



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

AUTHOR(S)	DATE	Document Change Notice, Release or Approval
Ken Mason, Jason Oberling, Doug Cook, Dennis Coyne, Eric James	23 May 2014	see LIGO DCC record Status

Instructions on the use of this document:

- 1) Use, and complete, this document on a laptop computer while the work is proceeding. When operating in a cleanroom, use a cleanroom compatible laptop. This procedure must be available at all times during the alignment process. In addition, all of the applicable documents must also be available for reference during the procedure from the laptop computer.
- 2) Use this alignment procedure as a check list for preparation and during the alignment; as each step is completed, enter the name of the person completing the work (or approving or checking the step), as well as the date and any comments or notes. In particular, note any discrepancies or deviations and augment with any missing definition. **ALL NOTES MUST BE RECORDED IN THE COMPLETED VERSION OF THIS DOCUMENT (NOT IN OTHER NOTEBOOKS OR FILES).** If the additional notes are too cumbersome to include within the body of this completed procedure, then electronically attach them to the completed procedure.
- 3) Once completed, file the document in the LIGO Document Control Center (DCC) as the next highest version of the procedure and add a note that this is a completed/finished procedure.
- 4) File any significant notes or data from the completed procedure in the electronic logbook (such as any deviations); as a minimum note in the electronic logbook that the alignment was completed in accordance with this procedure (cite document number and revision).



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

Contents

1	SCOPE	3
2	APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS.....	3
3	COORDINATE SYSTEMS/REFERENCES	4
4	PREREQUISITES	4
5	REQUIRED EQUIPMENT LIST	4
6	CHAMBER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE	5
6.1	Chamber set-up	9
6.1.1	Level table LHAM4	9
6.1.2	Level table LHAM5	9
6.1.3	Set LHAM4 and LHAM5 Positions.....	9
6.1.4	Approximately align the Suspension Structures with the templates	11
6.2	SR2.....	11
6.2.1	Setup the SR2 Retro-reflector Assembly (D1101340).....	11
6.2.2	Set Total Station into position for SR2 for X, Y, and Z positioning.....	12
6.2.3	Align the SR2 axial position.....	13
6.2.4	Align the SR2 vertical position	13
6.2.5	Align the SR2 horizontal position	14
6.2.6	Set Total Station into position for SR2 pitch/yaw alignment.....	15
6.2.7	Set up PLX Lateral Transfer Periscope	15
6.2.8	Align SR2 in Yaw	16
6.2.9	Set SR2 pitch.....	16
6.2.10	Iterate/re-Check	17
6.3	SR3.....	17
6.3.1	Setup the SR3 Retro-reflector Assembly (D1101340).....	17
6.3.2	Set Total Station into position for SR3 for X, Y, and Z positioning.....	18
6.3.3	Align the SR3 axial position.....	19
6.3.4	Align the SR3 vertical position	19
6.3.5	Align the SR3 horizontal position	20
6.3.6	Set Total Station into position for SR3 pitch/yaw alignment.....	21
6.3.7	Align SR3 in Yaw	21
6.3.8	Set SR3 pitch.....	21
6.3.9	Iterate/re-Check	22
6.4	SRM Surrogate (SRM-s).....	22
6.4.1	Setup the SRM-s Retro-reflector Assembly (D1101340)	22
6.4.2	Set Total Station into position for SRM-s for X, Y, and Z positioning	23
6.4.3	Align the SRM-s axial position	24
6.4.4	Align the SRM-s vertical position.....	24
6.4.5	Align the SRM-s horizontal position.....	25
6.4.6	Set Total Station into position for SRM-s pitch/yaw alignment	26
6.4.7	Align SRM-s in Yaw	26
6.4.8	Set SRM-s pitch.....	27
6.4.9	Iterate/re-Check	27
6.5	Hartmann Wave Front Sensors Alignment (LHAM4).....	28



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

1 SCOPE

The scope of this procedure is alignment of the optical elements of the LHAM4 and LHAM5 chambers, which includes alignment of the following optical elements:

- 1) SR2, a part of the HSTS assembly ([D0900424](#))
- 2) SR3, a part of the HAM Large Triple Suspension (HLTS) assembly ([D0900461](#))
- 3) SRM, a part of the HAM Small Triple Suspension (HSTS) assembly ([D0900463](#))
- 4) Hartmann Wave Front Sensor Optics Assembly for HAM4 ([D1101863](#))
- 5) Hartmann Wave Front Sensor Optics Assembly for HAM5 ([D1101849](#))

This procedure describes the preliminary alignment of the optical payload elements of the LHAM4 and LHAM5 chambers. These two chambers contain the Signal Recycling Cavity Optics which are aligned as a set.

This procedure does not cover the procedures for installing assemblies onto the HAM-ISI platforms or for balancing and leveling the HAM-ISI optics tables; these procedures are defined in separate documentation.

2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

Listed below are all of the applicable and referenced documents for the initial alignment procedures. This list gives the latest revisions of the documents; within the alignment steps, only the document number (and not the revision) is quoted.

