

Refining the Search for Sub-threshold LIGO SURF 2021

Storm Colloms
School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh

Mentors: Alvin K. Y. Li,
Alan Weinstein
LIGO Laboratory, California Institute of
Technology



Table of Contents

I. Background Lensing?? Waveforms?? Sub-threshold??

II. Problem

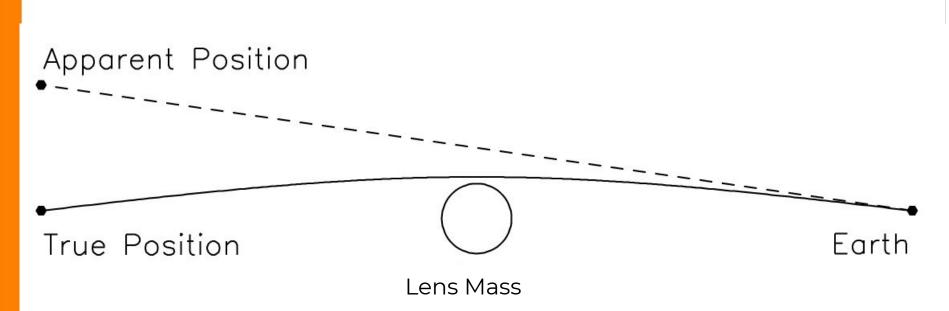
III. Solution

IV. What next



Change in:

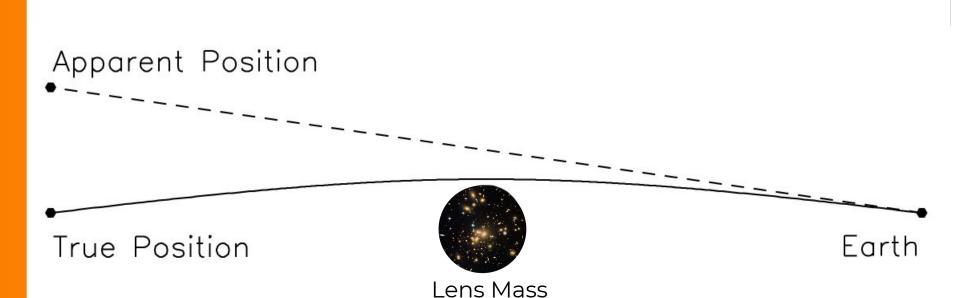
apparent position





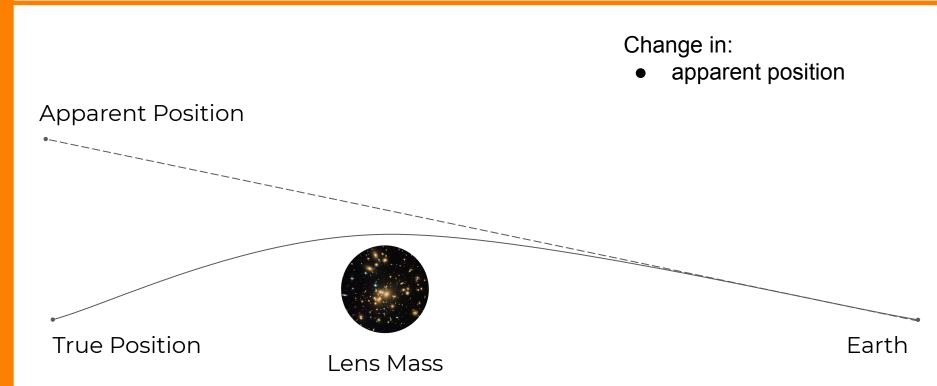
Change in:

apparent position

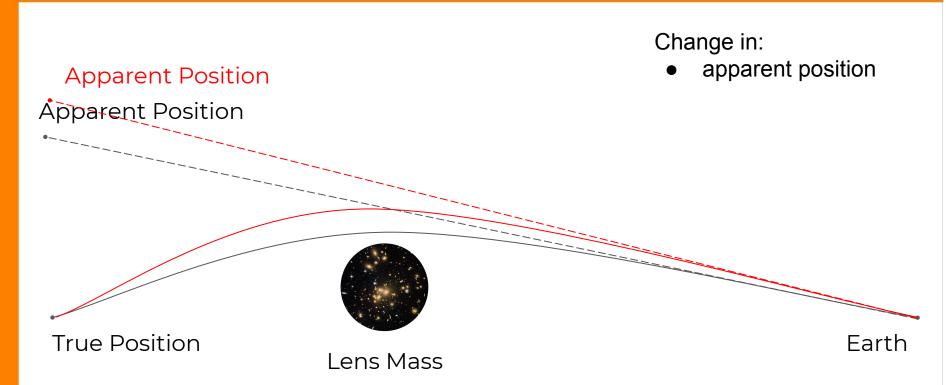


LIGO SURF 2021

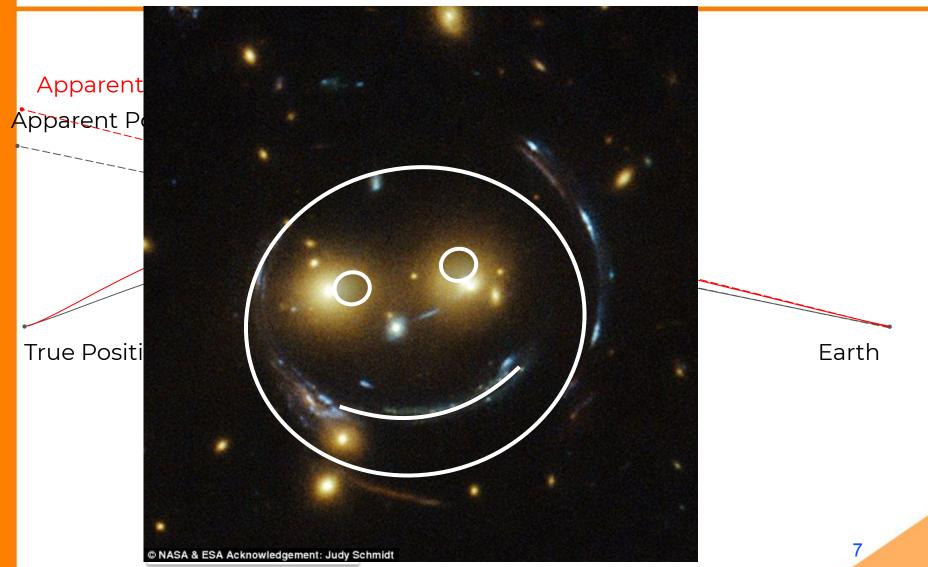






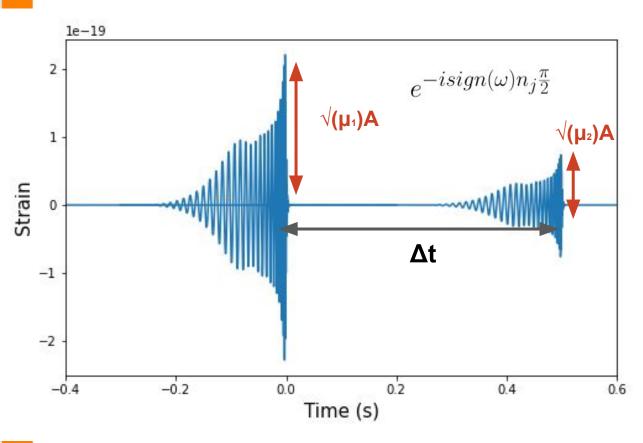








What is Lensing Of GWs?

