



# Status of LIGO Hanford Observatory

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GWANW2023





- O4 started on May 24 by LHO, LLO, KAGRA
- 18 months observation + 2 months break
- Virgo continues commissioning and will join in fall
- KAGRA joined for a month and will rejoin in next spring with better sensitivity



## LIGO Sensitivity improvement in O4



- LHO: 130-140 Mpc (LLO: 140-160 Mpc)
- High frequency: high power, more squeezing
- Low frequency: frequency dependent squeezing, technical noise reduction



## LHO noise budget



• High frequency: quantum

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- Mid frequency: quantum, jitter, coating thermal
- Low frequency: unknown noise, ASC/LSC







- 75 W input power, 430 kW arm circulating power
  (O3: 34 W input power, 200 kW arm circulating power)
- Pre-stabilized laser upgrade
- Test mass replacement
- Damping of parametric instability

## LIGO Pre-stabilized laser upgrade



- Seed laser (NPRO): 2 W
- Amplifier (2 neoVAN-4S-HP): 2 W → 140 W (O3: 70 W)



J. Driggers

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### Test mass replacement

- Replacement of ITMY to remove point absorbers which limit the high power operation
- After the replacement, PRG improved from 43 to 57 for ~40 W input power
- Beam jitter coupling was reduced

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155 um







## LIGO Damping of parametric instability



- PI ring up in O4: 10.4 kHz, 80.3 kHz
- Active PI damping by electrostatic driving of test masses



#### 80 kHz PI by COMSOL simulation

#### A. Brooks





- Thermalization of interferometer (sideband buildup, SRCL detuning, cross coupling of LSC)
- Sensitivity degradation at low frequency
- Less stability?

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Ongoing discussion of 75W vs 60W



## Squeezing upgrade



 O3: increase of quantum radiation pressure noise, squeezing level ~3dB

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 Upgrade in O4: frequency dependent squeezing with 300 m filter cavity, low loss Faraday isolator, active mode matching

### Key components



• 300 m filter cavity

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- Low loss Faraday isolator
- Piezo-deformable mirror for active mode matching



# **LIGO** Frequency dependent squeezing



- Reduction of quantum radiation pressure noise has been realized
- 4dB squeezing at 1kHz
- BNS range improved from 120 Mpc (no sqz) to 140



# LIGO Technical noise reduction



- Scatter noise: removal of window between HAM 5/6
- Camera servo: no alignment dither system
- ASC noise: improvement of ASC







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• To increase BNS range significantly, it is important to reduce the technical noise at low frequency





• 75W vs 60W

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- Improvement of sensitivity, duty cycle
- Investigation of unknown noise
- Plan of commissioning break

Next step