Document No.	Document Title
E0900047	LIGO Contamination Control Plan
T1000230	AOS Initial Alignment Requirements Final Design Document
T080307	Initial Alignment System Design Requirements Document
D1101864	Installation Plate Layout, LHAM4
D1102449	Installation Plate Layout, LHAM5
D1102450	L1 SRM Installation Plate
D1101855	L1 SR2 Installation Plate
D1102451	L1 SR3 Installation Plate
D1200047	L1/H1 Faraday Isolator Installation Plate
E1100374	Survey Data for LLO
T1100318	Total Station modifications for stabilizing unit when Laser Autocollimator is Attached
D0902359	Suspension Alignment Pusher Assembly
D0900421	HAM4-L1 Top Level Chamber Assembly
D0900456	HAM5-L1 Top level Chamber Assembly
T1100468	Baffle locations
T1100149	Vertex Hartmann Sensor: Alignment Procedures



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

3 COORDINATE SYSTEMS/REFERENCES

The local HAM chamber coordinate system origin is the point where the horizontal, cylindrical axes of the main access portals meet. The local HAM chamber coordinate system axes are aligned to the local gravity vector. Z is vertical (+Z is up). X and Y are both horizontal and approximately aligned to the global coordinate axes (as defined in [T980044](#)). The local HAM chamber coordinate system origin is nominally located 12.8 in [325.0 mm] above the HAM-ISI optics table surface for LHAM4 and LHAM5.

4 PREREQUISITES

- An appropriate clean room should be installed over the chambers

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

- Remove spool piece between HAM4 and BSC2

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

- All payload assemblies must be acceptance tested (to the extent possible and planned) prior to integration into the cartridge assembly

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

- The SRM, SR2 and SR3 suspensions must be capable of being electronically damped while on the test stand and later when in the chamber

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

5 REQUIRED EQUIPMENT LIST

- Total station (either a Sokkia Set2BII or a Sokkia SetX1 modified per [T1100318](#)) with tripod stand
- Laser autocollimator (Newport LDS Vector and LDS1000 controller)
- Optical level (Sokkia B2o AutoLevel with micrometer option, or equivalent) with tripod stand
- Precision bubble level
- Optical Transit Square (Brunson model 75-H) with stand
- Mechanical locating templates for SRM suspension ([D1102450](#)), SR2 suspension ([D1101855](#)), SR3 suspension ([D1102451](#)), and OFI ([D1200047](#)) cleaned to Class B per [E0900047](#) and E960022)
- Precision pushers ([D060052](#), cleaned to Class B per [E0900047](#) and [E960022](#))
- Retro-reflector assembly ([D1200125](#)), cleaned to Class B per [E0900047](#) and [E960022](#))



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

- Depth gauge
- Height scales
- PLX Lateral transfer retro-reflector assembly (D1200839-x0)

6 CHAMBER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The LHAM4 optical table assembly ([D0900421](#)) is depicted in Figure 1. The major optics assemblies integrated into the LHAM4 chamber are the Signal Recycling Mirror #2 (SR2) suspension assembly ([D0900424](#)) and the Hartmann Wave Front Sensor Assembly ([D1101863](#)). The basic alignment setup is depicted in Figure 3.



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

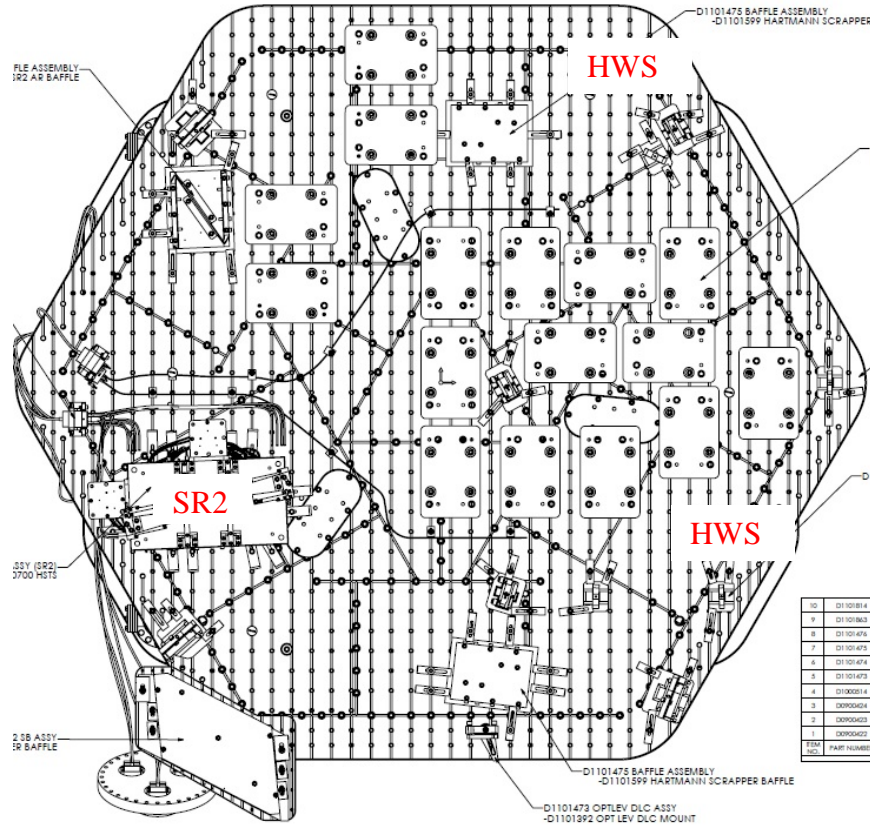


Figure 1: L1 HAM 4



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

The LHAM5 optical table assembly ([D0900456](#)) is depicted in Figure 2. The major optics assemblies integrated into the LHAM5 chamber are the Signal Recycling Mirror (SRM) suspension assembly ([D0900463](#)), the Signal Recycling Mirror #3 (SR3) ([D0900461](#)), the Output Faraday Isolator Assembly ([D0900527](#)), and the Hartmann Wavefront Sensor (HWS) ([D1102287](#)). The basic alignment setup is depicted in figure 3.

