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## Test Procedure for Low Noise VCO

Paul Schwinberg and Daniel Sigg

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This is an internal working note  
of the LIGO Laboratory.

California Institute of Technology  
LIGO Project – MS 18-34  
1200 E. California Blvd.  
Pasadena, CA 91125  
Phone (626) 395-2129  
Fax (626) 304-9834  
E-mail: info@ligo.caltech.edu

Massachusetts Institute of Technology  
LIGO Project – NW22-295  
185 Albany St  
Cambridge, MA 02139  
Phone (617) 253-4824  
Fax (617) 253-7014  
E-mail: info@ligo.mit.edu

LIGO Hanford Observatory  
P.O. Box 159  
Richland WA 99352  
Phone 509-372-8106  
Fax 509-372-8137

LIGO Livingston Observatory  
P.O. Box 940  
Livingston, LA 70754  
Phone 225-686-3100  
Fax 225-686-7189

<http://www.ligo.caltech.edu/>

## 1 Introduction

The following Test Procedure describes the test of proper operation of the Low Noise VCO. The unused RF outputs should always be properly terminated with 50 Ohms. Further information can be found on the [wiki page](#).

## 2 Test Equipment

- Voltmeter
- Oscilloscope
- Stanford Research SR785 analyzer
- Tektronix AFG3101 function generator
- RF Power Meter Agilent E4418A
- RF Frequency counter Agilent 53131A
- VCO tester, LIGO [D1100545-v1](#)
- Board Schematics, LIGO [D0900605-v2](#) and [D0900609-v2](#)

## 3 Tests

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*The Low Noise VCO uses the Low Noise Power Module (D0901846, rev D) with the RF Distribution Amplifier Interface (D1000064, rev A).*

- 1) Verify the proper current draw. Using a bench DC supply apply +- 24Volts to P7 and +- 17 Volts to P6 of the low noise power Module (D0901846). Measure the current draw of the board.

+24 Volt current .06 0.1 A Nom.

-24 Volt current .02 0.0 A Nom.

+17 Volt current 1.35 less than 1.1 A

-17 Volt current .12 less than 0.01 A

2) On the low noise power module check the voltage on TP 1-13.

TP1 (+17V) +17

TP2 (-17V) -17

TP3 , 4 ( GND )

TP5 (+ 5V) +5

TP6 (-15V) -15

TP7 (+24V) +24

TP8 ( GND )

TP9 ( -24V ) -24

TP10 ( GND )

TP11 (+15V) +15

TP12 (+VREF) +10

TP13 (-VREF) -10

3) If TP 1 , 2 , 7 , 9 and 8 are correct then pin 5 on U1 and U7, ( OK, TP14 ) should be Logic high ~3Volts. Confirm. ok

4) The noise on TP 12, 13, 11 and 6 should be measured with a SR785 using an rms power spectrum.

TP12 noise 11.5 less than 20 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz

TP13 noise 13 less than 20 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz

TP11 noise 16.6 less than 20 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz

TP6 noise 15.6 less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.

- 5) Test the power monitors by applying a 30 MHz, 10 dBm rf signal through an attenuator to each of the RF detectors. Measure the output voltages mon1, mon2 and mon3 and with a RF power meter measure the RF power applied to the detector input.

**Mon1**

Nom input pwr	Measured Pwr dBm	Monitor Voltage (M)	Measured Volt
+10 dBm	-7	4.2 Volts ( 1.05 )	4.2
+5 dBm	-12	4.7 Volts ( 1.175 )	4.7
0 dBm	-17	5.2 Volts ( 1.30 )	5.2
-5 dBm	-22	5.7 Volts ( 1.425 )	5.7
-10 dBm	-27	6.2 Volts ( 1.55 )	6.2

**Mon 2**

Nom input pwr	Measured Pwr dBm	Monitor Voltage (M)	Measured Volt
+10 dBm	-7	4.2 Volts ( 1.05 )	4.2
+5 dBm	-12	4.7 Volts ( 1.175 )	4.7
0 dBm	-17	5.2 Volts ( 1.30 )	5.2
-5 dBm	-22	5.7 Volts ( 1.425 )	5.7
-10 dBm	-27	6.2 Volts ( 1.55 )	6.2

**Mon 3**

Nom input pwr	Measured Pwr dBm	Monitor Voltage (M)	Measured Volt
+10 dBm	-7	4.2 Volts ( 1.05 )	4.2
+5 dBm	-12	4.7 Volts ( 1.175 )	4.7
0 dBm	-17	5.2 Volts ( 1.30 )	5.2
-5 dBm	-22	5.7 Volts ( 1.425 )	5.7
-10 dBm	-27	6.2 Volts ( 1.55 )	6.2

We now move on to the Low Noise VCO: Oscillator Source (D0900609).

