LIGO Document E1200224-x0

Home Search Recent Changes Topics Events
aLIGO, Slow Controls

Experience & Status of the LIGO Slow Controls System(s) E1200224, aLIGO, Slow Controls A few specific links that may prove generally useful: D1100683, Block Diagram D1102294, Network Diagram G1200005, EtherCAT for advanced LIGO G1100098, EtherCAT (Beckhoff) for advanced LIGO E1200225, Coding Standard for TwinCAT Slow Controls Software F1200003, Template for TwinCAT Library Documentation

Working Documentation is in the aLIGO WIKI

LIGO Document D1100683-v2

Home Search Recent Changes Topics Events

EtherCAT System Diagram

Document #: LIGO-D1100683-v2 Document type: D - Drawings Submitted by: Daniel Sigg ISS Updated by: Daniel Sigg ISS Document Created: 13 Apr 2011, 12:13 Contents Revised: 09 Aug 2013, 17:00 Metadata Revised: 09 Aug 2013, 17:00	Abstract: Wiring and system diagram of the EtherCAT setup at each site. Files in Document: <u>D1100683-v2.pdf</u> (51 ICS/JIRA Record: <u>d1100683</u> Topics: <u>State Control and Mo</u> Authors: <u>Daniel Sigg</u>	Other Versions: LIGO-D1100683-v1 11 Apr 2012, 08:25 .7 kB)
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 LIGO-E1200202: <u>aLIGO, Slow Controls, EtherCAT</u> <u>Systems</u>

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Abstract: Document tree for the slow controls system

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State Control and Monitoring

Authors: • Daniel Sigg ⊠

Keywords:

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Related Documents:

- LIGO-E1200223: <u>aLIGO, Slow Controls, Overview</u>
 LIGO-E1200202: <u>aLIGO, Slow Controls, EtherCAT</u>
- Systems
- LIGO-E1200203: aLIGO, Slow Controls, EtherCAT Setup and Installation
- LIGO-E1200381: aLIGO, Slow Controls, EtherCAT Software
- LIGO-E1200305: <u>aLIGO, Slow Controls, EtherCAT</u> <u>Hardware</u>
- LIGO-E1200222: <u>aLIGO</u>, Slow Controls, Legacy

Referenced by:

LIGO-E1200123: <u>aLIGO Document Tree</u>

LIGO Document D1102294-v1

Home Search Recent Changes Topics Events

EtherCAT IP Network Diagram

Document #: LIGO-D1102294-v1 Document type: D - Drawings Submitted by: Daniel Sigg IS Updated by: Daniel Sigg IS Document Created: 05 Dec 2011, 12:33	Abstract: This diagram shows the network diagram of the EtherCAT system. Files in Document: • <u>D1102294-v1.pdf</u> (42.7 kB) Other Files: • <u>D1102294-v1.zip</u> (80.2 kB)
Contents Revised:	ICS/JIRA Record:
09 Dec 2011, 08:47 Metadata Revised:	• <u>d1102294</u>
11 Apr 2012, 08:26	Topics:
04 May 2012, 10:42	State Control and Monitoring
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Login to modify	• Danier Sigg Es
	Keywords: EtherCAT

Referenced by: • LIGO-E1200202: <u>aLIGO, Slow Controls, EtherCAT</u> <u>Systems</u>

TwinSafe



Allows Safety interlock to be used without having to install separate chassis though you can

EASY Setup with Pre-Existing Function Blocks

Select Function block like E-Stop

Allows you to select what inputs you are monitoring from any of the Safety input cards either in the corner station or end station. Allows the you to change the state of any of the safety outputs either in the corner or end station. Monitors the network connections to safety inputs and disables outputs if lost. Very flexible and allows variables to communicate with MEDM screens.