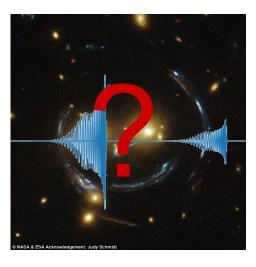


Change in:

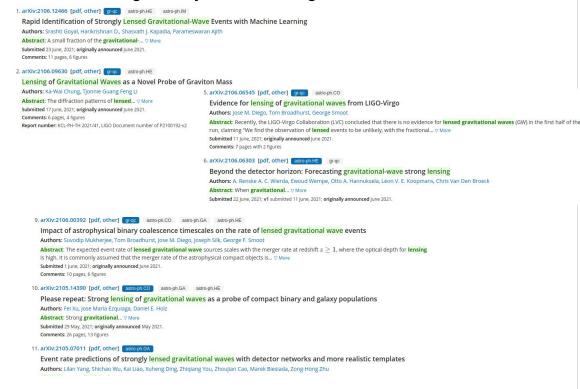
- apparent position
- arrival time
- amplitude
- morse phase

Why look for Lensing of Gravitational Waves?

1. Not yet seen in Gravitational waves...



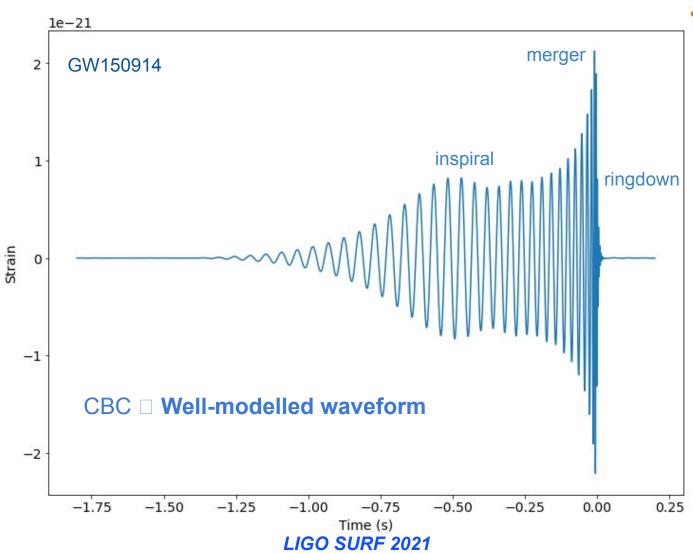
2. Although everyone is looking...



3. Can constrain important values for cosmology and the structure of the local Universe...

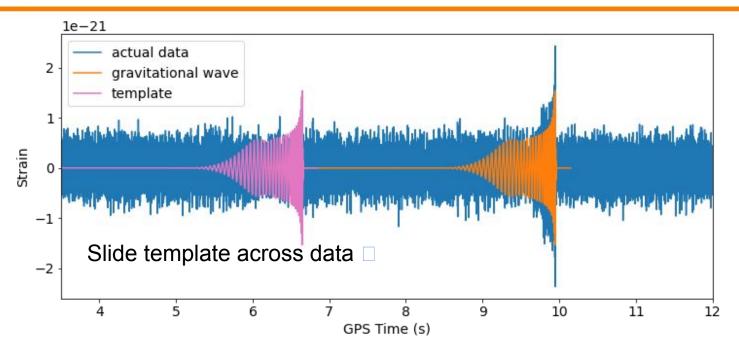


What is a Waveform?





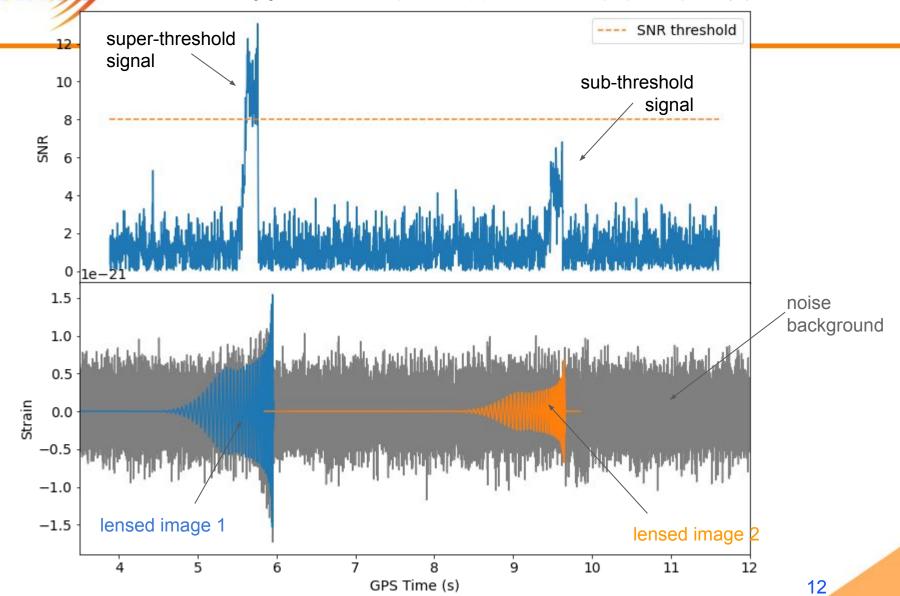
What is a Matched Filtering?