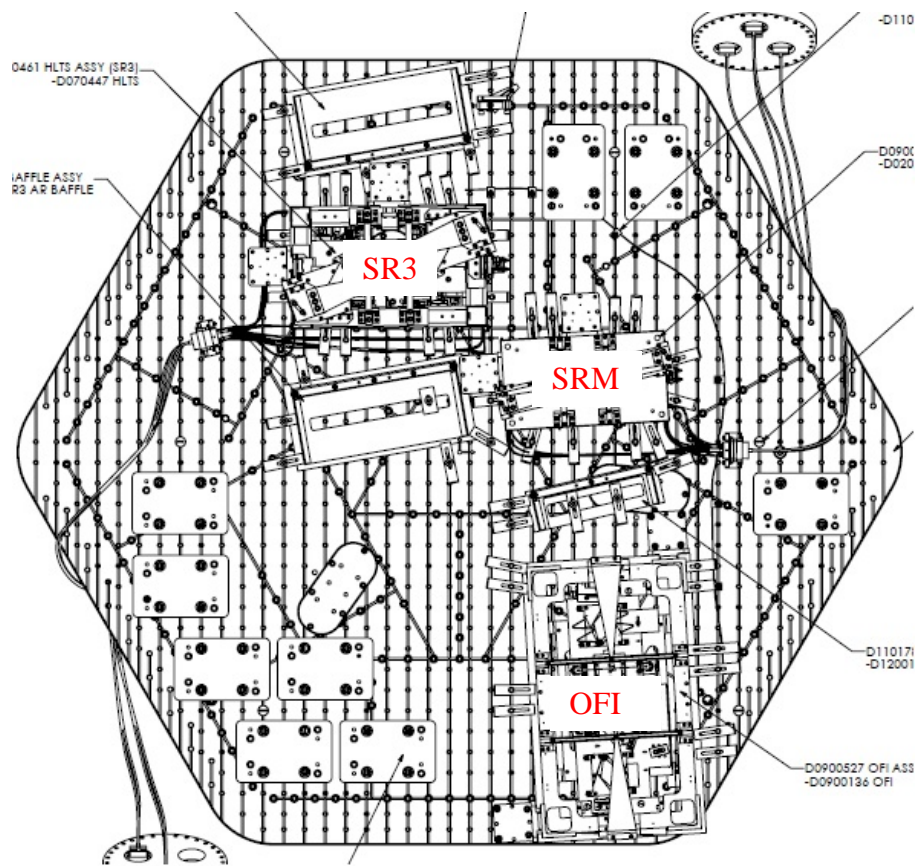


Figure 2: L1 HAM 5



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

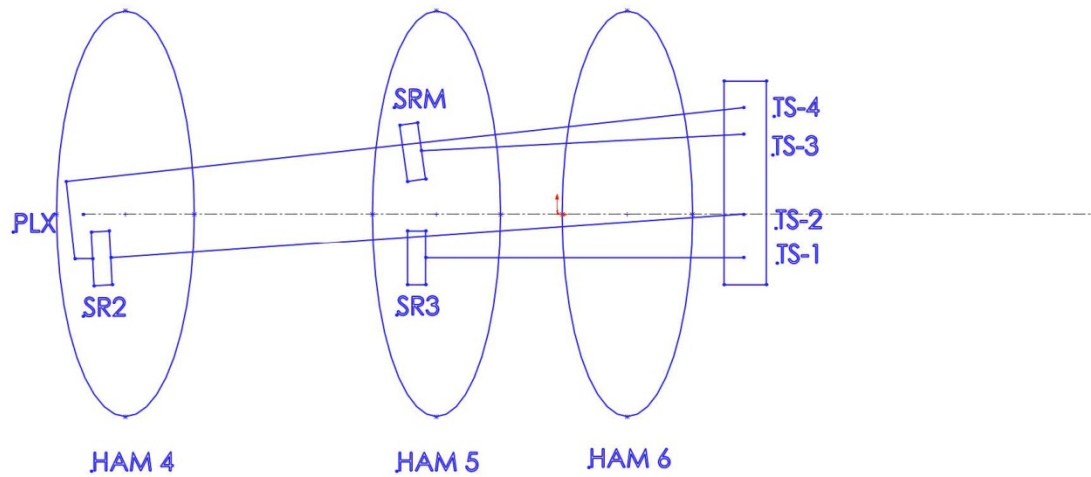


Figure 3: Basic alignment setup



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

6.1 Chamber set-up

6.1.1 Level table LHAM4

Datum: Local gravity

Equipment: Optical level on tall tripod and height scales placed on the optics table

Accuracy: 100 microrad (0.1 mm differential height)

Procedure:

- Place height scales on the table so that they can be seen by the optical level
- Record table height for LHAM4:

LHAM4 Height	+0.3 mm
--------------	---------

- Adjust ISI trim/balance mass as needed
- Record table level:

LHAM4 Level	0.12 mm
-------------	---------

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.1.2 Level table LHAM5

Datum: Local gravity

Equipment: Optical level on tall tripod and height scales placed on the optics table

Accuracy: 100 microrad (0.1 mm differential height)

Procedure:

- Place height scale on the table so that they can be seen by the optical level
- Record table height for LHAM5:

LHAM5 Height	-0.4 mm
--------------	---------

- Adjust ISI trim/balance mass as needed
- Record table level:

LHAM5 Level	0 mm
-------------	------

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.1.3 Set LHAM4 and LHAM5 Positions

Datum: Monuments AM 403, AM 404, bolt hole arrays on tables



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

Equipment: Total Station, sight gauges, retro-reflector

Accuracy: Longitudinal: ±1mm
 Lateral: ±1mm
 Yaw: ±400 microradians

Procedure:

- Set LHAM4 table position
 - Set up Total station along X-arm offset line adjacent to LHAM4 over monument AM 403
 - Place sight gauges on table, one on the near side of the table, and one on the far side of the table. Sight gauges reference the hole array on the table and will be ~2 m apart.
 - Record table longitudinal readings for LHAM4:

LHAM4 longitudinal reading 1	0.33 mm
LHAM4 Longitudinal reading 2	0.08 mm

- Calculate yaw angle from longitudinal readings above:

$$\text{Yaw} = \arctan [((\text{Long. reading1} - \text{nominal}) - (\text{Long. reading2} - \text{nominal})) / 2000]$$

LHAM4 yaw angle	125 microradians CW
-----------------	---------------------

- If longitudinal distance and/or yaw angle is outside of the above tolerances, use HEPI to move the HAM table until it is within these tolerances
- Place retro-reflector on table at known location wrt table center.
- Using EDM on Total station, record lateral distance:

LHAM4 lateral reading	-0.1 mm
-----------------------	---------

- If lateral distance is more than 2mm from the nominal value then use HEPI to properly position the HAM table
- Repeat the above measurements until the HAM table is within all tolerances

- Set LHAM5 table position
 - Set up Total station along X-arm offset line adjacent to LHAM5 over monument AM 404
 - Place sight gauges on table, one on the near side of the table, and one on the far side of the table. Sight gauges reference the hole array on the table.
 - Record table longitudinal readings for LHAM5:

LHAM5 longitudinal reading 1	0 mm
LHAM5 Longitudinal reading 2	0 mm

- Calculate yaw angle from longitudinal readings above:

$$\text{Yaw} = \arctan [((\text{Long. reading1} - \text{nominal}) - (\text{Long. reading2} - \text{nominal})) / 1000]$$

LHAM5 yaw angle	0 microradians
-----------------	----------------



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

- If longitudinal distance and/or yaw angle is outside of the above tolerances, use HEPI to move the HAM table until it is within these tolerances
- Place retro-reflector on table at known location wrt table center.
- Using EDM on Total station, record lateral distance:

LHAM5 lateral reading	0 mm
-----------------------	------

- If lateral distance is more than 2mm from the nominal value then use HEPI to properly position the HAM table
- Repeat the above measurements until the HAM table is within all tolerances

6.1.4 Approximately align the Suspension Structures with the templates

Datum: Bolt holes in optical table per [D1101864](#) (LHAM4) and [D1102449](#) (LHAM5)

Equipment: Alignment templates:

SRM Suspension: [D1102450](#)

SR2 Suspension [D1101855](#)

SR3 Suspension: [D1102451](#)

OFR: [D1200047](#)

Accuracy: Clearance in bolt holes

Procedure:

- Install [D1102450](#) template per [D1102449](#)
- Install [D1101855](#) template per [D1101864](#)
- Install [D1102451](#) template per [D1102449](#)
- Install [D1200047](#) template per [D1102449](#)
- Install pushers ([D0902359](#)) adjacent to SRM, SR2, SR3, and OFI structures opposite the templates
- Push SRM, SR2, SR3, and OFI structures to contact the templates
- Lock down suspension structures
- Remove all templates

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.2 SR2

6.2.1 Setup the SR2 Retro-reflector Assembly (D1101340)

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: HAM Triple Retro-reflector assembly, Depth Gauge

Accuracy: ± 1 mm



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

SR2	X	Y	Z	Pitch	Yaw	Distance
Position (TS-2)	+367.43	-27000.0	-81.60	90° 0' 0"	87° 35' 15"	22842.04
Angle (TS-3)	+651.00	-27000.0	-190.45	0° 58' 44"	87° 35' 15"	N/A

**** Must subtract measured retroreflector distance**

Procedure:

- Set the retro-reflector assembly in front of the HSTS in front of the SR2 HR face
N.B. If necessary for stability, use dog clamps to stabilize the retro-reflector mount
- Use the depth gauge to measure the offset distance from the retro-reflector assembly reference plate (square plate behind corner cube retro-reflector) to the SR2 HR face. Do this on the right and left side of the plate and average two values to get the offset distance.
 ⚠ Take care to clean the depth gauge, especially the contact feature. Contact the optic either on the outer perimeter of the HR face where there is no First Contact™ film or in the interior but only on the First Contact™ film and be sure to contact very gently. ⚠
- Record the offset distance (remember to add 10mm for the distance from the retro-reflector assembly reference plate to the corner cube reference plane)