- 6) On the Low Noise VCO: Oscillator Source (D0900609) check the voltage on TP1-6, TP8, TP10P, TP20P, TPREF and TPREF5. Terminate the tune input with 50 ohms.

TP1 0 nominal 0.0V

TP2 0 nominal 0.0V

TP3 +11 nominal +11.0V, trim R25 to nominal voltage.

TP4 +11 nominal +11.0V

TP5 -2.5 adjusted

TP6 +11 nominal +11.0V

TP8 +11 nominal +11.0V

Monitor 0 nominal 0V (front panel)

TP24P +24 nominal +24V

TP24N -24 nominal -24V

TP15P +15 nominal +15V

TP15N -15 nominal -15V

TPVCC +3.3 nominal ~~+5V~~ +3.3V

TP10P +10 nominal +10V

TP20P +20 nominal +20V

TPREF +10 nominal +10V

TPREF5 +5.5 nominal +5.46V

- 7) The noise on TP1-6, TP8, TP10P, TP20P and TPREF should be measured with a SR785 using an rms power spectrum.

TP1 noise	<u>23.7</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP2 noise	<u>20.2</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP3 noise	<u>23.2</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP4 noise	<u>23.6</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP5 noise	<u>6.2</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP8 noise	<u>5.5</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
Monitor noise	<u>20</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz (front panel).
TP6 noise	<u>13.6</u>	less than 10 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP10P noise	<u>12.5</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TP20P noise	<u>10.4</u>	less than 30 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.
TPREF noise	<u>7.4</u>	less than 20 nVrms/sqrt Hz at 140 Hz.

We now move on to the full assembly of the Low Noise VCO (D0900605).

- 8) Measure the transfer function of the tune input. Use a SR785 in network mode. Take the following transfer functions:
- Tune input to monitor output
  - Excitation input to the monitor output
  - Tune input to TP6

The first two transfer function should be flat at 6 dB and -20 dB, respectively. The third transfer function should show a pole at 1.5 Hz and a zero at 40 Hz. The DC gain is 3 dB, whereas the high frequency gain is around -25 dB. Save the transfer functions on floppy.

Magnitude/Phase response

	Monitor/Tune		Monitor/Exc		TP6/Tune	
Frequency	Meas.	Nom.	Meas.	Nom.	Meas.	Nom.
0.5 Hz	6dB / 0°	6 dB/0°	-20dB / 0°	0 dB/0°	2.4dB/-17°	3 dB/-4°
1 Hz	6dB / 0°	6 dB/0°	-20dB / 0°	0 dB/0°	1.5dB/-32°	1.5 dB/-32°
10 Hz	6dB / 0°	6 dB/0°	-20dB / 0°	0 dB/0°	-13dB/-67°	-13 dB/-67°
100 Hz	6dB / 0°	6 dB/0°	-20dB / 0°	0 dB/0°	-24dB/-21°	-24 dB/-21°
1 kHz	6dB / 0°	6 dB/0°	-20dB / 0°	0 dB/0°	-25dB/-2°	-25 dB/-2°
10 kHz	6dB / 0°	6 dB/0°	-20dB / 0°	0 dB/0°	-25dB / 0°	-25 dB/0°
100 kHz	6dB / -4°	6 dB/-3°	-20dB / -5°	0 dB/-3°	-25dB / -3°	-25 dB/-3°

- 9) Measure RF powers and RF frequencies. Hook a 10dBm/71.000 MHz OCXO source to the Ref input. For all but the measurements on VCO connector, connect the VCO output to the DIV input. Terminate the Tune input. Always terminate the open outputs.