Measure the **correlation** between data and template to get **SNR**

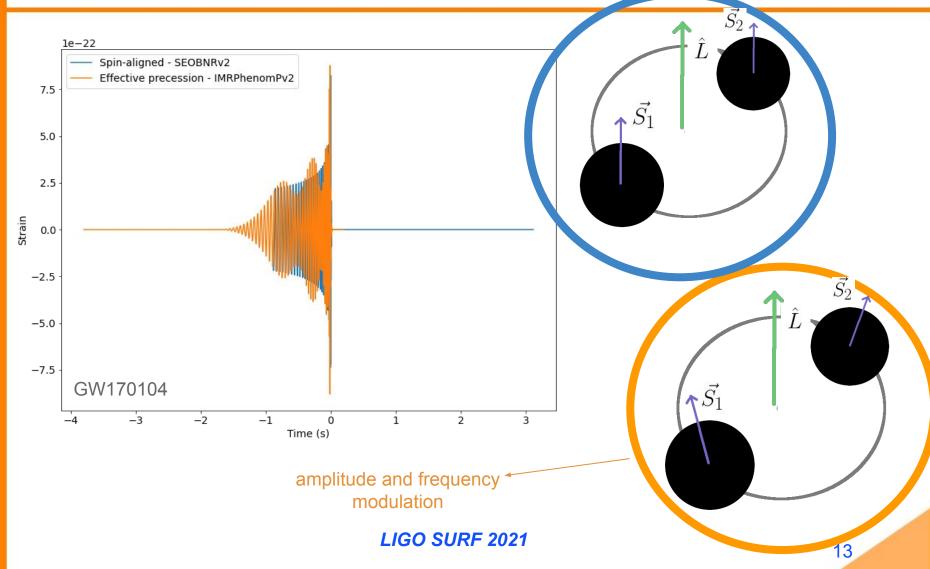
VIRGO

What is Sub-threshold?





What is a waveform family?





What is a waveform family?

Spin Aligned, e.g. SEOBNRv2, IMRPhenomD

Can include Precession, e.g. IMRPhenomPv2

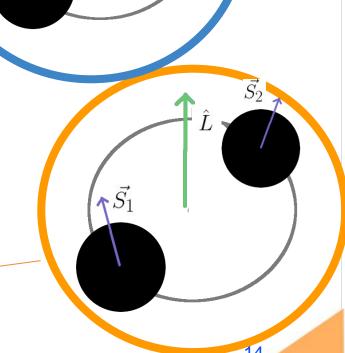
☐ Different waveform families used in different sub-threshold lensing pipelines

GstLAL pipeline: spin-aligned waveforms

PyCBC pipeline: considers precession

amplitude and frequency modulation

LIGO SURF 2021





What is the motivation?

"You might lose potential candidates due to the waveform families you are using in the pipeline!"



"You should consider the differences between waveform families!"





What is reality?

 All O1, O2, and O3a super-threshold events have been recovered from sub-threshold lensing searches with both spin-aligned and precessing waveforms

□ Evidence that the waveform family does not alter the chances of detecting a **super-threshold** gravitational wave



What am I doing?

 How to find out if waveform family does not alter the search pipeline for finding sub-threshold signals?