Offset distance from the SR2 HR face to the Reference Plane of the Retro-reflector	mm
--	----

<u>completed, approved or checked by:</u> <u>date:</u> <u>comments (optional):</u>
--

6.2.2 Set Total Station into position for SR2 for X, Y, and Z positioning

Datums: Monument TS-2, wall mark TBD with attached scale

Equipment: Total station, height scale

Accuracy:

Procedure:

- Set theodolite up on monument TS2 with height set to the of optic at Z = -81.6
- Adjust total station height to match height target. *The total station is now at the height of SR2*
- Remove or push aside baffle in front of optic.
- Yaw the total station +87° 35' 15" to point at SR2
- Set pitch to 90° 0' 0" to point at SR2

<u>completed, approved or checked by:</u> <u>date:</u> <u>comments (optional):</u>
--



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

6.2.3 Align the SR2 axial position

Datum: Total station EDM, Retro-reflector and offsets to the HR face

Equipment: Total station, retro-reflector

Accuracy: ± 3 mm

Procedure:

- Use total station EDM to set position to $L = 22842.0$ mm (remember to subtract the offset distance from the retro-reflector to the optic HR face)
- Record position

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Retro-reflector to HR face offset	mm	mm	mm
EDM Distance	mm	mm	mm
Sum = L (SR2 HR longitudinal distance)	22843.2 mm	mm	mm

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.2.4 Align the SR2 vertical position

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: total station

Accuracy: ± 3.4 mm (as per T0800307)

Procedure:

- With the Total Station at the proper yaw angle, sight the bottom edge of the optic. Record the pitch angle
- Sight the top edge of the optic. Record the pitch angle

N.B. EQ stop brackets may need to be removed in order to see the top and/or bottom edges of the optic.

- Calculate the Center Error Distance (formula given in table below)



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Bottom optic edge (-A)	mrad	mrad	mrad
Top optic edge (+B)	mrad	mrad	mrad
Center error angle (A+B)/2	microrad	microrad	microrad
Center error distance $L * (A+B)/2$	-1.82 mm	mm	mm

- The optic height was set during the SUS assembly and should be correct. However, if it is out of tolerance then use the SUS procedures to adjust the test mass height until it is within the required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.2.5 Align the SR2 horizontal position

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: total station, pusher assembly ([D0902359](#))

Accuracy: ±5.1 mm (as per T0800307)

Procedure:

- With the Total Station at zero elevation angle, sight the left edge of the optic. Record the yaw angle
- Sight the right edge of the optic. Record the yaw angle.
- Calculate the Center Error Distance (formula given in table below)

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Left optic edge (-A)	mrad	mrad	mrad
Right optic edge (+B)	mrad	mrad	mrad
Center error angle (A+B)/2	microrad	microrad	microrad
Center error distance $L * (A+B)/2$	-2.19 mm	mm	mm

- Use the “slider/supports” and “pusher assemblies” ([D060052](#)) to shift the lateral position of the quad structure as needed, so that the center error distance falls within the required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

6.2.6 Set Total Station into position for SR2 pitch/yaw alignment

Datum: Monuments TS-3, Mark on wall for height w/ attached scale

Equipment: Total station, Newport visible laser autocollimator (LAC), height scale

Accuracy:

Procedure:

- Set the total station over monument TS-4
- Yaw the total station to sight the scale on wall mark
- Adjust total station height to -190.45 mm (global coordinate system). *The LAC is now at the correct height for SR2 alignment.*
Zero the total station yaw
- Yaw the total station $87^{\circ} 35' 15''$ and pitch it up by $0^{\circ} 58' 44''$ to point at the AR surface of SR2 via the PLX periscope

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

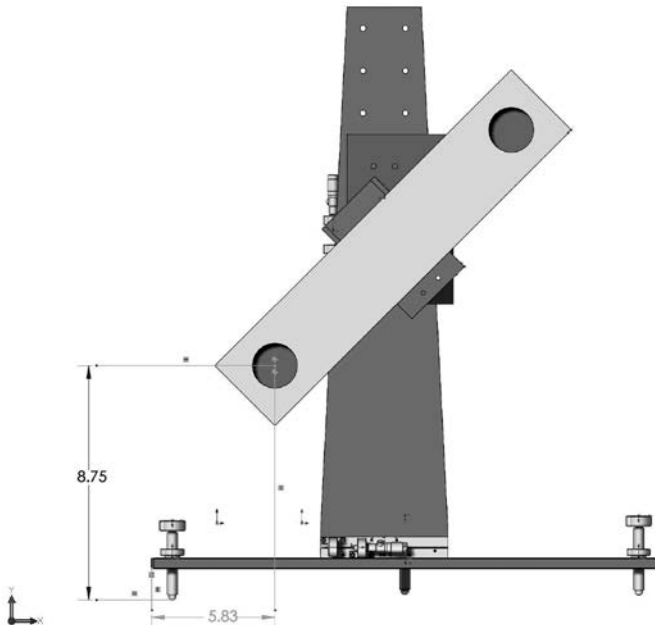
comments (optional):