DIN Rail and Packaging System





EK1501 | EtherCAT Coupler with ID switch, fibre optic



EL3061, EL3062 | 1-, 2-channel analog input terminals 0...10 V, single-ended, 12 bits



EtherCAT Terminal, analog output EL4xxx | ES4xxx

EL7342 Parameter Table



Index	Name	Flags	Value
8000:0	ENC Settings Ch.1	RW	> 15 <
8000:08	Disable filter	RW	FALSE
8000:0A	Enable micro increments	RW	FALSE
8000:0E	Reversion of rotation	RW	FALSE
8010:0	ENC Settings Ch.2	RW	> 15 <
8020:0	DCM Motor Settings Ch.1	RW	> 15 <
8020:01	Maximal current	RW	0x0096 (150)
8020:02	Nominal current	RW	0x0096 (150)
8020:03	Nominal voltage	RW	0x5DC0 (24000)
8020:04	Motor coil resistance	RW	0x1982 (6530)
8020:05	Reduced current (positive)	RW	0x0000 (0)
8020:06	Reduced current (negative)	RW	0x0000 (0)
8020:07	Encoder increments (4-fold)	RW	0x7D00 (32000)
8020:08	Maximal motor velocity	RW	0x0E10 (3600)
8020:0C	Time for switch-off at overload	RW	0x00C8 (200)
8020:0D	Time for current lowering at overload	RW	0x07D0 (2000)
8020:0E	Torque auto-reduction threshold (positive)	RW	0x00 (0)
8020:0F	Torque auto-reduction threshold (negative)	RW	0x00 (0)
8021:0	DCM Controller Settings Ch.1	RW	> 18 <
8021:01	Kp factor (curr.)	RW	0x00C8 (200)
8021:02	Ki factor (curr.)	RW	0x0002 (2)
8021:03	Inner window (curr.)	RW	0x00 (0)
8021:05	Outer window (curr.)	RW	0x00 (0)
8021:06	Filter cut off frequency (curr.)	RW	0x0064 (100)
8021:11	Voltage adjustment enable	RW	FALSE
8021:12	Current adjustment enable	RW	FALSE
8022:0	DCM Features Ch.1	RW	> 62 <
8022:01	Operation mode	RW	Position controller (3)
8022:09	Invert motor polarity	RW	FALSE
8022:0A	Torque error enable	RW	FALSE
8022:0B	Torque auto reduce	RW	FALSE
8022:11	Select info data 1	RW	Motor coil voltage (1)
8022:19	Select info data 2	RW	Motor coil current (2)



EPICS to Beckhoff Communication

Hardware Bus (fieldbus) = EtherCAT Communications & Control Software = TwinCAT Export Modules: OPC, ADS



T1300690-v1, TwinCAT EPICS IOC Documentation

EPICS IOC Software Components



we use the real time linux system created by Alex Ivanov



EPICS OPC Device Support

Module Owner:

Carsten Winkler Support Bernhard Kuner Author This page is the home of the EPICS OPC Device Support module, which provides Device Support for the Windows platform to access variables located on an OPC server.

This site gives access to the software source code, information on other modules which are needed to install and run it, and documentation on the how to include and use it in your EPICS applications. Please email any comments and bug reports to the module owner who is responsible for coordinating development and releases.

Where to Find It

Module Version	EPICS Release	Sources	Windows Installable	Documentation
0-9-beta	3.14.2 win32-x86	opcApp0-9-beta.zip	-	readme0-9-beta
2.1	3.14.2 win32-x86	OPCIocShellApp.tar	OpcApp_2_1.exe	readme2.1
2.0.1	3.14.6 win32-x86	included in setup	OpcApp 2 BASE 3 14 6.exe	readme2.01.html
3.3	3.14.7 win32-x86	included in setup	opcIocShell 3 3.exe	readme3.3.html
3.5	3.14.8 win32-x86	included in setup	opcIocShell_3_5.exe	readme3.5.html
3.5i_4_9	3.14.8 win32-x86	included in setup	opcIocShell 3 5 4 9.exe	readme3.5.html
3.6	3.14.9 win32-x86	included in setup	opcIocShell 3 6 0 1.exe	readme3.6.html
3.8.0.0	3.14.12 win32-x86	included in setup	opcIocShell 3 8 0 0.exe	readme3.8.html
3.8.0.1	3.14.12.2 win32-x86	included in setup	opcIocShell_3_8_0_1.exe	readme3.8.0.1.html
		C:\Program Files (x86)\HZB\OpcIocShell\demo\startDemo.cmd (replacement for Windows 7)		