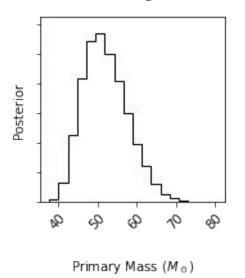
□What I'm working on:

Finding the **match** between O1 and O2 events plotted with **spin-aligned** and **non-spin aligned** waveform families



Waveform Matching - Method

 Load in essential parameter posterior samples found with both spin aligned and non-spin aligned waveform families from previous analyses, find sample with the maximum log likelihood



Intrinsic parameters:

masses (m_1, m_2) , spins (\vec{S}_1, \vec{S}_2) ,

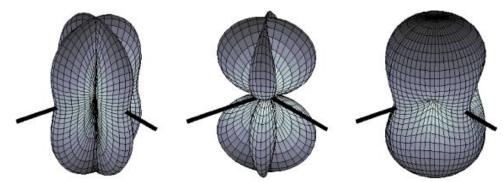
Extrinsic parameters:

time (t_c) , reference phase (φ_c) , sky position (α, δ) , distance (d_L) , orbital orientation (θ_{Jn}, ψ) ,



Waveform Matching - Method

2. Include Antenna Pattern function: how the strain appears in the detector



$$F_{+}(\zeta, \Phi, \Psi) = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos^{2}\zeta)\cos 2\Phi \cos 2\Psi - \cos\zeta \sin 2\Phi \sin 2\Psi$$

$$F_{\times}(\zeta, \Phi, \Psi) = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos^{2}\zeta)\cos 2\Phi \sin 2\Psi + \cos\zeta \sin 2\Phi \cos 2\Psi$$

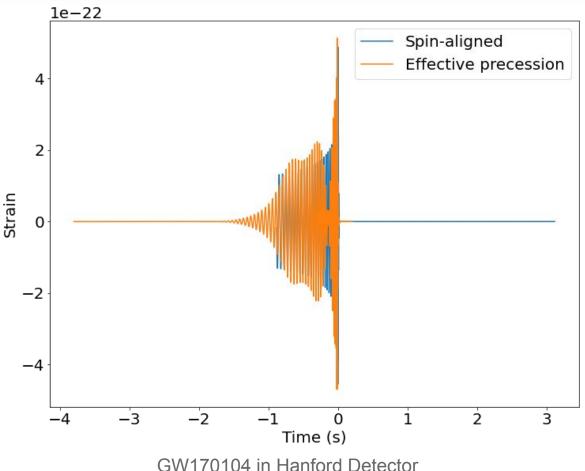
antenna pattern function depends on sky location, polarisation angle

total strain =
$$F_+(\zeta, \Phi, \Psi)h_+(t) + F_\times(\zeta, \Phi, \Psi)h_\times(t)$$



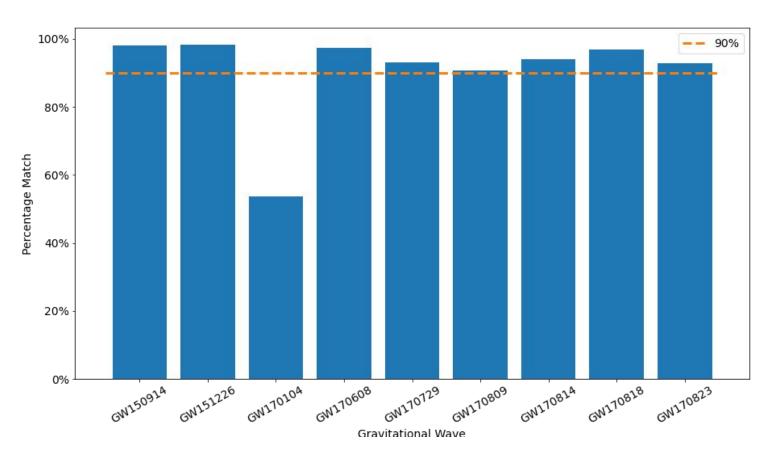
Waveform Matching - Method

3. Find the **match** between the strain for spin-aligned and precessing waveforms in each of the Hanford and Livingston detectors





Waveform Matching - Results



All above 90% match! Well, apart from GW170104..... evidence for precession?