6.2.7 Set up PLX Lateral Transfer Periscope

Datum: Optical Axis as established by the Total Station

Equipment: PLX Periscope, Total station, Newport visible laser autocollimator (LAC)

Accuracy:





LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

Procedure:

- Set the PLX Lateral Transfer Periscope assembly outside of the HAM2 North door using the 45 ° adapter plate
- Orient the PLX tilted forward 1° and as shown in Figure 3
- Align the PLX to the LAC beam
 - Translate the PLX horizontally and vertically until the beam from the LAC is centered on the entrance port
 - Yaw the PLX until the beam exits the center of the exit port
 - Repeat until the beam enters and exits from the center of the respective ports on the PLX. The PLX is now directing the LAC beam at the AR surface of the SR2

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.2.8 Align SR2 in Yaw

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Laser autocollimator

Accuracy: ±820 microradians

Procedure:

- Use the laser autocollimator to measure the yaw angle
 - Zero the yaw using the pusher assemblies down to ±820 microradian residual error
 - Use the top blade adjusters to reduce the residual error further, using the SUS procedures
- Record residual yaw error

SR2 yaw error

250 microrad CCW

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.2.9 Set SR2 pitch

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Total station

Accuracy: ±520 microradians

Procedure:

- Use the LAC to measure the initial pitch error.

SR2 pitch initial error

microradians

**LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built**

- If the pitch error is < 520 microradians, record the value and proceed to step 6.2.10
- If > 520 microradians, then adjust the upper intermediate mass pitch balance per SUS procedures until the required accuracy is met. Record the residual error

SR2 pitch error

155 microradians up

completed, approved or checked by:date:comments (optional):**6.2.10 Iterate/re-Check**Datum: Local gravity, optical axis as established by the total stationEquipment: Optical level on tall tripod, height scales, total stationAccuracy:levelness: ± 100 microrad (0.1 mm differential height)lateral position: ± 5.1 mmlongitudinal position: ± 3 mmvertical position: ± 3.4 mmyaw: ± 820 microradianspitch: ± 520 microradiansProcedure:

- Re-check LHAM4 table level
- Re-check the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical position and pitch and yaw of the optic. Correct errors as necessary
- Repeat until all are within required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:date:comments (optional):**6.3 SR3****6.3.1 Setup the SR3 Retro-reflector Assembly (D1101340)**Datum: Optical axis as established by the total stationEquipment: HAM Triple Retro-reflector assembly, Depth GaugeAccuracy: ± 1 mmProcedure:

- Set the retro-reflector assembly in behind the HSTS in front of the SR3 AR face.



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

N.B. If necessary for stability, use dog clamps to stabilize the retro-reflector mount

- Use the depth gauge to measure the offset distance from the retro-reflector assembly reference plate (square plate behind corner cube retro-reflector) to the SR3 HR face. Do this on the right and left side of the plate and average two values to get the offset distance.
 ⚠ Take care to clean the depth gauge, especially the contact feature. Contact the optic either on the outer perimeter of the HR face where there is no First Contact™ film or in the interior but only on the First Contact™ film and be sure to contact very gently. ⚠
- Record the offset distance (remember to add 10mm for the distance from the retro-reflector assembly reference plate to the corner cube reference plane)

Offset distance from the SR3 HR face to the Reference Plane of the Retro-reflector	mm
--	----

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

6.3.2 Set Total Station into position for SR3 for X, Y, and Z positioning

Datums: Monument TS-1, wall mark TBD with attached scale

Equipment: Total station, height scale

Accuracy:

SR3	X	Y	Z	Pitch	Yaw	Distance
Position(TS-1)	-73.430	-27000.0	-8.987	90° 34' 30"	89° 12' 37"	7283.20
Angle(TS-1)	-73.430	-27000.0	-161.97	90° 34' 30"	89° 12' 37"	N/A

**** Must subtract measured retroreflector distance**

Procedure:

- Set theodolite up on monument TS1 with height set to the of optic at Z = -161.97
- Adjust total station height to match height target. *The total station is now at the height of for SR3 positioning*
- Remove or push any optic or mass in view of the optic
- Yaw the total station +89° 12' 37" to point at SR3
- Set pitch to 90° 34' 30" to point at SR3

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

6.3.3 Align the SR3 axial position

Datum: Total station EDM, Retro-reflector and offsets to the HR face (determined in section **Error! Reference source not found.**)

Equipment: Total station, retro-reflector

Accuracy: ± 3 mm

Procedure:

- Use total station EDM to set position to $L = 7283.2$ mm (remember to subtract the offset distance from the retro-reflector to the optic HR face)
- Record position

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Retro-reflector to AR face offset	mm	mm	mm
EDM Distance	mm	mm	mm
Sum = L (SR3 AR longitudinal distance)	7284.02 mm	mm	mm

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.3.4 Align the SR3 vertical position

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: total station

Accuracy: ± 3.0 mm (as per T0800307)

Procedure:

- With the Total Station at the proper yaw angle, sight the bottom edge of the optic. Record the pitch angle
- Sight the top edge of the optic. Record the pitch angle

N.B. EQ stop brackets may need to be removed in order to see the top and/or bottom edges of the optic.