You can download the software directly from the links in the table below:

Last modified: Tue Jun 18 2011 Maintained by: Carsten Winkler <a>

TS6000 | TwinCAT ADS Communication Library Overview

"TwinCAT ADS Communication Library" is a collection of all ADS components and is delivered with default TwinCAT installation. It enables to develop own application (e.g. visualization, scientific automation), which can communicate with TwinCAT devices (e.g. PLC, NC or IO-devices). Alternatively we provide the free of charge TC1000 | TC3 ADS Setup with all libraries and the ADS router, if you only need the ADS functionalties.

Components of "TwinCAT ADS Communication Library"

After installation these components will be available in folder "..\TwinCAT\AdsApi".

The ADS libraries are provided for following operating systems and technologies:

Windows (32-Bit/64-Bit)

TcAdsDII C/C++ Windows XP, Vista, 7, 8 ADS components (DLL / Header / Library) to create C/C++ applications ...\TwinCAT\AdsApi\TcAdsDII

http://infosys.beckhoff.com/english.php?content=../content/1033/tcadscomlib/html/tcadscomlib_intro.htm&id=

IEC-1131 - The First Universal Process Control Language INTRODUCTION

IEC-1131 is the first international standard for process control software. By using IEC-1131, a programmer can develop a control algorithm for a particular brand of controller, and import that same program to another brand with minimum modifications, primarily to process input/output subsystems.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF IEC-1131

The basic principle of IEC-1131 is that a programmer can develop a control algorithm (referred to as a "Project") using any combination of five control languages; Instruction List, Structured Text, Ladder Diagram, Function Block Diagram, and Sequential Function Chart.

EtherCAT - Ethernet for Control Automation Technology - is an open high performance Ethernetbased fieldbus system. The development goal of EtherCAT was to apply Ethernet to automation applications which require short data update times (also called cycle times) with low communication jitter (for synchronization purposes) and low hardware costs.

Test system

Hardware: Processor: Intel Xeon CPU X5650 Cores: 6 HT Threads: 12 Speed: 2.67GHz Mmeory: 12 GB; 2.99GB usable

Software: OS: Windows 7 Version: 32-bit operating system TwinCAT: 2.11

Speed tests

TwinCAT (test performed on 6/21/2013)

This test was performed to see how much data we can read from TwinCAT

in a single request before overloading the system.

1 channel

1.076ms to read data

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: was not monitored

1000 channels (~10kB)

1.084ms to read data out in one request

Speed tests continued

TwinCAT (test performed on 6/21/2013)

This test was performed to see how much data we can read from TwinCAT in

one request before overloading the system.

1 channel

1.076ms to read data

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: was not monitored

1000 channels (~10kB)

1.084ms to read data out in one request

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: no noticeable change

3,200 channels (~30kB)

1.087ms to read data out in one request

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: +1-2%

7,500 channels (~70kB)

1.099ms to read data out in one request

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: +3-4%

15,000 channels (~150kB)

1.121ms to read data out in one request

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: +4-5%

Speed Tests continued

TwinCAT (test performed on 6/20/2013)

This test was performed to see how generating **individual requests for each channel** can overload the TwinCAT system. In this example we specified the memory location for each channel, instead of requesting one large memory region as above. This method proved to be too taxing on the TwinCAT system, so we do not recommend using this mode. Compare to the above performance figures.

1000 channels

1.306ms to get data for all channels

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: +20%

4000 channels

1.483ms to get data for all channels

TwinCAT System Real Time Usage: +60-80%

EPICS record transfer *(test performed on 7/30/2013)* It takes ~1.33s to process 1,000,000 records Thus in a 10ms cycle it can process ~7500

records