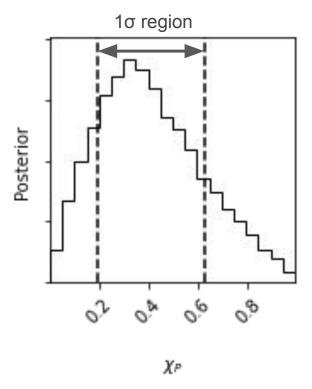


 If GW170104 is really precessing > SNR loss for aligned spin waveform



 If there is large uncertainty in precession (very likely) then either waveform should be suitable, not necessarily SNR loss



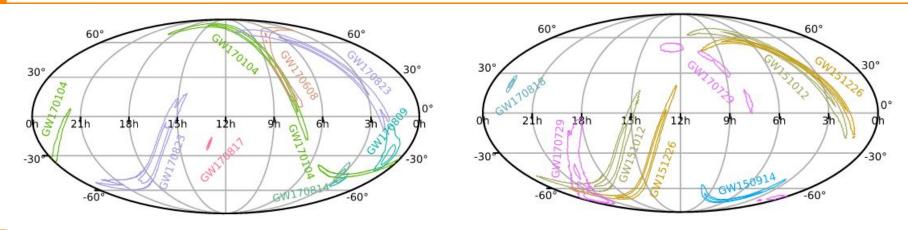


Effective precession spin parameter Posterior Distribution of GW170104

LIGO SURF 2021



Next Steps - Fundamentals



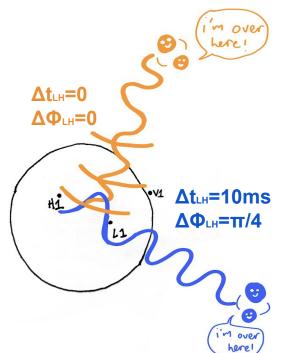
- Lensed images will come from approximately the same sky area
- Can rank lensed candidates higher based on their sky locations



Next Steps - Ranking

 $\mathcal{L} = \frac{Probability\ the\ that\ data\ is\ is\ a\ true\ signal}{Probability\ that\ the\ data\ is\ noise}$

Log Likelihood Ratio - Ranking Statistic



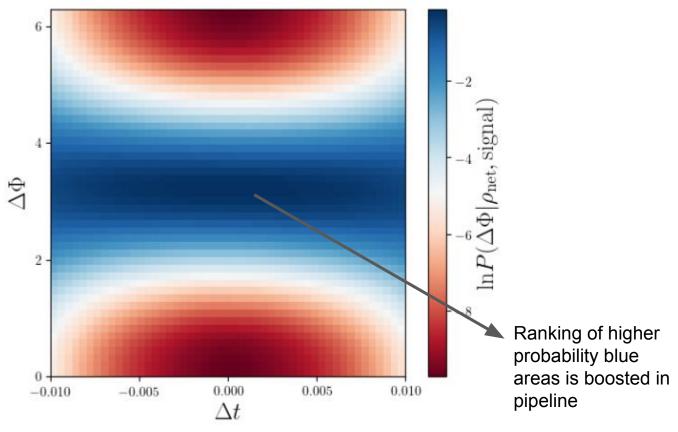
Both depend on Δt and $\Delta \Phi$: the difference in arrival time and arrival phase between 2 detectors [1]

 $\Box \Delta t$ and $\Delta \Phi$ both depend on the sky location of the source!



Next Steps - Ranking

2D Probability distribution for $\Delta\Phi$ and Δt considering signals across the whole sky:



But what if we constrain the sky location....?

LIGO SURF 2021



Next Steps - Objectives

- Figure out how the PDF of ΔΦ and Δt changes when considering a smaller sky location
- Implement this new constraint on ΔΦ and Δt into the search pipeline to target the search based on the sky location of the super-threshold event
- Thus boost ranking of lensed counterparts with similar sky location to the target



References

[1] S. Sachdev, S. Caudill, H. Fong et. al. "The gstlal search analysis methods for compact binary mergers in advanced ligo's second and advanced virgo's first observing runs," (2019), arXiv:1901.08580



Questions?



Extra Slide - GW170608 in Hanford