- Calculate the Center Error Distance (formula given in table below)

**LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built**

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Bottom optic edge (-A)	17.788 mrad	mrad	mrad
Top optic edge (+B)	18.132 mrad	mrad	mrad
Center error angle (A+B)/2	+172 microrad	microrad	microrad
Center error distance $L * (A+B)/2$	+1.18 mm	mm	mm

- The optic height was set during the SUS assembly and should be correct. However, if it is out of tolerance then use the SUS procedures to adjust the test mass height until it is within the required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.3.5 Align the SR3 horizontal position

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: total station, pusher assembly ([D0902359](#))

Accuracy: ± 3.0 mm (as per T0800307)

Procedure:

- With the Total Station at zero elevation angle, sight the left edge of the optic. Record the yaw angle.
- Sight the right edge of the optic. Record the yaw angle.
- Calculate the Center Error Distance (formula given in table below)

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Left optic edge (-A)	18.045 mrad	mrad	mrad
Right optic edge (+B)	18.273 mrad	mrad	mrad
Center error angle (A+B)/2	+114 microrad	microrad	microrad
Center error distance $L * (A+B)/2$	+0.83 mm	mm	mm

- Use the “slider/supports” and “pusher assemblies” ([D060052](#)) to shift the lateral position of the quad structure as needed, so that the center error distance falls within the required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

6.3.6 Set Total Station into position for SR3 pitch/yaw alignment

Datum: Monuments TS-1, Mark on wall for height w/ attached scale

Equipment: Total station, Newport visible laser autocollimator (LAC), height scale

Accuracy:

Procedure:

- Keep the total station over monument TS-1
- Yaw the total station to sight the scale on wall mark
- Adjust total station height to -161.97 mm (local coordinate system). *The LAC is now at the correct height for SR3 alignment.*
Zero the total station yaw
- Yaw the total station 89° 12' 37" and pitch it down by 90° 34' 30" to point at the AR surface of SR3.

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

6.3.7 Align SR3 in Yaw

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Laser autocollimator

Accuracy: ±200 microradians

Procedure:

- Use the laser autocollimator to measure the yaw angle
 - Zero the yaw using the pusher assemblies down to ±200 microradian residual error.
 - Use the top blade adjusters to reduce the residual error further, using the SUS procedures
- Record residual yaw error

SR3 yaw error	21 microrad CW
---------------	----------------

completed, approved or checked by:
date:
comments (optional):

6.3.8 Set SR3 pitch

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Total station

Accuracy: ±560 microradians



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

Procedure:

- Use the LAC to measure the initial pitch error.

SR3 pitch initial error	microradians
-------------------------	--------------

- If the pitch error is < 560 microradians, record the value and proceed to step 6.2.10
- If > 560 microradians, then adjust the upper intermediate mass pitch balance per SUS procedures until the required accuracy is met. Record the residual error

SR3 pitch error	8 microradians down
-----------------	---------------------

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.3.9 Iterate/re-Check

Datum: Local gravity, optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Optical level on tall tripod, height scales, total station

Accuracy:

levelness: ± 100 microrad (0.1 mm differential height)

lateral position: ± 3.0 mm

longitudinal position: ± 3 mm

vertical position: ± 3.0 mm

yaw: ± 200 microradians

pitch: ± 560 microradians

Procedure:

- Re-check LHAM5 table level
- Re-check the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical position and pitch and yaw of the optic. Correct errors as necessary
- Repeat until all are within required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4 SRM Surrogate (SRM-s)

6.4.1 Setup the SRM-s Retro-reflector Assembly (D1101340)

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: HAM Triple Retro-reflector assembly, Depth Gauge



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

Accuracy: ±1 mm

Procedure:

- Set the retro-reflector assembly in behind the HSTS in front of the SRM AR face.
N.B. If necessary for stability, use dog clamps to stabilize the retro-reflector mount
- Use the depth gauge to measure the offset distance from the retro-reflector assembly reference plate (square plate behind corner cube retro-reflector) to the SRM HR face. Do this on the right and left side of the plate and average two values to get the offset distance.
 ⚠ Take care to clean the depth gauge, especially the contact feature. Contact the optic either on the outer perimeter of the HR face where there is no First Contact™ film or in the interior but only on the First Contact™ film and be sure to contact very gently. ⚠
- Record the offset distance (remember to add 10mm for the distance from the retro-reflector assembly reference plate to the corner cube reference plane)

Offset distance from the SRM HR face to the Reference Plane of the Retro-reflector	mm
--	----

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.2 Set Total Station into position for SRM-s for X, Y, and Z positioning

Datums: Monument TS-4, wall mark TBD with attached scale

Equipment: Total station, height scale

Accuracy:

SRM	X	Y	Z	Pitch	Yaw	Distance
Position (TS-4)	+710.31	-27000.0	+51.652	90° 57' 27"	86° 43' 43"	7029.080
Angle (TS-4)	+710.31	-27000.0	-101.328	90° 57' 27"	86° 43' 43"	N/A

**** Must subtract measured retroreflector distance**

Procedure:

- Set theodolite up on monument TS3 with height set to the of optic at Z = -1.5
- Adjust total station height to match height target. *The total station is now at the height of for SRM positioning*
- Remove or push any optic or mass in view of the optic
- Yaw the total station +86° 43' 43" to point at SRM
- Set pitch to 90° 57' 18" to point at SR3



