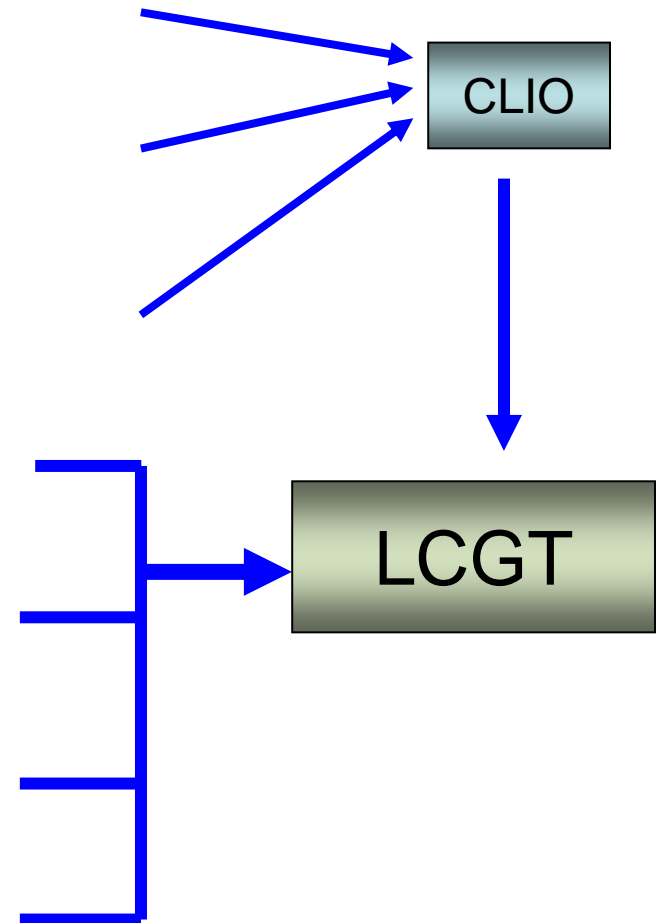


# Design Sensitivity



# *Technical basis of LCGT*

- 10m, 100m Delay-Line
  - ISAS 1992-1995
- 20m interferometer
  - Kamioka mine 1999-2002
- Cryogenic experiments
  - KEK-ICRR 1997-2002
- TAMA advancement
  - NAO 1995-
- RSE adoption
  - NAO 1998-
- SPI installation
  - Phys. Dept. UT 1999-
- SAS
  - Phys. Dept. & NAO 1998-  
(CALTECH)



# *Parametric instability of LCGT*

- Unstable mode is fewer by 10 times than those of the advanced LIGO.
- Transverse optical modes are less dense against mirror curvature change by 30 times than adv. LIGO.
- This effectively heals the problem of parametric instability, which is the natural product of cryogenics like small thermal noise and negligible thermal lensing.

## *Funding status*

- LCGT applied third trial to get funding for FY2009.
- Design of LCGT has been reviewed in 2005 by the external review panel by the Institute of Cosmic Ray Research.
- The Academic Council of Japan expressed a demand to the Japanese government to make a framework accepting a project such as LCGT.
- However, the government postponed the work till the next March.
- Although the University of Tokyo had submitted LCGT request to the Ministry of Education, Sports, Culture, Science and Technology, the Ministry didn't submit to the Ministry of Finance. **LCGT is not nominated for FY2009.**
- So far we had been stressing the first detection of GW to get funding.
- However, the review panel of ICRR summarized its report this spring and placed more importance of a detector with good sensitivity comparable to the advanced LIGO to be built in other places than US and Europe.
- By this recommendation, **we have determined this month to repeat the request for the next year (FY2010) budget request.**
- International collaboration may be one of strong pushes of the funding.
- I still hope LCGT will be funded in near future.

# Summary

- **TAMA** sensitivity is steadily improved by SAS.
- **CLIO** confirmed underground significance again and proves the feasibility of cryogenic mirror, soon.
- **LCGT** has sensitivity to certainly detect gravitational wave events in a year.
- We determined to repeat the request for FY2010.