Port	Tune	Power (dBm)	Freq. (MHz)	Nominal
VCO	0V	15.6	131	~13 dBm/136 MHz
OUT1	0V	19.1	79.1	>13 dBm/79.5 MHz
OUT2	0V	19.1	79.1	>13 dBm/79.5 MHz

- 10) Measure RF powers and RF frequencies as function of the tuning voltage. Hook a 10dBm/71.000 MHz OCXO source to the Ref input. Connect the VCO output to the DIV input. Always terminate the open RF outputs. Around zero the tuning sensitivity should be around 250 MHz/V.

Port	Tune	Power (dBm)	Freq. (MHz)	Nominal
OUT1	-7V	18.3	77.9	>13 dBm/78.11 MHz
OUT1	-6V	18.3	78.0	>13 dBm/78.22 MHz
OUT1	-5V	18.3	78.1	>13 dBm/78.38 MHz
OUT1	-4V	18.3	78.2	>13 dBm/78.57 MHz
OUT1	-3V	18.3	78.4	>13 dBm/78.79 MHz
OUT1	-2V	18.3	78.6	>13 dBm/79.02 MHz
OUT1	-1V	18.3	78.8	>13 dBm/79.27 MHz
OUT1	0V	18.4	79.2	>13 dBm/79.53 MHz
OUT1	+1V	19.4	79.4	>13 dBm/79.79 MHz
OUT1	+2V	18.3	79.6	>13 dBm/80.05 MHz
OUT1	+3V	18.2	80.0	>13 dBm/80.29 MHz
OUT1	+4V	18.1	80.2	>13 dBm/80.51 MHz
OUT1	+5V	18.0	80.3	>13 dBm/80.71 MHz
OUT1	+6V	17.9	80.4	>13 dBm/80.88 MHz
OUT1	+7V	17.8	80.4	>13 dBm/80.92 MHz

- 11) Use the VCO tester and check the signals through the rear connector. Terminate the tune input at the front panel and use the frequency counter on Out1.

Check that the OK LED is on OK.

Check that the Excitation switch and the excitation readback LED toggle together OK.

Write down the power and temperature monitors. For the off-value disable the two power switches at the front panel.

Signal	Value	Off value	Nominal
RF power (M1)	3.3	8.67	5.6 V / >8 V
Temperature (M1)	5.5	5.5	6.2 V
RF power (M2)	2.1	5.7	4.9 V / >8 V
Temperature (M2)	5.5	5.5	6.2 V
RF power (M3)	3.3	8.87	<5.4 V / >8 V
Temperature (M3)	5.6	5.6	6.2 V

Set the manual tuning frequency and check the VCO tune monitor as well as the frequency on Out1. The tuning sensitivity should be around 12.5 kHz/V.

Manual Freq Tune	VCO tune monitor		Out Frequency	
	Value	Nominal	Value	Nominal
+10 V	5.1	100 mV	80.3	79.40 MHz
0 V	5.9	0 mV	79.2	79.53 MHz
-10 V	1.8	-100 mV	78.1	79.66 MHz

- 12) Measure the Phase noise of the Low Noise VCO Output (Out1 or Out2) using the Wenzel single channel phase noise measurement technique (3.5.3), Figure 3.5.2-1, which can be found at

[http://www.wenzel.com/pdffiles1/BP1000Manual/BP\\_1000\\_v101\\_2\\_.pdf](http://www.wenzel.com/pdffiles1/BP1000Manual/BP_1000_v101_2_.pdf).

A reasonable FFT analyzer is the SR785, which can be set to measure power units if you start in Display Setup. A Reference Source must be provided which can be just a Wenzel crystal oscillator of frequency 78.89 MHz, properly powered and connected to the Wenzel phase noise measurement system. The output of the Low Noise VCO will need to be attenuated by about 3 dB to provide the amplitude needed by the Wenzel phase noise measurement system (about 10 dBm ).

- 3.25v

Out1 or Out2

Offset freq. Hz	Phase noise spec.	Ref osc. phase noise	LN VCO noise
10 Hz	-60 dBc/Hz	-90 dBc/Hz	- 77.1
100 Hz	-97 dBc/Hz	-110 dBc/Hz	- 81.3
1 kHz	-128 dBc/Hz	-140 dBc/Hz	- 120