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.3 Align the SRM-s axial position

Datum: Total station EDM, Retro-reflector and offsets to the HR face (determined in section **Error! Reference source not found.**)

Equipment: Total station, retro-reflector

Accuracy: ± 3 mm

Procedure:

- Use total station EDM to set position to $L = 7029.08$ mm (remember to subtract the offset distance from the retro-reflector to the optic HR face)
- Record position

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Retro-reflector to AR face offset	mm	mm	mm
EDM Distance	mm	mm	mm
Sum = L (SRM AR longitudinal distance)	7027.9 mm	mm	mm

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.4 Align the SRM-s vertical position

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: total station

Accuracy: ± 3.0 mm (as per T0800307)

Procedure:

- With the Total Station at the proper yaw angle, sight the bottom edge of the optic. Record the pitch angle
- Sight the top edge of the optic. Record the pitch angle

N.B. EQ stop brackets may need to be removed in order to see the top and/or bottom edges of the optic.

- Calculate the Center Error Distance (formula given in table below)



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Bottom optic edge (-A)	10.792 mrad	mrad	mrad
Top optic edge (+B)	10.617 mrad	mrad	mrad
Center error angle (A+B)/2	-87.5 microrad	microrad	microrad
Center error distance $L * (A+B)/2$	-0.61 mm	mm	mm

- The optic height was set during the SUS assembly and should be correct. However, if it is out of tolerance then use the SUS procedures to adjust the test mass height until it is within the required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.5 Align the SRM-s horizontal position

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station.

Equipment: total station, pusher assembly ([D0902359](#)).

Accuracy: ± 4.6 mm (as per T0800307)

Procedure:

- With the Total Station at zero elevation angle, sight the left edge of the optic. Record the yaw angle.
- Sight the right edge of the optic. Record the yaw angle.
- Calculate the Center Error Distance (formula given in table below)

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
Left optic edge (-A)	10.423 mrad	mrad	mrad
Right optic edge (+B)	10.952 mrad	mrad	mrad
Center error angle (A+B)/2	+261 microrad	microrad	microrad
Center error distance $L * (A+B)/2$	+1.86 mm	mm	mm



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

- Use the “slider/supports” and “pusher assemblies” ([D060052](#)) to shift the lateral position of the quad structure as needed, so that the center error distance falls within the required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.6 Set Total Station into position for SRM-s pitch/yaw alignment

Datum: Monuments TS-4, Mark on wall for height w/ attached scale

Equipment: Total station, Newport visible laser autocollimator (LAC), height scale

Accuracy:

Procedure:

- Keep the total station over monument TS-4
- Yaw the total station to sight the scale on wall mark
- Adjust total station height to -101.33mm (local coordinate system). *The LAC is now at the correct height for SRM alignment.*
Zero the total station yaw
- Yaw the total station 86° 43’ 43” and pitch it down by 90° 57’ 18” to point at the AR surface of SRM

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.7 Align SRM-s in Yaw

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Laser autocollimator

Accuracy: ±820 microradians

Procedure:

- Use the laser autocollimator to measure the yaw angle
 - o Zero the yaw using the pusher assemblies down to ±820 microradian residual error.
 - o Use the top blade adjusters to reduce the residual error further, using the SUS procedures
- Record residual yaw error

SRM yaw error	4 microrad CCW
---------------	----------------

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):



LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built

6.4.8 Set SRM-s pitch

Datum: Optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Total station

Accuracy: ± 520 microradians

Procedure:

- Use the LAC to measure the initial pitch error.

SRM pitch initial error	microradians
-------------------------	--------------

- If the pitch error is < 520 microradians, record the value and proceed to step 6.2.10
- If > 520 microradians, then adjust the upper intermediate mass pitch balance per SUS procedures until the required accuracy is met. Record the residual error

SRM pitch error	3 microradians up
-----------------	-------------------

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

6.4.9 Iterate/re-Check

Datum: Local gravity, optical axis as established by the total station

Equipment: Optical level on tall tripod, height scales, total station

Accuracy:

levelness: ± 100 microrad (0.1 mm differential height)

lateral position: ± 4.6 mm

axial position: ± 3 mm

vertical position: ± 3.0 mm

yaw: ± 820 microradians

pitch: ± 520 microradians

Procedure:

- Re-check LHAM5 table level
- Re-check the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical position and pitch and yaw of the optic. Correct errors as necessary
- Repeat until all are within required accuracy

completed, approved or checked by:

date:

comments (optional):

**LHAM4 and LHAM5 As Built****6.5 Hartmann Wave Front Sensors Alignment (LHAM4)**

The Hartman Wave Front Sensor (HWS) is provided by the Thermal Compensation Systems (TCS) group. Alignment of the HWS components is not done at the same time as the rest of the LHAM4 and LHAM5 components. The in-vacuum components for the HWS are installed in LHAM4, but the alignment procedure involves optics in LHAM4, LHAM5, BSC1, BSC2 and BSC3 as well as an external optical table. Alignment will be done after the optics in all of these chambers are in place and aligned. Alignment will require resources from both the Initial Alignment System (IAS) and the TCS groups. The alignment procedure is described in [T1100149](#), *Vertex Hartmann Sensor: Initial and Maintenance Alignment Procedures*. This document also specifies required equipment and configurations of core optics components.